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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

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VOL XXI NO 275 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1933 TWELVE PAGES

COTTON DELEGATES CLINCH ISSUE

Out Of The Gloaming.

Dr. Shafaat Ahmed Khan told an interviewer that the J. P. C. members were impressed with the Indian case. That seems to be the reason why they put in more safeguards. The impression was rather overdone.

* * * *

In the meantime the Professor swore the "constitutional agitation for substantial changes" will continue. He began the campaign with a dinner to Sir Samuel Hoare, and will no doubt carry it on with the same constitutional methods.

* * * *

The Lucknow Professor told Sir Samuel that "He went on with the task of restoring law and order, and establishing peace, a task which was almost impossible, etc." Not almost but quite impossible.

* * * *

Sir Abdur Rahim was not very hopeful, perhaps due to his experience in the Bengal executive council. He said the W. P. constitution might be worked with advantage. But he knows it can't be.

* * * *

Mr. A. H. Ghaznavi with his warlike traditions behind him praised Lord Willingdon's "statesmanship in maintaining a calm atmosphere in India." But Haig has been left out! It is this fear of injustice which makes the I. C. S. demand more pay and safeguards!

* * * *

Sir Herbert Samuel feared that Mr. Churchill and his friends had strayed from the path of reason. That's what they all do when their thoughts turn to India and the pagoda tree.

* * * *

The Government of India have decided to have an economic survey of India and two Britishers will have three Indians associated with them. We can reel off their names at once, just to remind Government that Barkis willin'.

* * * *

There is Sir J. C. Coyajee, whose services were recognised with a knighthood; Dr. Hyder who has not had a committee or commission for some months now; and Dr. Shafaat Ahmed Khan. We guarantee their fullest co-operation.

* * * *

Said old man Baldwin: "It is when Ministers are weak, confused and divided that trouble may arise." Not in India. Trouble arises here if the Ministers are NOT "weak, confused and divided." The Services are strong enough for both.

* * * *

Baldwin continued: "When Ministers do not know the right thing to do, masterly passivity may be the Civil Servants wisest course." That'll create some laughter in the clubs.

* * * *

There is a fresh Disarmament Crisis. Somehow the Disarmament Conference flourishes on these crises. It has to live up to its reputation. One day, a Disarmament crisis will create a War and give the Conference another lease of life.

* * * *

Viscount Galway said in the Lords that the most effective safeguard was Indian belief in Britain's goodwill and sincerity. But that is India's safeguard; British safeguards are all in the White Paper, in black and white.

* * * *

Since India is a spiritual country—all the Excise Ministers are strenuously helping its upward trend—India is content to have these moral safeguards. It is Britain's shame that she is not so advanced spiritually.

* * * *

Mr. B. Das (of 1s. 6d. ratio) said in the Assembly that America was in a mess because it had devalued the dollar. Timely warning to Schuster not to get into a mess.

* * * *

Schuster didn't take the warning and blurted out the hope that America wouldn't put more difficulties in the way of Indians selling their goods. He has nothing to worry about on that score. His one big difficulty does everything.

* * * *

From our Post-bag.

"After completing the school course, I had no work and ample leisure. I thought it advisable to send some essays to periodicals and newspapers in my broken english."

We think it advisable he should go back to school and mend his broken esglish. We are not language repairers.

Enough Of Proposals And Counter-Proposals!

Optimism Looms Large On Both Sides

Determination To Settle Matters Finally At Next Meeting

NEW DELHI, Nov. 22.

Considering that the Government of India had been paying special attention to the Indo-Japanese negotiations in the last few days, it is surmised that to-day's meeting was convened to review the matter and to approve of the proposals of the Indian delegates in reply to the Japanese statement made at the last meeting.

BOTH OPTIMISTIC

The Japanese side is optimistic on the ground that the latest Japanese proposals should be acceptable to India as they go far to meet the Indian point of view. A similar opinion was expressed by the Indian side regarding the final proposals made by the Indian delegates last week.

ENOUGH OF PROPOSALS.

Another meeting of the delegations will shortly be convened and both the sides agree that they have had enough of proposals and counter proposals and that the matter must be brought to a head now and settled.—Reuter.

PRETENDER FOR KABUL

Aminjan Leaves In Company With Son Of Haji Of Torangzai

PESHAWAR, November 22.

All continues quiet in Kabul and the transborder territory but it is understood that some unrest is evident in the Suleman Khel and Herat areas.

Efforts are however being made to convince these tribes that safety of Afghanistan is in the hands of H.M. the King Zahir Shah.

Haji Nawab Khan, representative of the Afghan Government on the Indo-Afghan Commission which settled the disputes between Kurrum and Khost tribes during the last Summer and some of his companions are reported to be procuring allegiance from Mangals, Jadrans and other tribes of the Southern Province.

PRETENDER FOR KABUL.

Aminjah, a pretender under whose banner Lewani Fakir stirred up Bajur rising necessitating aerial operations left for Kabul with Badshah Gul, son of Haji of Torangzai. Badshah Gul is stated to have been instrumental in procuring the pardon of the Afghan Government for his past misdeeds.—A.P.

Look Out.... For Bombay's New.... Evening Paper

THE 'BOMBAY SENTINEL'

Edited by.....

B. G. HORNIMAN

13 KILLED IN AIR DISASTER

KHARKOV, Nov. 22.

Thirteen people including prominent air officials have been killed in airoplane disaster.—Reuter.

(Kharkav is a city in Russia with a populace of about two lakhs.)

NO COALITION WITH SOCIALISTS

Spanish Radical Leader's Threat To Retire

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

MADRID, Nov. 22.

The latest election returns show Right secured 184 seats and Left 164 including 59 Radicals 42 Socialists.

Radical leader, Lerroux declares he will not collaborate with Socialists in the campaign for second ballots and threatens to retire if Radicals insist on coalition.

BOMBAY'S HONOURED GUEST

Dr. Rabindranath Tagore is due to arrive in Bombay to-day by the Calcutta mail which reaches Victoria Terminus at 9 a.m. He will be received at the station by the Mayor of Bombay and the Reception Committee which has been specially formed with a view to help the illustrious visitor successfully to carry out his programme in Bombay, which includes an exhibition of the paintings of the Tagore school, a public lecture and dramatic performances, all in aid of the Vishvabharati University.

Tagore's Message To Bombay

SANTINIKETAN, November 20.

Dr. Rabindra Nath Tagore gave the following message to the "United Press" on the eve of his departure to Bombay in connection with the "Tagore Week" celebrations there:—

"I am proceeding to Bombay with a group of my pupils, boys and girls, to show to the people of Bombay and Ahmedabad the work that we have been doing in Art and Music at Santiniketan.

They will see what rhythm and color mean to us as educative and formative elements. I have hope that by visiting our shows and the Art Exhibition, the public will contribute to that moral and financial help, of which my institution stands so much in need."—"United Press".

SIND WORKERS & CONGRESS PLANS

KARACHI, Nov. 22.

Doctor Choitram has called an informal meeting of prominent Congress workers of Sind on Dec. 26 in Hyderabad (Sind) to consider the present political situation and the divergeance of opinion regarding Congress programme with particular reference to the demand of a meeting of the A.I.C.C.

Invitations for the meeting have been sent to a number of Congress workers throughout Sind.—A. P.

TAGORE RECEPTION COMMITTEE

We are requested to publish the following:—

The following names were inadvertently left out of the published list of the members of the Tagore Reception Committee:—

Dr and Mr. Row, Major and Mr. Bhatia, Mr. and Mrs. Sadanand, and Miss Reely Navalkar."

FIRE IN SUBURBAN BOOT FACTORY

Two Reported To Have Been Seriously Injured

A fire broke out on Wednesday evening in a leather tanning and boot factory at Jogeshwari, a Bombay suburb on the B.B. and C.I. Railway line, as a sequel to a boiler-burst in the Engine room.

Two men are reported to have been seriously injured.

The extent of the damage done to the property is not yet known.

New Delhi.—It is understood that certain Muslim members of the Assembly are negotiating with the rival sections of the Muslim League with a view to bringing about a fusion, on the occasion of the forthcoming session of the League in Delhi.—A.P.

Commons On India.

COL. WEDGWOOD INDICTS WHITE PAPER

Scheme Prevents Evolution Of Indian Nation

Opposes Butler's Motion For Re-appointment Of "Joint"

LONDON, Nov. 22.

In the House of Commons Mr. Butler proposing a motion for the appointment of Select Committee which is identical with that proposed on March 27 pointed out that the important problem of Burma is still outstanding. He said, it was desired to re-appoint the Committee as early as possible in order to make the best use of time before Christmas.

COMMITTEE'S RECORD.

Mr. Butler mentioned that the Select Committee had held 70 meetings. Twenty thousand questions have been asked of which over a quarter have been directed to Sir S. Hoare who has been in the witness box for over 75 hours. (Cheers).

Mr. Butler said the decision of Sir S. Hoare to appear before the committee was convincing proof of Government's determination not to conceal anything from the public while the diversity of witnesses called was evidence of the committee's determination to arrive at the truth.

Mr. Butler dwelt on the value of delegates' assistance and pointed out that they have been separated from their homes and businesses for three years and they had constituted themselves into the golden links between India and Britain.

WEDGWOOD'S OPPOSITION.

Col. Wedgwood opposing the motion declared that the White Paper scheme was, without a friend apart from India Office and possibly among the ex-Viceroys. He urged the only way to teach India a Self-Government was to begin with local Government.

Condemning communal representation, he believed that Hindus are unanimous in opposing the White Paper policy in that respect. Declaring it necessary to understand the Hindu opposition Col. Wedgwood asked what justice Hindus would get in the provinces where there was permanent Muslim majority. He contended there would be retaliation in other provinces and said the communal system constituted an atempt at permanently dividing the people of India and preventing the evolution of Indian nation.

Col. Wedgwood also criticised the scheme as favouring millionaires and princes and said nobody could contend that it was in the interests of the Indian people.

Sir Adrian Bailey declared that the rejection of the White Paper would jettison their position in India and trade relations with India for a long time.

CHURCHILL'S SUPPORTS.

Mr. Churchill associated himself with the tribute which the Premier paid to the Select Committee yesterday and while regretting that the Government had packed the Select Committee with an overwhelming majority of their own supporters, he did not reject the re-appointment of the Committee.

Mr. Churchill said, it would be a great pity to try to change the personnel after the committee had sat for so many months, examined so many witnesses and now there was nothing left for them "but to disagree on their own report."

(Message incomplete.)

ON TRACK OF TERRORISTS

Application Of Outrages Act To Be Extended To Mymensingh

CALCUTTA, November 22.

A Gazette Extraordinary announces the extension of the application of the Suppression of Terrorist Outrages Act to Mymensingh District, the provisions of which empower the District Magistrate to restrict the movements of and communications with absconders or terrorists.

CHITTAGONG BAN.

The Calcutta Gazette announces prohibition of letting off of bombs and fireworks in Chittagong Town for a further period of two months as this is likely to cause obstruction to the authorities responsible for the preservation of public tranquility.—A.P.

NEWS ON OTHER PAGES

	Pages.
Bus Smash At Bandra	3
M.C.C.'s Towering Rally ..	4
Forgery Charge On Hindu	5
Latest Commercial News ..	6
Besant's Memorial	8
Black Flag For Mahatma..	9
Financial Advisor Resigns..	12
Currimbhoy's Account Books	12

RUGBY UNION

Results Of Principal Matches Played On Wednesday

LONDON, Nov. 22

The following are the results of the principal matches played under Rugby Union rules to-day:—

Devon 15 Royal Navy 11 at Plymouth.

Cambridge Univedsity 17 Edinburgh University 7.—Reuter's Special.

STOP PRESS

LOSS TO VOLKART BROS.

KARACHI, Nov. 22

The report of a big blaze at Mirpurkhas (Upper Sind) has been received.

It is understood, about 50,000 maunds of cotton stocked at Edulji Dinshaw factory run by Volkart Brothers has been damaged the loss being estimated over two lakhs of rupees.

The cause of the fire is not known.—A. P.

TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word.

Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No.—The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under: "Box No.—The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

8. MATRIMONIAL.

Wanted—An accomplished Madhwa Brahmin Bride for a good-earning man in big City. No dowry. Carnatics preferred. Apply to Box No. 1564, "Bombay Chronicle.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted Managers, Cashier, Clerks on graded salaries, Securities essential. For particulars enclose Ans. 1-1/4. Royal Service Bureau, Meerut. (1549).

Wanted—Immediately an experienced Compounder. One who has worked in Chemist's Shop need apply. Bill & Co., Chemists and Druggists, Dadar, (1565).

12. TO BE LET.

Airy, well lighted, Double and Single suit of rooms, with independent Water and electric Supplies, only for respectable families at Casum Mitha's New Buildings, near B.B. Lower Parel Rly. Station, rents from Rs. ten to thirty. Apply Care Taker, or Phone 20656 after 2-0 p.m. (1506).

14. HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

To Let—To Madrasi or Malayalee Brahmins one fancy three-room flat, in Raval Building, Hindu Colony, Near Tilak Bridge, Dadar, monthly rent Rs. 62/8. (1544.)

45. DOCTORS & NURSES.

Doctor wanted to manage or buy established Dispensary in Bombay Suburb. Low terms. Apply immediately Box No. 1567, "Bombay Chronicle."

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Avoid Unemployment by training yourself Commercially. For Accounting, Auditing, Banking and Secretarial Careers, write to Batliboi's Accountancy Training Institute, Navsari Building, Hornby Road, Bombay. (1547).

74. AGENCIES WANTED

Applications are invited from persons desiring to take up the Selling Agency of the "Bombay Chronicle" Daily and Sunday Editions, particularly at Rajahmundry, Malegaon, Barnagar, Ratlam, Larkhana, Mirpurkas, Sd. Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Manmad, Dhond, Pandharpur, Raichur, Balapur, Ernakulam, Dharmavaram, Trivandrum, Bezwada, Cochin, Coimbatore, Cocanada Guntur, Nidadavole, Palghar, Ongole, Ottapalam, Samalkot, Salem, Katni, Meerut, Agra, Kamptee, Seoni, Saugor, Ajmer, Harda, Mysore, Anantapur, Nandura, Dehra Dun, Honawar, Delhi Simla, Wardha-Castle, Rapt Arvi, Ellichpur, Hingangnat, Kamptee, Pithapuram, Madras, Adoni, Nellore, Gwalior, Mhow Sangli, Satara. Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle", Co., Ltd., P. O. Box No. 322, Bombay.

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

A Bargain—Norwegian Glazed Newsprint paper 30" x 40"—50lbs. and 35" x 45"—62lbs. For Sale at one Anna and Six Pies per pound. Apply "Bombay Chronicle" Co. Ltd.

76. TRADE FORECASTS.

American Cotton Figures — A Dream. To-day and To-morrow Figures for To-day and To-morrow are revealed to me in a dream. Make up all your losses on this most rare chance. They will never fail. Fees:—To-day and To-morrow Rs. 5. Time 9 A.M. to 8 P.M. New York Cotton Office, Lamington Road Corner, opposite A-1, Chapsi Building, 1st Floor. (1562).

85. ENGINEERS.

Wanted First-class Engineers Experienced Ginning Factories. Apply personally with certificates Royal Service Agency, 369-371, Hornby Road, Nanabhai Lane. (1566).

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion
1st Insertion ..	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion ..	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion ..	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions ..	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

TENDERS FOR ANSWER-BOOKS.

SEALED TENDERS for the supply, before the end of February, 1934, of Answer-Books and blotting papers as detailed below, for the University Examinations in 1934 are invited:—

5,50,000 Answer-books.

50,000 Answerbooks with two graph papers.

100 Reams of blotting paper.

2. Each Answer-book should contain 7 leaves of foolscap folio size, numbered and ruled on one side only in addition to one front-page of instructions, each page to contain 24 blue ruled lines. The book should have one punched hole at the left hand top corner.

3. The paper to be used for the Answer-books should be at least 17lbs. Double Foolscap cream laid of good quality and of INDIAN MANUFACTURE. The weight of a ream of the blotting paper should be about 34lbs., and the blotting paper should also be of INDIAN MANUFACTURE.

4. Quotations should be forwarded to the Registrar, University of Bombay, Esplanade Road, Bombay IN SEALED COVERS, superscribed "TENDER FOR ANSWER-BOOKS, ETC." so as to reach him not later than the 15th December, 1933. Further information can be had from the undersigned.

By Order,
S.R. DONGERKERY,
University Registrar.

Bombay,
13th November, 1933. 7488.

Public Notices

THE BOMBAY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at the Bombay Life Building, 45-47, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay, on SATURDAY, the 2nd December, 1933, at 4 P. M. (S.T.) for the purpose of considering, and if thought fit, of passing with or without modifications the following resolutions as Extraordinary Resolutions that is to say—

1. 'That the provisions of the Company's Memorandum of Association with respect to its objects be altered by making therein the additions and substitutions particularised in the Schedule 'A' (Copy whereof is sent to the Shareholders along with the Notice), and the Directors are hereby authorised to apply to the Court to confirm the said Resolutions under Act VII of 1913.'
2. 'That Articles of Association of the Company be and the same are hereby further altered by making therein the additions, amendments and substitutions as particularised in the Schedule 'B' (Copy whereof is sent to the Shareholders along with the Notice.)'

And further Notice is hereby also given that a further Extraordinary General Meeting of the Share holders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, at 45-47, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay on TUESDAY, the 19th day of December, 1933, at 4 P.M. (S.T.) for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Proceedings of the above-mentioned meeting and if thought fit of confirming the above Extraordinary Resolutions as Special Resolutions.

By Order of the Board,
J.L. MEHTA,
Manager.

Bombay, 15-11-'33.

N.B.—The Schedules 'A' and 'B' above referred to can be inspected at the Office of of the Company during the Office hours.

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the letting of the advertising space on the outer side of the galvanised iron fencing surrounding the H.O.H. Fete Enclosure on the Esplanade Maidan. The total space available is 45,000 square feet. The height of the fence is 10 feet. Tenders will close at the H.O.H. Offices at 6 p.m. on MONDAY, the 27th November, 1933. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Fence," sealed and deposited in the Tender Box, provided, addressed to "The Chairman, H.O.H. Fete Committee, Esplanade Maidan, Bombay." The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted. The successful Tenderer will be required to execute a Bond that he will carry out the Contract.

J.B. BOMAN-BEHRAM,
Chairman,
H.O.H. Fete Committee.

Bombay, 21st Nov. 1933. 7517.

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that my clients Messrs. POHOOMULL BROS. (India), have been trading, 'inter alia,' in the name and under the style of "INDIAN ART MUSEUM" near Carnac Bridge, Bombay, since July, 1931. My clients have got the said trade name registered on 21st September 1933. Any one imitating the said trade name will do so at his risk.

Dated this 22nd day of Nov. 1933.

(Sd.) TULSIDAS A. KARANI,
Attorne for Messrs. Pohoomull Bros. (India). 7518.

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

INSOLVENCY NO. 375 of 1932.

Re: CHOTALAL GIRDHARLAL SHA, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Girgaum, a Manager in the employ of the Midland Trading Co., at Mani Mansion, Girgaum Back Road and also at Anand District Kaira .... An Insolvent.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the abovenamed Insolvent has applied to the Court for his discharge and that the Court has fixed the 6th February, 1934 at 11 o'clock in the forenoon for hearing the application.

Dated this 20th day of Nov. 1933.

K.A. BHOJWANI,
Insolvency Registrar.
7519.

Public Notice

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

STORES DEPARTMENT

Tenders for the annual supplies will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay for the year ending 28th February 1935 on the dates mentioned below against each group.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Office, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, not later than 1 P.M. (Bombay Time). All Tenders must be enclosed in a sealed envelope which must be endorsed, "Tenders for ....."

Schedule Nos.	Description.	Tender Deposit.
	MONDAY, 4th DECEMBER, 1933.	Rs.
1	Ammonia and Calcium Chloride	40
2	Baskets, Bamboo, of Sorts	200
3	„ Cane & Cane ..	600
4	Belting, Patent ..	150
5	„ Leather ..	40
6	Bins, Sanitary ..	140
7	Bolts with Nuts, Hexagonal Heads ..	70
8	Bolts with Nuts Snap Head, Square Neck ..	20
9	Brooms, Goa ..	450
76	Tubes and Tyres for Motors and Bicycles ..	150
77	Tyres, Solid, Band ..	650
78	„ „ Giant ..	1,500
70	Soap & Soda ..	400
92	Sundry Hand-made articles ..	350
14	Charcoal and Firewood	350
92A	Clothing, etc., to K. E. M. Hospital ..	300
	MONDAY, 11th DECEMBER, 1933.	
16	Enamelware, Lampware, etc. ..	100
17	Electric Goods, Cables and Wires ..	250
18	Electric Goods, Lamps	250
19	„ Accessories ..	100
20	Ceiling Fans (Electric)	200
21	Desk „ „ ..	100
50	Oils, Castor, Cocoanut & Sweet ..	250
51	Oil, Kerosene ..	900
53	Oils	250
84	Timber (Country Teak)	400
85	„ (Teakwood, Moulmein) ..	600
86	Timber Miscellaneous	1,000
104	Galvanized Pipes ..	300
105	„ Fittings ..	300
106	Ferrules, Cocks and Taps, etc.	300
	MONDAY, 18th DECEMBER, 1933.	
25	Ladders, Bamboo ..	10
26	Hardware (General) ..	70
27	„ (Special) ..	50
34	Metal (Sheets, Iron, Corrugated & Plain) ..	100
35	Metals, Copper, Brass, etc.	150
36	Steel, mild, Plates ..	250
37	„ „ Angles & Tees	50
38	„ „ Flat ..	150
39	„ „ Round, Square, etc. ..	150
103	Disinfectants ..	900
41	Miscellaneous Stores, Sundry Items	70
42	Miscellaneous Stores, Special Items ..	250
43	Miscellaneous Stores, Wooden Articles ..	30
44	Miscellaneous Stores, Galvanized Iron & Tin articles ..	40
	FRIDAY, 5th JANUARY, 1934.	
45	Motor Accessories ..	130
46	Nails for Bullocks Shoes, Pins & Shoes ..	250
47	Nails of Sorts, & Tacks	50
109	Lead, Pig	400
49	Nuts, Rivets and Washers	50
29	Hardware (Ghamelas or Mortar Pans) ..	40
51A	Oil, Compressor ..	50
30A	Rainwater & Soil pipes, bends, etc.	50
52	Oil, Linseed & Turpentine	100
30	Hardware (Wire of Sorts)	30
101	Blankets or Cumblees	350
54	Grease, etc.	350
55	Oils, Miscellaneous ..	150
56	„ Lubricating ..	170
99	Coats, Water-proof ..	350
	MONDAY, 8th JANUARY, 1934.	
57	Paint, Varnish, etc. ..	50
58	„ Moist	150
59	Packing	160
60	Paulin Canvas	200
79	Waste, Cotton	400
81	Iron Castings, Special (Water Works) ..	350
82	Iron Castings, Ordinary (Water Works) ..	300
63	Oil, Furnace	900
64	Rope, Coir & Rubber, Hand	200
66	Rubber Goods	70
83	Iron Castings, Ordy. Test Selected Drge. articles ..	900
68	Shafts, Wooden, for Picks & Powras & Poles, Nowgany ..	80
69	Vent Shafts, etc., Galvanized	60
	MONDAY, 15th JANUARY, 1934.	
15	Cloth, Dungree ..	120
71	Shipchandlers' Stores	50
72	Spindles and Glands, Gunmetal	70
73	Steel, Cast	30
74	Tools, Sundry	50
110	Hose, Canvas	1,500
10	Brushes	50
11	„ Sweeping, 3 Heads	90
12	Buckets, Galvanized ..	40
61	Pitch & Tar	70
80	Yarn, Spun	100
62	Plumbers' Stores ..	20
65	Line and Rope, Cotton	20
67	Screws of Sorts ..	20
	MONDAY, 22nd JANUARY, 1934.	
22	Files and Rasps ..	40
23	Globes, for Hurricane Lanterns	20
24	Lanterns tin	70
87	Bed Sheets	80
88	Blankets, Cotton ..	40
89	Cloth, Bandage ..	30
90	„ Oil & Rubber Sheeting ..	70
91	„ pieces & Ready-made articles ..	150
13	Canvas	100
93	Havildars', Naiks', Drivers', etc. clothing	250
94	Jamadars', Linemen's, etc., clothing ..	300
95	Fire Brigade Staff's clothing ..	200
96	Vaccination Karkoons', Coolies' etc. clothing	150
97	Boots and Putties ..	300
98	Clothing, Ready-made Articles, General ..	200
100	Coats, Woollen ..	100
	MONDAY, 29th JANUARY, 1934.	
102	Umbrellas	130
40	Mats and Matting, Bamboo and Coir ..	100
31	Leather Goods ..	50
32	„ Hide, Country ..	70
33	Locks, Brass and Iron	50
107	Picks & Powras ..	100
48	Nose Strings ..	30
75	Tools (Augers & Spanners) ..	20
111	Hose, I. R., Lined ..	250
28	Hardware (Aldrop Bolts, Hasps, etc.) ..	20

(1) Tenders and Contract forms will be issued to anyone deputed to receive them by the undersigned on payment of Re. 1 for a set of each agreement form and annas four -/4/- for a set of each Schedule. The required information will be given to the tenderer on an application to the undersigned. **Tenders will not be sent by V.P.P.**

(2) Tender deposit should not be enclosed in the sealed cover but should be separately paid in the Chief Accountant's Office.

(3) The names of all partners of the Contracting firms should be specified in the tender.

(4) The Tenderers have (a) to fill in the figures in the column of amounts, (b) to note the totals on each page, in case any schedules cover more than one page, and (c) to work out the final figures at the end of each Schedule. Any irregularity on this point may justify the rejection of the tender.

(5) Rates should be legibly written. Erasures or corrections in figures without tenderers' initials will render the tender liable to rejection.

(6) The would-be tenderers are at liberty to peruse the figures of actual supplies in the preceding three years in the office of the undersigned during office hours.

(7) All the samples in respect of tenders lodged in the manner prescribed above should be sent separately to the undersigned, giving reference to the tender for which they are meant.

(8) Tenderers wishing to give any particulars about the articles offered by them are particularly requested to write such particulars separately for each individual schedule and not embody them in one general letter.

(9) If any of the days fixed falls on a Public Holiday, the tenders should be delivered on the next working day.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,

Chief Storekeeper's Office,
566, DeLisle Road, Byculla,
BOMBAY No. 11.
1st November, 1933.

M. K. VARIAVA,
Chief Storekeeper.
6114

AUCTION SALES

GANDHI & CO.

Telephone No. 24927.

SALE THIS DAY AT 4-30 P.M., (S. T.).

AUCTION SALE OF A VERY VALUABLE PROPERTY AT SANKLI TANK NEW ROAD, BOMBAY.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will, under instructions from Messrs. Malvi Ranchhoddas & Co., Attorneys for Sheth Hirji Ghelabhai & others the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of Akbaralli Mulla Abdul Hussein & others the Mortgagors in pursuance of Indenture of Mortgage dated 21st July, 1921, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned Immoveable property THIS DAY, (THURSDAY), the 23rd November, 1933, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), on the premises.

All that piece of Salt Batty or Foras Land on the Northern side of Sankli Tank New Road containing 964 square yards inclusive of the passage or road nine feet in Breadth on the Eastern side of the said land registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Cadastral Survey No. 1/1762 Byculla Division and assessed by the Municipality under E. Ward No. 3971 (2) Street No. A/158 and bounded on the East by the said passage on the West by the sweeper's passage beyond which the property of Borah Jivaji Jafferji and others on the North by another property of Thaker Morarji and on the South by the said Sankli Tank New Road.

For further Particulars and Conditions of sale please apply to Messrs. Malvi Ranchhoddas & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees at 41, Medows Street, Fort or to the Undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.

N. Y. K. LINE

BOMBAY-JAPAN via COLOMBO & PORTS

Steamers	Tons.	Arrive	Leave
Penong Maru	5214	18 Nov.	26 Nov.
*Ginyo Maru	9000	1 dec.	12 Dec.
Calcutta Maru	5339	18 Dec	26 Dec
Tokiwa Maru	8972	18 Dec	28 Dec

*Passenger steamer with excellent accommodation and services £50 Return.

COLOMBO-JAPAN via PORTS

Steamers	Tons	Leave Colombo
Haruna Maru	10500	11 Dec
Katori Maru	10000	26 Dec
Kashima Maru	10000	9 Jan.

COLOMBO-MARSEILLES-LONDON

Steamers	Tons	Leave Colombo
Suwa Maru	10700	7 Dec
Fushimi Maru	11000	21 Dec.

HONGKONG-SAN FRANCISCO

Steamers	Tons	Leave Hongkong
Asama Maru	17000	10 Jan
Taiyo Maru	14500	24 Jan.

KOBE-SEATTLE via VANCOUVER

Steamers	Tons	Leave Kobe
Hiye Maru	11600	27 Dec
Heian Maru	11600	22 Jan.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA
Cox's Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.
Phone No 20279:
Telegrams: "YUSEN"

Osaka Shoshen Kaisha O. S. K. Line

REGULAR SERVICE To Japan Via SINGAPORE HONG-KONG & SHANGHAI

Steamer.	Arrival.	Departur
Havana Maru	10th Nov.	22ndNov.
Atlas „	25th „	10th Dec.
Shunko „	9th Dec.	23rd „
Argun „	24th „	8th Jan.
Yuki „	27th „	.....

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA LTD (Incorporated in Japan)
Raj Building Hornby Road Bombay.
Telegrams:—"Shosen."

Income Tax & Super Tax

Statutory Statement of Accounts Prepared. Audit of Books of Firms undertaken.
Telephone No. 22997.
B. L. THOSAR,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT,
495-497, Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY

THE EXCELSIOR

FROM SAT. 25TH NOV
FOR FOUR DAYS ONLY

SAT. 25TH NOV. AT 9-30 P.M.
SUN. 26TH NOV. AT 6-30 P.M.
MON. 27TH NOV. AT 9-30 P.M.
TUES. 28TH NOV. AT 6-30 P.M.

FIRST APPEARANCE IN BOMBAY OF

RABINDRANATH
TAGORE

With a cast of 35 Boys & Girls
(From Bengal, Gujrat & South India)
OF SANTINIKETAN
in
REDEMPTION
(SAP MOCHAN)
An original musical play by
TAGORE

A Festival of Song and Dance including dances from Manipur and South India

Plans Open—
Rs. 10, Rs. 7, and Rs. 5, seats can be reserved at the Theatre.

CHANGE OF PROGRAMME ON MONDAY & TUESDAY
KINGDOM OF CARDS
(TASHER DESH)

Proceeds will go to "Visva Bharati" the International Institution at Santiniketan.

They Recommend It
BECAUSE
They Liked It—
INDIA'S & PRABHAT'S
1st MULTI-COLOUR
MARATHI
Sairandhree
FEATURING
Miss LEELA; Miss SHAKUNTALA
Mr. NIMBALKAR; Mr. MANE
Master VINAYAK.
AT
MAJESTIC
CINEMA
GIRGAUM.
DAILY at 5-30; 8 and 10-30 P.M.
7th Crowdy Week!

SPECIAL MATINEES TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW AT 4 P.M.
The CARLTON
TO-DAY & TO-MORROW.
at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

1C
NEXT SATURDAY
SALLY EILERS
JAMES DUNN
IN
'HOLD ME TIGHT'

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 15 December, 2016

LAL BAUG MARKET CONTROVERSY AGAIN

City Fathers Protest Against Government Interference In Proposals Of Corporation

Why do Government interfere with the Municipal Corporation? Why has not the Municipal Commissioner given effect to the resolution passed by the Municipal Corporation?

These questions were asked by several members of the Standing Committee of the Municipal Corporation on Wednesday when consideration was gives to a letter from the Municipal Commissioner on that vexed question of the Lal Baug Market.

The Commissioner in his letter requested the approval of the Committee for the removal of unauthorised sheds erected by some stall holders at Garamkhada, Lal Baug, who have ceased to occupy stalls in the Lal Baug Market. The Commissioner recommended that the structures should be removed at the expense of the parties concerned.

This question came before the Standing Committee about three months ago and it was resolved to postpone consideration for three months. The Commissioner therefore once again brought that question after the expiry of three months on Wednesday.

Mr. L. R. Tairsee moved to postpone the consideration of the matter for a further period of three months. Mr. Tairsee asked the Commissioner why he had not given effect to the resolution of the Corporation to erect a new market in the locality.

GOVERNMENT INTERFERENCE.

The Commissioner said he had received a letter from the Government over which he was considering. The plans as well as the site for the market were approved by him.

Mr. Tairsee pointed out that as fifteen months had passed since the approval of the Corporation to erect another market in the Lal Baug locality, there was a lurking suspicion in the public mind that Government were interfering in the matter.

Other members also joined Mr. Tairsee and strongly objected to the interference of the Government with the Corporation resolution to erect another market.

The resolution to postpone the consideration of the Commissioner's letter to remove unauthorised structures was agreed to.

KURLA MUNICIPALITY LOSES SUIT

Magistrate Orders Refund Of Deposit And Payment Of Costs Of Appeal To Railway Administration

(From Our Correspondent.)

KURLA, Wednesday.

Judgment was delivered yesterday by Mr. V. M. Jadhav, the Resident Magistrate of Kurla, in an appeal, preferred by the Secretary of State for India-in-Council through the Agent of the G.I.P. Railway, contesting the notice of demand by the Kurla City Municipality on the railway administration for Rs. 44,385-6-0, being the amount of house and conservancy taxes for three years (1929-30, 1930-31 and 1931-32) in respect of railway properties situated within the municipal limits of Kurla. The Magistrate allowed the appeal.

His Worship, decided the appeal in favour of the Railway company and against the Municipality under section 110 of the Bombay City Municipalities Act of 1925.

The court ordered the municipality to refund the amount of Rs. 44,385-6-0 deposited by the appellant.

The magistrate then ordered the municipality to pay the costs of appeal amounting over Rs. 500 to the railway administration.

Mr. Colah, instructed by Messrs. Little and Co., appeared for the appellant, while Mr. Lawrie instructed by Messrs. Crawford Bailey and Co., for the respondent municipality.

KNOCKED DOWN BY BUS

Hindu Girl Dies From Injuries Received

Death due to shock as a result of the rupture of the bladder and fracture of the pelvis was the verdict returned by the Coroner's Jury at the inquest held on Wednesday over the body of a three-year old child named Draupadi.

The girl died in hospital on November 3, as a result of being knocked down by a B. E. S. T. bus on the Girgaum Road, while the girl was being carried across the road by her aunt. Both the aunt and the child received injuries, which resulted in the death of the young girl.

At the further hearing on Wednesday, it was stated by witnesses that the driver of the bus, while approaching Thakurdwar sounded the horn several times. The bus suddenly swerved to the right and then came to a standstill when it was discovered that an old woman and a young girl, had been knocked down.

After hearing the evidence, the Jury were of opinion the driver of the bus committed an error of judgment in swerving to the right when he saw the woman on the road and had he not done so the accident would not have occurred.

Air Conditioned THE REGAL To-night at 6-30 & 10 p.m.

The Theatre Magnificent

THE MOST DELIGHTFUL ROMANCE SINCE "THE MERRY WIDOW"

A SYMPHONY OF HUMAN EMOTIONS

A M G. M. Hit by the Director of "Rasputin and the Empress."

NEXT SATURDAY

ROBERT MONTGOMERY, ANN HARDING
MYRNA LOY, ALICE BRADY and
FRANK MORGAN

CITY AND SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu—Magsar Sud 6, 1990.

Muslim—Shaban 5, 1352.

Parsi—Khordad 18, 1303.

Sunrise 6h. 50m.

Sunset—6h. 0m.

Higtide—4-02, 16-12.

Lowtide—10-38, 22-00.

PHASES OF THE MOON: First Quarter 24th November, 1h. 8m. p.m. Full Moon 2nd December, 7h. 1m. a.m.

Last quarter 10th December, 11h 54m. a. m.

S S Stathand with English mails of November 9 due at 2 p. m.

Municipal Standing Committee 2-40 p. m.

Municipal Corporation 3-40 p.m.

FRIDAY, November 24.

Tagore Week: Exhibition of paintings by artists of the Tagore School and the arts and crafts of Kalabhavan and Shantiniketan. Town Hall, 9 a. m. to 8-30 p. m.

Municipal Standing Committee, 3-40 p.m.

Sir J J School of Art: Annual Exhibition of Students' Work to be opened by H. E. the Governor, 5-15 p. m.

H O H Fete: Display of Fireworks in aid of Government and Municipal hospitals. H E the Governor and Lady Sykes attending. Tsplanade Maidan 9-30 p. m. to 12-30 a. m.

SATURDAY, November 25.

Bombay Races: Second Day of Winter Meeting.

S S Viceroy of India with homeward mails sails at 1 p. m.

SUNDAY, November 26.

Three Arts' Circle: Special meeting. Dr. Kremin's discourse on "A trip through the Carpathians" Aiwani Rafat 5-30 p.m.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE

DEATH

Naidoo:—On the 19th November at Malad W. N. Naidoo, late of Grain Merchants' Association and Nensee Tejpal & Co., passed away, age 68 years.

NEW WADI SWADESHI BAZAR:—Mr. Paradkar will entertain in classical and light music to-day (Thursday) at the New Wadi Swadeshi Bazar.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS:—Clan Line Steamer "Clan Ogilvy" arrived at Suz on the evening of the 20th instant.

The O S. K. Steamer "Atlas Maru" left Colombo for Bombay on November 21 and is due to arrive in Bombay at daylight on November 25.

KARNATAK CHEMICAL WORKS:—The opening ceremony of the Bombay branch of the Karnatak Chemical and Pharmaceutical works (Udipi) will be performed to-day at 5-30 p.m. at Devkaran Mansion, 45, Princess Street.

SRI RAMANUJA SABHA:—The monthly Thirunakshathiram of "Pullai Lokacharlar and Thoopil Pillai will be celebrated to-day (Thursday) at 8 p.m at Room No. 11, Nanji Ladha Building, Matunga. G. I. P. Railway, near Kings Circle.

HINDI CLASS AT MATUNGA:—The Hindi class is conducted at Kanthi Building Lady Hardinge Road, Matunga (B. B C I) Classes are held on Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays from 8-30 to 9-30 p m. Sjt. K R Venkateswarar will teach.

NO TENDERS FOR STERLING: There were no tenders for sterling on Wednesday, £1 0.0 000 will be offered for tender on Wesnesday, the 29th inst. on the same conditions as previously announced.

POSTAL NOTICE:—Parcels for Germany direct per S. S. Wordenfels will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 p.m. on Thursday the 23rd November 1933.

BOMBAY TEACHERS' UNION.—Under the auspices of the Union Prof. G. R. Paranjpe of the Royal Institute of Science will deliver a service a series of four lectures for the benefit of Science Teachers at The Royal Institute of Science Physics Theatre, Room No. 2, at 6 p. m. begining to-day Thursday with "Raman Radiation" on Thursday ,November 30) on 'X rays' on Monday (December 4.) on 'The Thermionic Valve' and on Thursday (December 7.) on 'The Aplications of the Thermionic Valve.'

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

EXCELSIOR—"The Hatchet Man" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

EMPIRE—"Out All Night". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

IMPERIAL—"Mad Cap" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

CAPITOL—"Gold Diggers of 1933" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

CARLTON—"The Golden West". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

PATHE—"The Song of Songs" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

WELLINGTON—"The Merry Monarch" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

WEST END—"Easy Victim." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

GLOBE—"Branded Oath" Daily at 5, 8-15 and 10-30 p.m.

MAJESTIC—"Sairandhree." Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

ROXY—"The Only Girl" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

EDWARD—"Son of India" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

REGAL—"Storm at Daybreak." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

MINERVA—"Ramayan" Daily at 6-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

7-00 A. m.—Time Signal. Commercial Bulletin. Liverpool and New York Cotton Closing Rates.

12-00 p. m.—Noin Selection of Indian Music.

12-30 p. m. Selection of European Music.

1-00 p. m.—Bombay Market: Opening Rates.

5-30 p. m.—European Programme. Relay of Music from The Capitol Cinema.

(By kind permission of the Management.)

6-30 p. m.—Moments Musical by Richard Meredith.

6-45 p.m.—The Bombay Wireless Dance Orchestra in the latest hits.

7-45 p. m.—Cotton. Silver Gold Seeds Wheat. Stock Edchange and other Market Prices. European Programme.

8-30 p. m.—Empire Relay if Reception is Satisfactory.

9-30 p. m.—Weather Report and News Bulletin. Indian Programme.

9-10 p. m.—News in Hindi. New York Opening, Liverpool Closing and Bombay Current Rates. Popular Concert, Bai Sundarabai with Majid Khan Sarangi.

11-00 p. m.—Close Down.

EMPIRE BROADCASTING

7-30 p. m.—Time Signal from Big Ben. News Bulletin.

7-45 p. m.—Coventry Hippodrome Orchestra.

8-30 p. m. Time Signal from Greenwich. Evensong from Exeter Cathedral.

9-15 p. m.—Under Big Ben, a talk by Mr. Howard Marshall.

9-30 p. m.—An Interlcde.

9-35 p. m.—Midland Studio Orchestra.

10-30 p. m.—News Bulletin.

10-45 p. m.—Dance music by Jack Jackson and his Orchestra.

CURRENCY LEAGUE MEETING CANCELLED:—"The Public meeting of the citizens convened under the auspices of the Currency League of India at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall to-morrow (Friday) has been cancelled.

SREE GAUDIYA MATH

His Holiness Tridandi Swami B. V. Gavastinemi Maharaj will hold a religious discourse in Hindi on "Unalloyed Devotion from Srimad Bhagabatam" in the Math premises at Babulnath Road, Chowpatty, on Thursday at 6 P.M. (S. T.) The discourse will be preceded and followed by Sri Nam Sankirtanam. Public are cordially invited to attend.

PALESTINE MUSLIM UNIVERSITY. Under the auspices of Jamiat Shubban Al-Muslimeen, a public lecture will be delivered by Mr. Abdul Muttalib on "The Muslim University of Palestine" at the J. S M. Hall, 6, Manlar Building, Pydhoni to-day (Thursday) at 9 p m. (S T. Mr. Yousof Abdulla Fozan will preside.

RAHIMTULLA DISPENSARY:—The number of new patients treated at the Mahomedbhoy Rahimtulla Free Dispensary at Sandhurst Road for the week ended 18th November was 339, of these 225 were males and 114 females.

ADULT EDUCATION CLASSES: Professor P. A. Wadia will meet his students in civics to-day (Thursday) at 6-30 p. m. in the South Wing, University Buildings.

Professor D. B. Naik will meet his students in Electricity and Magnetism to-day (Thursday)(at 6-30 p. m. in the Wilson College.

TERRIBLE BUS CRASH AT BANDRA

Gets Out Of Control At Top Speed And Runs Over Child; Driver And Cleaner Get Pinned Under neath And Lady Passenger Injured

(From Our Correspondent.)

BANDRA, November 22.

Yesterday morning, a serious accident occurred on the Turner Road near the residence of Mr. G. M. Gupte when a bus, in trying to avoid a child, crashed into the compound wall.

It appears there were only two passengers when the bus left the Bandra Station for its destination. Just as the bus neared the Ghodbunder Road Junction, Mrs. D. Fernandes one of the passengers drew the attention of the driver to the high speed at which the bus was being driven. Hardly had the word passed her lips, when she felt a sudden jerk and saw the bus taking a sharp swerve. It appears the driver was trying to avoid running over a child.

But the bus got a bit out of control and crashed into the wall, opposite. Unfortunately neither the child nor the occupants of the bus escaped. The Parsi passenger scenting trouble at the critical moment, jumped out of the bus, whilst Mrs. Fernandes received severe injuries from the splintering glass. The driver and the cleaner were pinned under the bus and were removed to the hospital.

A. I. S. A. BOARD ELECTION

Qualifications For Candidates Notified

The Secretary, All-India Spinners' Association, Ahmedabad, writes:—

"According to the constitution of the All-India Spinners' Association, three members are to be elected for the Board of Trustees and the Executive Council for the year 1933-34. Only fully-paid up members of two years' standing on the 30th September, 1933 are entitled to be in the list of voters.

But such of the other members as have fully paid up the subscription up to 30th September, 1933, can come in the list of members entitled to stand as candidates only.

Lists of members entitled to stand or vote are now available at the office of the All-India Spinners' Association, Ahmedabad, the provincial branches of the Association, the A.I.S.A. Khadi Bhandar, 396, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay 2, and G Ward District Khadi Bhandar, Dadar. Members can obtain the same on application to any of these places. Written objection to the list will be received on or before the 15th of December, 1933."

LTARN HINDI AT LEISURE. The Hindi Prachar Sabha, Bombay have pleasure in informing the public that help is rendered to all those who wish to learn Hindi-Hindustani the common language of our country. Classes are being conducted at different parts of the city such as Fort, Kalbadevi, Girgaum, Gamdevi, Dadar, Parel and Matunga. More classes can be opened if there are enough people desirous of learning Hindi.

Further there are self-instructors and graded Readers with the help of which people can get enough knowledge of the language. Such books are available at the Sabha's Office. Enquiries can be made in the matter of Hindi Study to the Secretary, Hindi Prachar Sabha, Hari Building, Old Custom House Road, Fort, Bombay.

INSOLVENT SENT TO JAIL

Making False Entries To Diminish Creditors' Dividends?

Found guilty of making false entries fraudulently with the intention of diminishing the sum to be divided among his creditors, Khimchand Anupchand Mehta, an insolvent merchant and formerly a big operator on the Stock Exchange was sentenced to fifteen months' rigorous imprisonment by the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, on Wednesday.

The prosecution was ordered by Mr. Justice Wadia of the Bombay High Court as a sequel to the accused having made false entries in the course of insolvency proceedings.

The accused was charged under Section 103 of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act and found guilty on three counts on each of which he was awarded a sentence of 15 months' rigorous imprisonment the sentences to run concurrently.

BAR COUNCIL ELECTION

Mr. Manibhai P. Amin, Advocate (Original Side) is standing as a Candidate for the ensuing Bar Council Election to be held on December 22.

There will be a District Agricultural and Cattle Show at Nasik from December 23 to December 25. It has been organised by a Committee formed under the auspices of the District Panchvati Panjrapole with the Collector of Nasik as patron. The Show will consist of a number of sections.

ANJUMAN-I-SHUBAN-UL-MUSLEMEEN:—The annual general meeting of the Anjuman will be held on November 25 at 9 p.m. (B. T.) in the Anjuman's Hall at Crawford market Hajees Musafarkhana, to adopt the annual report and to elect office-bearers. Sait Hajee Mohamed Badshah will preside. Sayed Ibrahim Kaderi will deliver a lecture on "Why Muslims are backward."

PATHE THE FINEST CINEMA IN BOMBAY

THREE SHOWS DAILY 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

SECOND SUCCESSFUL WEEK

OF THE FINEST PICTURE OF THE SEASON

THRILL TO THE NEW

MARLENE DIETRICH

SHE WILL CAPTIVATE EVERYONE IN HER LATEST & BEST

The SONG of SONGS

ONE OF THE GREATEST LOVE STORIES EVER SCREENED

Book Right Now. Phone: 41561.

IT'S FUN TO KNOW

PEOPLE LIKE THE RIMPLEGARS!

THEY ARE A FANTASTIC FAMILY OF FIVE DOING ALL THE THINGS YOU WISH YOU HAD THE NERVE TO DO. . . UTTERLY MAD, BUT GOSH —AWFULLY HUMAN.

CLAUDETTE COLBERT

RICHARD ARLEN

MARY BOLAND

IN

"THREE CORNERED MOON"

A COMEDY THAT WILL MAKE YOU FORGET ALL ABOUT DEPRESSION.

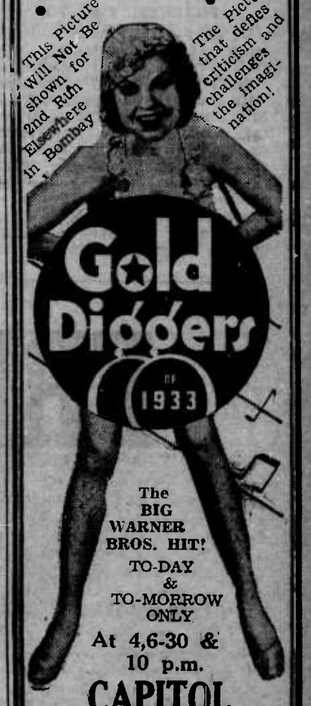
ONE OF THE SEASON'S BEST

AT

PATHE

SATURDAY NEXT

POSITIVELY LAST 2 DAYS!


This Picture Will Not Be shown for 2nd Run Elsewhere in Bombay
The Picture that defies criticism and challenges the imagination!
Gold Diggers
OF 1933

The BIG WARNER BROS. HIT!

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW ONLY

At 4,6-30 & 10 p.m.

CAPITOL

2nd DEMAND WEEK!

John Barrymore
in the role he chooses above all others . . . from Marcel Pagnol's triumph of the stage!
TOPAZE
He's a thief!
with
MYRNA LOY
Directed by H. d'Abbadie d'Arrast. David O. Selznick, executive producer
RKO-RADIO Picture

NEXT SATURDAY AT THE CAPITOL

M. C. C.'s Towering Rally After Bad Start

Clear Lead Of 271 Over Viceroy's XI

Valentine Gives Superb Display Of Batting Scoring 145

NEW DELHI, November 22.

The M.C.C. batted the whole day in their match against the Viceroy's XI, and put up the huge score of 431 for 8 wickets before close of play. Jardine made 93 and Valentine 145. These two batsmen added between them 216 runs for the 6th wicket, which is the biggest M.C.C. partnership of the present tour, as their total is also the biggest they have hitherto made. The M.C.C. are now leading by 271 runs.—

SCORES AT A GLANCE:

Viceroy's XI (First Innings)	160
M.C.C. (First Innings) for 8 wickets	431

NEW DELHI, Nov. 22.

The attendance on the second day of the M.C.C.'s match against the Viceroy's XI numbered fully 10,000 at the start this morning, among these enthusiastic spectators being a contingent of about 5,000 students who have come specially to witness the match from Meerut, Aligarh, Agra and other neighbouring educational centres. Eighteen hundred students are said to have come from Aligarh alone.

The weather was again bright and an excellent day's cricket was in prospect when Mitchell and Verity, the overnight not-outs resumed play to the bowling of Amarsingh and Nissar at 10-40 a.m.

Amar Singh had three men in the leg-trap very near the wicket following Townsend's style, and in actual effect, he was quite as difficult as the Derbyshire bowler had been yesterday.

MITCHELL CAUGHT.

In spite of the wonderful accuracy of the bowlers the batsmen went on scoring steadily, although by no means and never until the score had reached 132 in fifteen minutes did they give any indication of the remarkable change that was to come over the game, and of the mastery which the bowlers were to obtain against the batsmen. Only practically the whole of the field appealed for low against Verity, but the batsmen rightly got the decision in his favour as he had played the ball first. Eventually Nissar was rewarded for his excellent bowling. Mitchell putting up a soft catch at shortleg against him which Wazir Ali accepted.

In a stay of two hours Mitchell had hit six 4's and although never brilliant had given quite a workmanlike display.

The fall of this wicket was the turning point in the game which at once veered round in favour of the home side, and when three more wickets fell in quick succession for 10 runs people began to be retrospectively speculative and say "oh if yesterday's catches had not been missed. At 135 Mushtaq Ali came in place of Nissar and at once met with sensational success. In his very first over before a run had been scored off him he got Verity's wicket. Just before this Amar Singh had got a wicket he so richly deserved. Townsend being out l.b.w. to him for one. At the same total namely 135 Mushtaq Ali accounted for Verity who had then been batting for nearly an hour for seven runs. Naidu's catch of the outgoing batsman was a marvellous performance, a swift one-handed catch which due to his keen anticipation looked to be much easier than it actually was.

3 WICKETS FOR 3 RUNS.

Great enthusiasm now prevailed among the vast audience because three good wickets had fallen in the space of a few minutes for only 3 runs and when at 142 the fourth wicket fell without scoring, the crowd went into ecstasies and cheered the bowlers. Barnett had not opened his account when he made a bad stroke and lifted the ball at mid-off where Hosie running backward brought off a fine catch in spite of having the sun full in his eyes. At this stage Mushtaq had taken 2 wickets for 8 runs in four overs bowled this morning.

At the other end Amar Singh was quite as good as Mushtaq Ali, but was having no luck and when he was ultimately taken off at 167 he had only 11 runs hit off him in 11 overs this morning for one wicket.

JARDINE TO THE RESCUE.

The M. C. C. passed their opponents total at 11-35 a.m. having taken 155 minutes for 160 runs as against the home side's time of 230 minutes. Jardine who had come in at the fall of the fourth wicket now provided a characteristic steadying element when his side appeared unaccountably to be going to pieces. Fully playing up to his reputation as the retrieving captain par excellence he at once proceeded to master the bowling and showed by his example that not only could the bowling be played with ease, but could also be scored from without undue difficulty.

Valentine on his part was quick to follow the lead given by his skipper and came down heavily on anything that could be hit with certainty. Indeed an extra ounce of power was noticeable in his strokes in front of the wicket to-day, and it was a fast cannon drive by him against Mushtaq Ali, which Hosie fielding at midoff dropped after nearly holding it, the ball bouncing off by virtue of the sheer force with which it left the bat.

Some quick changes now followed Naidu coming on at 185 and Nissar at 195, but the rate of scoring continued unchecked and at 12-20 p.m. when the innings had lasted exactly 200 minutes four byes sent 200 on the board.

SIXTH WICKET STAND.

In spite of the bowlers' attempts to get either batsman to commit a mistake, Jardine was maintaining an impenetrable defence, and Valentine was allowing nothing to pass him. The M.C.C. Captain was very strong on the leg-side and scored with well-placed shots through the gaps in the field.

At lunch the sixth wicket partnership had lasted exactly 95 minutes and had added 81 valuable runs, Valentine having contributed 40 of these. At 1 p.m. the teams adjourned for lunch.

RUSH OF SPECTATORS.

The rush of spectators continued during the lunch interval and the estimate of attendance when the start was made again at 1-50 was nearer 20,000 than 10. The whole of the western side of the enclosure was packed and many were squatting on the boundary line due to want of space in the tent. The eastern side which was not patronised during the first three days was well tenanted to-day and the students' enclosure on the northern side was full. This vast crowd—undoubtedly the biggest of the tour—followed the vicissitudes of the play with keenest interest and not a little of intelligent understanding of the finer points of the game, and were thoroughly sporting and unbiassed whenever they felt themselves called upon to make comment.

Their Excellencies the Viceroy and Lady Willingdon entertained the teams at a luncheon at the Willingdon Pavillion to-day.

Longfield and Amar Singh were in charge of the bowling when the game was resumed. The batsmen did not take long to get their eye in again and scored much more easily than before lunch although they were relying more on placed shots to get their runs.

PERFECT DEFENCE.

Jardine was altogether too sound for the bowlers and his perfect offence and freedom from any tendency to make mistakes was enough to break the heart of even the most sanguine of bowlers. Valentine was more human, and had a go at the bowling whenever he could without regard to the consequences. At 62 he made a slashing cut off Mushtaq Ali, although it was a very hard chance he should been caught by the fielder at the point. As it was, the chance went a begging the fieldsman not even attempting the catch and the ball travelling to the boundary.

VALENTINE'S CENTURY.

The brightest interlude in the M.C.C. innings now intervened, and runs came at the rate of practically 2 a minute. The bowlers were hardly in the picture, and the fieldsmen were chasing the ball all the time.

Valentine hit Mushtaq Ali for four and then pulled him over the square-leg boundary for a six, and with another brilliant off-drive to the boundary off the same bowler he reached his first century of the tour after having been at the wicket for 185 minutes.

His had been a dashing and fateful knock, distinguished by some very attractive shots on the off-side, and among his chief scoring shots so far were 12 fours and a 6.

Jardine was then 87. The M.C.C. Captain had latterly slackened off and it was apparent that he was troubled by his left knee which he had injured in taking a catch on Saturday while fielding against Delhi and district. He was also nursing his wrist which he sprained about a fort-night ago, and was expending the minimum amount of energy on his strokes. This partnership had added exactly 200 runs for the sixth wicket at 3-15 when Jardine was not out 87 Valentine not out 106.

JARDINE OUT.

Jardine was within seven runs of his century when he was beaten in playing forward to a beautiful length ball from long-hed and was bowled on the off stump. His was a solid and a chanceless innings, and although there were only 6 hits to the boundary in his score of 93 his runs were collected by artistic and effortless strokes all round the wicket. He and Valentine had added 216 runs for the 6th wicket the biggest partnership put up by any pair of the M.C.C. batsmen during the present tour. This combined effort had changed the face of the game entirely and given the M.C.C. a commanding lead which may well lead to an imposing victory.

Langridge joined Valentine and they were not out at tea interval with 127 and 8 respectively, with the total at 378 for 6 wickets.

SECOND CATCH DROPPED

Valentine hit out when the game was resumed. With a hit to the boundary, he sent up 400 of innings after the M.C.C. had been in for 385 minutes.

When Nissar came on with the new ball, Valentine slashed at him and broke his bat which he changed. Immediately afterwards he skied the ball at mid-off where Hosie dropped an easy catch. This was second catch dropped at mid-off against Valentine.

After adding only one more run Valentine tried a leg glance and Abell brought off a brilliant catch on the leg side to dismiss Valentine for 145. He had been batting altogether for 260 minutes and had hit 17 fours and a 6. Although his long innings have marred by 2 chances, Valentine had given a great display, and helped the M.C.C. to put up their biggest score of the tour.

After the Kent Ameteur had left Human tried to force the pace and paid the penalty after he had collected 10 runs very quickly. Langridge and Nichols played out time when the total was 431 for 8 wickets.

M.C.C. (First Innings.)

Walters c Abell, b Nissar ..	65
Mitchell c Wazirali, b Nissar	59
Verity c Naidu, b Mustaqali	7
Townsend l.b.w., b Amar Singh	1
Barnett c Hosie, b Mustaqali	0
Jardine b Longfield	93
Valentine c Abell, b Nissar ..	145
Langridge (not out)	17
Human c Naidu, b Nissar ..	10
Nichols (not out)	8
Extras	31
Total (for 8 wickets) ..	431

LATEST M. C. C. SCORES.

The Bombay Telephone Company announces that during the M.C.C. matches in Bombay, any subscriber who dials 0, will be told the latest score.

LOCAL HOLIDAY

NEW DELHI, November 22.

Though a local holiday had been declared to enable all to see the M.C.C. play against the Viceroy's XI, a meeting of the Viceroy's Executive Council was held this evening to consider certain urgent matters.—A.P.

KILLED ON SPOT

Unknown Hindu's Tragic End

An unknown Hindu was knocked down on Wednesday evening from an Electric Train near Bombay Central Station.

It appears that he was travelling on the foot-board and in trying to lean out, his head dashed against the Electric Traction-pole and he was killed on the spot.

His body has been admitted to the Morgue at about 6-30 where it is being detained pending identification.

CONSERVATIVE ELECTED

LONDON, November 22.

The Rutland bye-election (caused by the death of Smith Carington) has resulted as follows:—

Lord Willoughby Dereshy (Conservative)	14,605
Arnold Grey (Labour)	12,818

—Reuter.

BRADMAN SCORES CENTURY

Woodful's XI Draw With Richardson's XI

MELBOURNE, Nov. 22.

Testimonial match between Woodfull's Eleven and Richardsons Eleven which commenced on November 20 ended in draw.

Woodfull's Eleven made 350 (McCable 82 Ebeling fast medium right-arm bowler five for 72.

Richardson's Eleven made 169 for four. Bradman who made 101 in 166 minutes was restrained at the start but he scored briskly later, hitting to the ropes no less than twelve times.—Reuters.

Rugby.—The Royal research ship "Discovery Second" visited Tristan Da Cunha, landing mails and stores. She left the island on Saturday to resume her voyage to South Georgia on scientific investigations on which she has been engaged.—B. O. W.

TAGORE ART EXHIBITION

The Exhibition of the paintings and arts and crafts of the the Tagore School of art will be opened by the Hon'ble Mr Justice Mirza Ali Akbar Khan at 6 p. m. to-day (Thursday) at the Town Hall.

Admission is by invitation and the exhibitions open to the press.

RIGHT WING SCORES

MADRID, Nov. 21

Authough the results of elections in 164 constituencies still are uncertain it now appears that Right Wing tops the total of all others.

Communists last night visited the Socialist headquarters and vainly attempted to arrange a mutual revolutionary strike.—Reuter.

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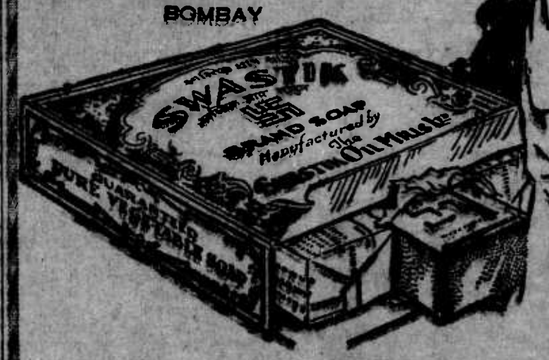

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CHARGES OF FORGERY AGAINST HINDU

Alleged Robbing Of Muslim Firm Sum Of Rs. 10,000 & Also Hindu Merchant Of Bombay

On charges that he forged the name of an up-country Hindu merchant and falsely obtained Rs. 10,000 from a Muslim firm of Bombay, and also that he wrongfully got possession of two hundis and cashed them to one Jamnadas Dulsuk was placed before Mr. P. L. Thacker, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, and the police applied for the remand of the suspect to custody.

Sub-Inspector Kadam, in his application, stated that on the 27th of June, the accused got possession of a Hundi for Rs. 10,000 endorsed to Messrs. John Roberts and Co., and supposed to be issued by an up-country merchant. Armed with this false hundi, the suspect went to Messrs. Usman Suleman and Co., and told them that he was the cashier of Messrs. Roberts and Co. and had come to cash the Hundi. The proprietors of the Muslim company arranged to pay the amount in the premises of John Roberts and company a little later.

AT JOHN ROBERTS'

The suspect, a few minutes before the appointed hour, went into the office of Messrs. John Roberts and Co., where he wanted to see a billiards table which he wanted to purchase. Before the bargain for the billiards table was struck the representative of Messrs. Usman Suleman and Co., came and believing that the suspect must be an employee of John Roberts and Co., handed him over Rs. 10,000. The suspect deposited Rs. 1,000 as an advance for the billiards table and left the place never to be seen again.

DETECTION OF FRAUD.

The fraud was discovered a few days later and the Pydhownie police were informed about it. The suspect, it is alleged, is concerned with another forging and cheating case for which he is being tried by Mr. G. R. Khairaz.

In the course of investigations the police got information that the suspect was the person responsible for the fraud and arrested him on the above charge on November 7.

ANOTHER CASE OF FORGERY?

In another case where also he is charged with forgery and cheating, it appears that sometime in February 1931, a merchant sent two hundis from Gwalior State to a merchant in Bombay, endorsed to Mr. Maganlal Prabhudas. The police allege that the suspect got possession of the two 'hundis' for Rs. 7,900. Armed with the hundis he went to Messrs. A. Hyland & Co. of Hughes Road, and told them that he wanted to purchase a car for which he was to deposit Rs. 1,500. The suspet gave the two 'hundis' to the representatives of the company and asked them to get it cashed and pay him the balance. The amount was received by the company from Mr. Maganlal Prabhudas, and the suspect was handed over Rs. 6,400.

A few days later the fraud was discovered by Mr. Maganlal Prabhudas, who complained to the police and the case had been recorded in the General Department of the Police Headquarters till recently when the suspect was arrested.

As they wanted time for carrying on enquiries in the case, the police applied for the remand of the suspect into custody.

The Magistrate remanded the suspect to police custody till November 29.

Benares.—The birthday celebrations of His Highness the Maharaja of Benares will take place in Benares State on November 29 and in this connection all courts, offices and schools will remain closed on that day. Preparations to celebrate the day are being made at Ramnagar, the capital of the Benares State.—A.P.

The Board of Directors of the Marwadi Chamber of Commerce, Bombay, has passed a resolution criticising the Currency and Exchange policy of the Government of India:

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TRICK TO OBTAIN MONEY?

Brahmin Youth Alleged To Have Posed As Maharaja's Cousin

A young educated North Indian Brahmin, who is alleged to have posed himself as a relative of a Maharaja and thus tried to get money from a merchant of Bombay, has been detained by the Bombay C. I. D. and his antecedents are being enquired into.

It appears that some time last week, a well dressed young man entered the Offices of Messrs Metro Motors Co. on the Hughes Road and asked for Mr. Karaka. On meeting Mr. Karaka, the young "gentleman" is alleged to have told him that he was one Jaswantsingh Balbirsingh the cousin of the Maharaja of Kutor and that, while in Bombay he had lost Rs. 1500 and as he was stranded in the City, he asked Mr. Karaka to pay him a loan of Rs. 500, which he promised to return in good time. The "cousin" of the Maharaja gave the reference of the Rajah of Jubbal also, so that Mr. Karaka might part with the money easily.

WIRE TO MAHARAJAS

Mr. Karaka, who heard the young man's story sympathetically took him to a friend of his, Mr. J. N. Mody, who knew many of the Maharajas, where the young man repeated the story. Mr. Mody made arrangements for the young man's stay in Bombay and without the "cousin" knowing it, sent two telegrams, one to Kutor and another to Jubbal enquiring as to whether they knew anything about one Jaswantsingh Balbirsingh, who had been stranded in Bombay. Replies came saying that both of them knew nothing about that person, but asked for further details, which was sent to them. Even after that, the Rajahs wired back saying that they knew nothing about Jaswantsingh nor was there a cousin of the Rajah of Kutor by that name.

Messrs Mody and Karaka, then thought that the best course would be to take the "Cousin of the Maharaja" to the C. I. D. Office. Inspector Wagle took charge of the man and proper arrangements for his stay in Bombay till enquiries were made regarding him.

From enquiries made it transpires that the man's real name is Ramsurat Prithviraj, a brahmin aged 20 coming from Village Kurda, in the Ghorakpur District of the United Provinces. He is a well educated, polished young man, who has been in Bombay for some time. He has been staying in the Oriental and Hyderabad Hotels. Further investigations are being carried on by the police.

LOWER COURT'S ORDER UPHELD

(From Our Correspondent).

THANA, Nov. 21.

He (complainant) should not have dragged the accused, who are poor and illiterate persons to a court of criminal justice, with the motive of coercing them into parting with their possessions for fear of punishment by their prosecution," observed Mr. N. N. Master, Sessions Judge of Thana, yesterday, in dismissing the appeal preferred by Byramji Hormusji Marolia, a money-lender, against the order of acquittal passed by the Umbergaon Court on Harkibai (a widow), her son and daughter, and two others, who were charged with having committed criminal trespass and mischief.

The lower court, holding that no offence was committed, had acquitted the five accused, and had awarded compensation of Rs. 30 each to the three accused against the complainant for lodging false and vexatious proceedings.

The Judge, upholding the Magistrate's view, observed: "The actual possession was with Harkibai for several years; the complainant has got deeds in his favour; the proper course for him was to file a regular suit for possession in a civil court and he should not have dragged the accused, who are poor and illiterate persons to a court of criminal justice with a motive of coercing them into parting with their possession for fear of punishment by their prosecution. The complainant therefore started criminal proceedings against the accused not 'bonafide' but with a view to bringing pressure to bear on the accused in a dispute, which was purely of a civil nature."

"People with civil disputes frequently attempt to harass their opponents or force them to compromise by starting criminal proceedings'," added the Judge.

IN INTEREST OF NATIONAL HONOUR

Madras M. L. A. Suggests Stoppage Of Labour Emigration

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Nov. 21.

It is understood that an important point of principle was raised at the meeting of the Standing Emigration Committee by a member from Madras that time has come when India should consider the policy of stopping emigration of Indian labour to other countries. This member contended that labour population which went outside India created a very wrong impression regarding the culture and status of Indian nationals and that it was important that such emigration should be stopped.

It was further argued that no country except India and China allowed such emigration of labourers and that countries like England and Japan though overpopulated, did not permit their nationals to be engaged as labourers by other countries.

The Standing Emigration Committee thought that occasion for the assertion of this principle had not arisen and there was of general feeling that time had come when serious view may be given to such considerations of national honour and that for the present the issue regarding Malaya be deferred till the Madras Government's report was available regarding the conditions of those who had been repatriated from Malaya.

It is important to remember in this connection that the maximum income that a labourer may expect in Malaya nowadays is seven and half annas a day, which is considered lower than what they can earn in their own country.

SESSIONS JUDGE REJECTS APPEAL

(From Our Correspondent).

THANA, Nov. 21.

The appeal preferred by Lakshman Gunja Patil, Shankar Bal Patil, Joma Gosavi and Pandu Bala, who were convicted on charges of causing grievous hurt with deadly weapon to Babu, and assault and wrongful confinement of Sitya, and were sentenced to various terms of imprisonment with fine by the first-class Magistrate of Kalyan, was rejected by the Sessions Judge of Thana, yesterday afternoon.

The prosecution story was that on the night of March 11 last, the four appellants, along with another (who was discharged later by the lower court) had picked up a quarrel with Sitya and Babu, while all of them were participating in the Holi festival. After hot words were exchanged between Sitya and Lakshman, the five appellants were alleged to have assaulted Sitya with sticks. Lanshman was further alleged to have caused serious injury to Babu (who had come to the rescue of Sitya) with a pointed end of a spear. After Babu fell dwon Sitya was bodily lifted and taken to the room of the third appellant, where he was tied to a pillar all the night. The next morning the second appellant, who was a police patil, lodged a complaint of theft against the complainant Sitya. The police officer, in the course of his investigation, came to the conclusion that the theft affair was a got-up one, and was invented with a view to screening the offence. The sub-inspector, therefore, charged the four appellants and Chandrya Ganya with rioting, causing grievous hurt and wrongful confinement. With the discharge of Chandrya, the trial court dropped the charge of rioting also.

The Magistrate sentenced Lakshman to six months' rigorous imprisonment and fine of Rs. 25 or in default three months' additional hard labour on a charge of causing grievous hurt with a deadly weapon. Lakshman Shankar and Pandu were each fined Rs. 50 (six months in default) on charges of assault and wrongful confinement. Joma was awarded a fine of Rs. 25 (three months in default) on a charge of assault only.

"L. S. G. D." EXAMINATION RESULTS

The following students are declared to have passed the examination of the training classes for Officers of Local Self-Government Service held in September 1933, and are entitled to the Local Self-Government Service Diploma from the Local Self-Government Institute.

IN ORDER OF MERIT

1. Patel B. A. 2. Chitania M. P. 3. Kulkarni A. G. 4. Patel T. J. 5. Sahasrabudhe K. M. 6. Jhamatmal Shersing 7. Narayandas Harichand. 8. Tarachand Mulchand.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.

November 22nd.

Conte Rosso, Verbes, Trieste.

Temple Lane, Ramshaw, Cardiff.

Jalaratan, Day, Calcutta.

DEPARTURES.

November 22nd.

Conte Roso, Verbes, Shanghai.

Jalavihar, Memerry, Calcutta.

Havana Maru, Ishei, Kobe.

November 23rd.

City of Cairo, Hoppins, Karachi

Jehangir, Clifton, Jeddah.

LOADING.

November 22nd.

Steamer Baroda for Busrah.

S S Conte Rosso:—The Lloyd T. Coy's steamer Conte Rosso, arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Trieste, with a general cargo and 243 passengers and hence she sailed the same day for Shanghai, with same bottom cargo and 266 through passengers.

S S Temple Lane:—The Messrs. Strauss Coy's steamer Temple Lane, arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Cardiff with ballast.

S S Jalaratan:—The Scindia S N Coy's steamer Jalaratan arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Calcutta, with a general cargo.

S S Jalavihar:—The Scindia S N Coy's steamer Jalavihar sailed on Wednesday for Calcutta, with a general cargo.

S S Havana Maru:—The O S K steamer Havana Maru sailed yesterday for Kobe, with a general cargo and passengers.

S S City of Cairo:—The K N Coy's steamer City of Cairo, will sail to-day for Karachi, with same bottom cargo.

S S Jehangir.—The T M Coy's steamer Jehangir, will sail today for Jeddah, with a general cargo and 178 passengers.

EXPORTS.

Bombay, Nov. 22.

S S Viceroy of India for London.—7 bales woollen carpets, I F Levy; 2 bales woollen carpets, Y G Huseinjadah; 5 bales animal skins, G Suchedina & Co.; 5 bales woollen carpets, D Abraham & Sons; 2 bales animal skins, Cox & Kings Ltd.; 7 bags gum karaya, T Dawoodbhai; 1189 bags shellac, A Joharmal; 340 bags groundnut kernals, B Maheshwari.

For Marseilles:—28 bales hemp T Dawodbhai.

S S City of Paris for Dunkirk.—50 bales wool raw, E Mavji & Co.

For Liverpool:—130 bales wool raw, Eastern Wool Tdg. Co.; 172 bales wool raw, M Nissim; 115 bales wool raw, M Motilal; 55 bags fenngreek seed, S M Rajgor & Co.; 25 bales cotton thread waste, B Mahasukhram & Co.; 16 bales cotton thread waste, P Desai & Co.

For Glasgow:—3633 bags linseed, K Devchand & Co.

For Antwerp.—615 bags linseed oil cakes and 2650 bags groundnut oil cakes, H Rawji & Co.; 87 bales hemp, D Anandji 55 bags plantago seed, F F Campbell & Co.

S S Falkenfels for Rotterdam.—14 bales wool raw, E Mavji & Co.; 110 bales cotton raw, Textile Products Ltd.

For Hamburg:—1350 bags kardi kernals, M Hoosen & Sons; 352 bags casin, Amin & Sons; 50 drums castor oil, Svastika Oil Mills Ltd.

S S Werdenfels for Hamburg:—250 bales cotton raw, K Devchand & Co.

For Rotterdam:—667 bags kardi seed, A Podar & Co.

S S Temple Lane for Port Said—6020 bags linseed, Strauss & Co.

S S Tuscania for Liverpool:—40 drums groundnut oil, A Oomerbhoy.

S S Strathaird for Brisbane:—62 bags myrabollam, P Mathradas & Co.

IMPORTS.

Bombay, Nov. 22.

S S President Hayes, Agents F F Campbell & Co. from Los Angeles:—100 pces. tyres.

From San Francisco.—430 cases cud. fruits; 50 drums asphalt; 250 drums lub. oil; 14 cases drugs.

From Kobe:— 25 cases silk goods; 40 cases cycle parts; 48 cases cotton and art silk shirting 66 cases rayon piece goods; 60 cases porcelain ware; 142 cases cotton goods; 40 cases soap; 1558 cases apples.

From Shanghai:—209 bags beans.

From Hongkong:—150 bags sugar candy; 122 bales raw silk.

From Manila:—50 bales hemp; 272 coils manila rope.

From Singapore:—198 bags rat tans; 234 cases pine apples; 56 bales rubber; 1686 bags sago flour; 1276 bags betelnuts; 100 bundles sandalwood.

From Penang:—173 slabs tin; 240 bags pearl tapioca; 250 bags betelnuts.

From Colombo:—114 h|c tea.

S S Barpeta, Agents, M M & Co.; from Koweit:—3 bundles gold; 11 bundles specie; 3 tins pearls.

From Bahrein:—7 tins pearls; 1 tin gold; 690 bags dates; 21 bags mash.

From Mohamerah:—29 bundles wool; 166 bundle attari; 114 bags gum; 18 bags skins.

From Bushire:—42 bags gum; 100 bags almonds; 93 bags almond kernals; 102 bags attari; 45 bags skins; 26 bags assofoetida.

From Bunder Abbas:—140 bags raisin.

From Muscat:—1750 bags dates 291 bags pomagranates.

S S Ozarda, Agents M M & Co. from Calcutta:—6357 pces. c. i. pipes and fittings; 203 bags rice; 2776 tons coal; 150 cases ghee; 107 cases confectionery; 20 cases grease; 20 cases turpentine; 53 cases gramophone goods; 51 cases wine; 114 cases soap; 40 cases sofolive; 20 cases drugs; 68 cases insulators; 48 cases whisky; 69 cases brandy; 45 cases chirata; 26 cases surgical dressing; 30 kgs. jute gasketting; 354 cases rope; 62 cases enamel plates; 50 bales h. cloth; 120 bales jute twine; 190 bales gunnies; 3925 bags tea; 500 drums linseed oil; 45 drums varnish; 2537 drums paint.

ACCUSED DENIES ALLEGATION OF CRUELTY

Says He Believed Pigeon To Be Dead Because It Had Bled

After hearing arguments on both sides a bench of Honorary Magistrates at the Girgaum Police Court reserved judgment till Monday in the case in which Mr. Hormusji Nusserwanji Khambatta, a Parsi landlord and his servant Kooloo Ramful were charged with causing cruelty to a pigeon under Section 3 of the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act.

Mr. M. N. Chatrapati who appeared for the prosecution urged that the accused had failed to take the ordinary caution of ascertaining whether the bird was alive or not before he instructed the second accused to hang it up. He briefly narrated the facts of the case. A pigeon was shot on the evening September 24 and under instructions of the first accused, it was hung up by the second accused to a beam on the second floor of Khambatta Hall. The next morning it was seen to flutter its wings by Mr. and Mrs. Velthorst, the tenants of Mr. Khambatta.

Counsel relied on the words uttered by the first accused when the next morning Mrs. Velthorst drew his attention to the fact that the bird was still living. The accused told Mrs. Velthorst: "I know it is alive. It will hang up there till it is dead. I would not hang up a live pigeon because it would smell". Counsel argued that this showed that he had knowledge that the bird was living and has asked his servant to hang it up knowing that it was living. He read Section 3 of the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act which declared that it was an offence "to bind or carry any animal in such a manner as to subject the animal to unnecessary pain or suffering," and said that the accused should have exercised ordinary caution to ascertain whether the bird was living.

ONLY A BIRD.

Rebutting the charge that the accused had not taken ordinary caution, Mr. Khambatta, for the accused, asked the court if the accused was expected to carry out stethescopic or X-ray examination of the bird. "This is a question of an ordinary bird. Does the court expect the accused to call a veterinary surgeon and obtain a death certificate before disposing of it as he likes"? asked counsel.

He said that there was an instance of a living person having been taken to the funeral pyre and when about to be cremated, it came to knowledge of the relatives that the person was living. The person concerned was the wife of a lawyer and the incident took place recently at a place like Calcutta. Counsel added "You cannot call upon the accused to exercise that high degree of meticulous care to find out whether the bird was alive."

Counsel said that it was not denied by the prosecution that the bird was shot and it appeared to be dead when it was shot. The accused believed the bird to be dead because it had bled considerably and it was in evidence that the place where the bird was hung was spattered with blood. He contended that it was only the next morning that the accused came to know that the bird was living and immediately he sent his servant to fetch it.

GRAVE PROVOCATION.

The words said to have uttered by the accused in conversation with Mrs. Velthorst, counsel contended were made under grave provocation. Mrs. Velthorst came down to see the accused and he greeted her with "Good morning." What was the reply of the lady to that greeting. She assumed a dictatorial and amazonian tone and asked "Who shot that bird." Was the accused not a respectable man that he should be put such questions. The accused said "I did it" under provocation although it was in evidence of the prosecution that he did not shoot the bird but a Parsi youth did it. It was because Mrs. Velthorst had put the questions in a challenging manner that the accused gave replies which were not strictly true but were meant as a challenge.

On the ground that the accused had no knowledge that the bird was living counsel asked the court to acquit him.

The Magistrates Mr. A. Geddis and Mr. Hudson reserved judgment in the case.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1933

MISREPRESENTATION

The King's speech made the barest reference to the Indian constitutional question and hoped that it would be possible for the Joint Parliamentary Committee to place before the Parliament definite legislative proposals during the coming session. We have our doubts about it, unless they have already prepared the Bill beforehand anticipating the decisions of the Committee, which is not unlikely. The Premier, in speaking on the Address, reiterated the Government's position with regard to the White Paper and said that they stood by it with all the safeguards. We have not the least doubt about the British Government's intentions in this regard, and that if there are to be any alterations in the White Paper they will be for more safeguards and will not improve it from the view-point of India. Mr. MacDonald's reputation for truth and sanity will not be enhanced by his statement that the White Paper constitution "would do justice to the expectations aroused in India" and to the problem of Indian constitutional evolution as seen by Britain. Only Mr. MacDonald is capable of reconciling these two contrary aspects of the situation, but since his political credit does not stand very high it is not of much importance.

THE OPTIMISTS

What amazes us though is the hopeful attitude of the Indian 'assessors" towards the White Paper. All of them are congratulating each other, the Government and every one concerned that the White Paper is at last safe, as if it had ever been in danger. Though most of them are discredited politicians without any reputation to lose in India, we had expected that they would ask for something more than the constitution contained in the White Paper. But it is apparent that all they care for is the White Paper and nothing else, though, no doubt, if even the best part of it—if it is possible,—is left out at the instigation of Mr. Churchill or Lord Lloyd in the Parliament, they would welcome it with the same exuberance. We do not know what their representation to the Joint Parliamentary Committee contains, but the Lucknow professor assured Reuter that the Committee was "deeply impressed" by it,—and as a result of it, perhaps, the White Paper was assured to them for ever.

DO THEY REALLY BELIEVE IT?

This country may be amazed at this fatuity, but it was not altogether unexpected from the type of persons nominated by the Government. The attitude of Sir Abdur Rahim however, surprises us greatly. He said that, if the Committee would accept the representation made by the Indian assessors, the new constitution might be worked with advantage. Does he really expect the Committee to accept them? Surely, the other Indian assessors cannot be equally sanguine about it, from the expression of their opinions to the news agency. Mr. Jayakar has not given out his opinion on the question yet, but he must be equally sanguine about the White Paper constitution being given to India. So far as Parliament is concerned, there can be very little doubt that it will accept the proposals brought forward by the Government, unless the revolt on the part of Tory backwoodsmen, who are already gathering strength under the banner of Mr. Churchill becomes really formidable.

As far as India is concerned whether the Hoare Constitution comes or not, India will carry on her fight for her goal without which there will be no tranquility in the country. Mr. MacDonald, therefore, was deliberately misleading the Commons by telling them that the White Paper would "do justice to the expectations roused in India." There was never a greater illusion or misrepresentation and the British Government will realise it ere long.

Verdict Of The Country

The Indian Merchants' Chamber has vindicated its own reputation and that of Bombay businessmen in general by repudiating and denouncing the pact between the Bombay Millowners' Association and the Lancashire Delegation. For the Chamber to countenance the pact in any way would have been to join in a gross betrayal of the country's interests. We can imagine the strong pressure that must have been brought to bear upon the Chamber by the millowners to get them to acquiesce in or connive at their own bargain. But to the credit of the Chamber it has resisted all such pressure and has condemned the pact in no uncertain terms. In doing so it has endorsed almost the unanimous opinion in the country.

The Chamber states a plain simple truth when it declares that the pact will not only prove a great impediment against any further expansion of the industry but will "lead to its decay" and that it "has cut at the very roots of the unanimous recommendations of the Tariff Board, ratified by the Legislature of the country." Nor has the Chamber failed to note that in return for all that has been surrendered to Lancashire India is to get absolutely nothing. Mr. Mody was given every opportunity to defend such a sorry bargain, but he did not find the Committee of the Chamber quite so gullible as that of the Millowners' Association.

If he should attempt to make out that the general body of the Chamber may take a more sympathetic view of the pact, he will soon be undeceived. We understand that a general meeting of the Chamber has already been requisitioned, and we are sure that that meeting will more than support the Committee's resolution. The Chamber, however, should not be content with that. It should take the lead in the country's agitation to warn Government against any disposition to give effect to the Bombay Pact.

"Visva-Bharati"

Yesterday we published a brief appeal from Dr. Rabindranath Tagore who is arriving to-day in our midst on a mission which is dearest to his heart and which he wants every Indian to make his own and help forward, the mission of the "Visva Bharati", the international educational and cultural centre founded by him at Shantiniketan over a dozen years ago. In the philosopher-poet's own words "Vishva Bharati acknowledges India's obligation to offer to others the hospitality of her best culture and India's right to accept their best." In a word, Dr. Tagore designs the Vishva Bharati to be the meeting place of all that is best in the cultural heritages of all nations of the world.

The plan of the university is thus one of the grandest ever conceived by any Indian, or for the matter of that, by any contemporary mind in the East or the West. But, as Dr. Tagore painfully confesses, even such a nobly planned edifice may come to grief through lack of adequate support from an appreciative world. Dr. Tagore himself has spared neither money nor energy —indeed, he has offered his all, practically, to the institution. His admirers all over the world have also contributed to its funds, but unfortunately the resources of the institution have not been found quite adequate to maintain it without risk of deterioration of its several departments. This great Indian is justified in asking, at this stage of his life, after two decades of strenuous labour in the service of the Vishva Bharati, that he should be relieved from the financial burden that is daily growing more painful to him.

We have no doubt that his appeal for support to the Vishva Bharati will meet with a generously response in Bombay which appreciates the nobility and grandeur of the task undertaken by the poet. The Tagore Week offers a splendid opportunity for a convincing demonstration of Bombay's appreciation of the labours of the poet in the cause of international fellowship and international uplift.

Press Views

Lead From Sind

Sind has given a glorious lead to the country—a lead if followed with a genuine desire to find a way out of he ignominus impasse will indubitably and effectively bring light into the sickening darkness of the communal tangle. The Hindus and the Muslims perched on the same platform, have opened their hearts out and cleared the murky mystified air. They have, in an extraordinarily outspoken manner, dwelt upon the factors which have always gone to intensify communal misunderstandings, like rank irresponsible talk and forced conversion of minor Hindu children. Among the resolutions unanimously adopted by the conference the one about conversion of Hindu minors moved by Sheik Abdul Majid himself was the most important one. Speeches on both the sides were made condemning the scheme of separate electorates. All Nationalist Muslims who are within the fold of the Congress must give an open-armed welcome to this symbol of unity that Sind has thrown up and all Hindus must be proud of this gesture of good-will and friendship.—"Daily News."

Were They Co-operators?

There was one passage in Pandit Jawahalal's recent statement to our correspondent which merits closer examination than has hitherto been bestowed on it. "The choice before us and the country," he said, "is between the struggle even at a low pitch and gradual drifting towards some form of co-operation with the Government. There is no middle way. So far as the Congress is concerned, it is to-day committed to the former policy and it stands for no compromise with imperialism." If this were a correct statement of the actual position, many who are now in the other camp would be enthusiastically and whole-heartedly with those who want to carry on "the struggle even at a low pitch." But the statement is not correct. It is not the case that those who are not in favour of carrying on the present struggle must gradually drift to some form of co-operation with the Government, unless the word co-operation merely means the negation of a particular form of non-co-operation. Did Deshbandhu Das, Pandit Motilal Nehru and Mr. V. J. Patel advocate co-operation with the Government when they advised the Congress to suspend civil disobedience and, on its failure to do so, formed the Swarajya party?—"Tribune."

Plea For Commonsense

Addressing the Calcutta Rotary Club Dr. Urquhart made some wise observations. "Because some terrorists have been University students", he said, "it does not follow that all University students are terrorists, any more than it follows that because some ships are made of wood, all wooden articles are ships." It is to be hoped that Sir John Anderson's Government will pay some heed to this timely warning from an ex-Vice-Chancellor. Taking this analogy we would also urge that because some terrorists have been Bengalis, it does not follow that all Bengalis are terrorists. We are constrained to make this statement in view of the fact that in several provinces, not excluding Madras, even respectable Bengali residents who have been carrying on their business or other avocation peacefully for years, have suddenly become the objects of Police attention. The need for counteracting terrorism, political or otherwise, is obvious, but we do not see why the authorities should not approach the problem with that amount of calmness and fair judgment for which Dr. Urquhart appeals.—"Swarajya."

"BOMBAY SENTINEL"

Mr. Horniman Files Declaration For New Evening Paper

Mr. B. G. Horniman filed the declaration in the Chief Presidency Magistrate's Court on Wednesday of "THE BOMBAY SENTINEL," a new daily evening newspaper, which will be published in a few days under his Editorship.

"The Bombay Sentinel" will be published from Red House, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay, by the Proprietors, The Bombay Associated Newspapers, Ltd.

WANTED LOWER RATIO

Is Fiscal Autonomy Convention A Myth? Watch And Wait

By M. D. WELLING, B.Com.

On the recommendation of the Hilton-Young Commission and despite the vehement opposition from leading Indian Economists, the Rupee was linked to 1s. 6d. gold. Since then, a fierce battle has been waged between the supporters of the 1s. 6d. ratio and the adherents of the 1s. 4d. ratio.

Government's acceptance of this gave a severe blow to the Indian export trade and simultaneously a fillip to the import trade. It was a direct encouragement to imports from U. K. as more than 40 per cent of our imports come from England.

RESERVE BANK COMES.

The post-war depression after 1922, was intensified after the Wall Street crash of 1929 had its repurcussions on India and the distress was aggravated by the existence of a high ratio. The unprecedented slump in prices of agricultural commodities had already caused hardship to the agrarian community. Throughout this period, Government did nothing to improve the situation and followed the policy of masterly inactivity, except in the field of Currency, where it was conspicuous by its stubborn and steadfast loyalty to the 1s. 6d. ratio and rallied to the support of the high ratio by deflation.

The revival of the Bill for the establishment of the Reserve Bank has revived the ratio controversy. The launching of a Reserve Bank in times of depression was itself a hasty measure. Sections 40 and 41 of the Reserve Bank Bill stipulate that the Bank shall buy sterling at a rate not higher than 1-6.3|16 and shall sell at a rate not lower than 1-5.49|62. The acceptance of these clauses by the Legislative Assembly will put a permanent seal on the Government policy and perpetuate this 1s. 6d. ratio. While discussing these clauses the Finance Member made it clear that Government is going to stick up to 1s. 6d. ratio and all the amendments to these clauses were thrown out. This clearly indicates the way the wind is blowing and the chances are that if the bill passes it will pass without an amendment.

LOWER THE RATIO.

The formation of the Currency League of India for creating of public opinion, is a welcome sign. It has een alleged that, when the Rupee was linked to Sterling in 1931, it was linked at a high ratio. Whatever might be the difference of opinion with regard to the ratio, Indian opinion is united in the demand that the ratio should be lower than what it is at present. Assuming that the 1s. 4d. ratio is adopted, it will raise the Indian price level to the extent of 12-1|2 per cent and lead to the alleviation of the distress caused by the present trade depression.

The efforts of the Currency League should be directed in the first instance to de-linking the Rupee from the Sterling. If we are going to have a Reserve Bank with a 1s. 6d. ratio we had better

(Continued on Page 7.)

Frankly Speaking

CHINA BREAK-UP.

The decision of Fukien to declare its independence of the Peking Government is a further evidence that the Chinese Empire is crumbling to pieces Province after Province is seceding.

Fukien is contiguous to Canton, whose rulers have their spiritual home in Moscow, as against Chaing-Kai-Shek who looks to the Western Powers and Japan to save China from Communism.

Chiang-Kai-Shek's policy is mainly responsible for the disintegrating influenceh which are now at work, since he is practically the head of the Peking Government and controls its policy.

Japan has already decided not to interfere in the quarrel which is bound to take place between Fukien and Peking, and perhaps Canton. The struggle in China in the next few years will be between the Moscow and Tokio ideals and it remains to be seen who will succeed.

IMPREGNATED.

There is much truth in what Mr. Jawaharlal Nehru told an interviewer that every community in India is impregnated with the virus of communalism and that there is nothing much to choose between them.

As he said there seems to be a race between them as to who could or should be more communal in his outlook. In these days of separatism or communalism pays and it is not surprising that they are all fighting for the first place.

Once it is granted that all communalists are alike in their narrow outlook on life, it matters little whether Muslim or Hindu, Christian or Sikh communalists are better or worse.

No doubt the Pundit's strong but justified criticism of the Hindu Mahasabha's attitude has irritated a number of Hindu Sabhaites, but they have themselves to blame for it. They asked for it.

The best course for all communalists to sit together and decide to work along national lines for the good of their country and not of their communities alone. But this, we fear, is a counsel of perfection.

VEXATIOUS INTERFERENCE.

Is there no end to Government's assaults on local self-government?

We are amazed to learn that the Madras Government have called upon the Srivilliputtur Taluk Board to show cause why its resolution expressing sorrow at the death of the late Mr. J. M. Sen Gupta should not be cancelled.

The Government contend that such a resolution is beyond the competence of the Board under the Madras Local Boards Act. We doubt the correctness of this plea, for several Madras local boards, like those in other parts of India, have passed similar resolutions as a matter of a common courtesy without the local officials interfering in any way.

The Madras Government's action in the present case is obviously inspired more by political prejudice than by a regard for the integrity of municipal law. It betrays a sad lack of a sense of propriety and proportion. It is up to the local bodies of Madras to defend their natural and time-honoured privileges against official interference.

A WISE SUGGESTION.

It is interesting to note that Mr. M.K. Acharya's political antics and his pretensions to represent a vast majority of the Hindus in matters political as well as religious are being repudiated by his own brother-Sanatanists.

Pandit Anantakrishna Shastrigal of the Calcutta University points out in a Press interview how a recent session of the All-India Sanatana Dharma Conference at Calcutta refused to accept Mr. Acharya's lead except in strictly religious matters.

He wisely urges Mr. Acharya and other Sanatanists to leave politics to the Congress, which he says, "should really become the Parliament of Indian political parties." In their own interests Sanatanists will do well to follow this advice.

The Pandit is right too in urging the Congress not to involve itself in purely religious controversies. But the Congress campaign against untouchability is a matter of great national importance and of elementary social justice, and as such it cannot possibly be given up till untouchability is completely destroyed.

CONTRAST IN SENTENCES.

A Military Police Havaldar, demanded Rs. 80 from two young men walking on the Back Bay Reclamation and when they told him that, they had not got such a large amount with them, he snatched a blue serge coat, one of them was wearing and walked away with it.

Mr. Khandalwalla sentenced the man to one day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 150, in default two months' rigorous imprisonment. Yet, for picketing a foreign cloth shop, or for refusing to call at the Police Station immensely heavier sentences have invariably been given by the same and other magistrates.

For refusing to call at the Police station two years have been given by Mr. Khandalawalla. Are these greater offences than robbery and attempted exhortion.

These crimes have become frequent on the Back Bay Reclamation and we should have thought an exemplary sentence was called for, particularly in the case of a man whose duty it should be to prevent such crimes.

Readers' Views

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL FINANCE

From Syed Mahamed.

The Municipal Commissioner demands fresh taxation as there is a net deficit of Rs. 23,99,000 in his budget estimates for 1934-35. It is by no means a small amount; and yet according to the Municipal Commissioner it is only a matter of ¼ per cent increase in general tax and 1|4 per cent in water tax. It sounds easy; but it is the poor public that have to pay from their hard earned money. The present economic condition is so bad that the public cannot afford to bear new taxation. It is a fact which is well-known to the Corporators, and as such, it is their duty to save the poor rate-payers from furtner burdens.

Out of the estimated excess expenditure, a sum of .13-1|2 lakhs is considered to be on account of the Improvement Trust—the pet child—which unless subjected to a very close scrutiny, is sure to be an unpleasant burden for ever and ever. In spite of a well paid staff the efficiency of management has been far from satisfactory. It is my opinion that there are too many officers to make matters worse. A sum of Rs. 8,87,421 which is said to be arrears of rent on 30th June, is not a matter to be overlooked. Why such heavy arrears accrue is a very important matter for the Municipality to investigate. If the Estate Superintendents discharge their duties properly, the arrears of rent will be much less. To allow tenants to be in arrears for about 12 months cannot be applauded. The poor rate-payers should not be therefore made to pay for such follies.

The budget expenditure is estimated to be Rs. 3,46,58,000. It is up to the Corporation to cut down this expenditure to make up the deficit; and it could be easily done if a committee of able men is appointed to explore the whole working. It is undoubtedly a laborious task for the committee; yet I am sure the City Fathers who bear the best of interest for the poor rate-payers will readily come forward to save them from further taxation. Even after such an effort, if they find fresh taxation indispensable, let them find new avenues which would not affect the whole public indiscriminately.

While deciding this important issue, the Corporation should bear in mind that the present condition of the labour class is getting worse day by day. They are demanding reduction of rent and cheaper amenities of life, as they have to struggle against miseries. It will be therefore highly becoming if the Corporation spare them from further affliction.

Unwanted Bar

From Mahomed Ebrahim.

A bar to sell foreign liquor in retail is to be opened in the Umrigar Building, opposite the Crawford Market. This locality is a business centre having its big roads. And in this locality persons of all caste and creeds are staying with their families.

Many of them are vegetarians and persons who never taste liquor, being Mahomedans. In such a locality, where Memon Mohollas are very near and many Mahomedans are staying with their families, this bar it to be opened shortly. It is said this bar is meant for visitors who come to stay in the Hotel. But many persons know that rich Mahomedans from Hyderabad side come to stay in this Hotel, and nobody would say that these persons, require such a bar. Besides this there are two big foreign wholesale liquor selling shops near by and four retail foreign liquor selling shops are within an area of about 4 furlongs.

This new shop is not wanted by the locality at all, and the persons living in the locality strongly object to the licence being granted. Previously two or three times an attempt was mane to open a shop here, but Government din not allow the authoritie of the Excise department to give a licence.

UNITY FIRST

From N. B. Parulekar.

We quite see the sincerity and the utmost desire to serve the national cause which prompted our two leaders Sjt. K. F. Nariman and Pandit Jawaharlalji to make the two statements that we have before us.

These statements have no doubt gone to some extent to clear the doubts that some of us so long entertained but they have not gone far enough so as to make us remain content with what is going on.

Fortunately Sjt. Nariman has issued an appeal to summon an All-India Unity Convention exactly when my suggestion for holding an All-India Unity Conference was ready for posting. This is how the wave of the same thoughts is running simultaneously through the minds of almost all of us, which is but a clear indication of the success which is going to attend our proposal. But as you, Sir, in your editorial columns say, I also do not see the wisdom of requesting Mahatma Gandhiji to turn his attention back again to this political work from his present mission of Harijan Uplift in face of his resolute declaration not to devote himself to politics up to the end of July next.

With Mahatmaji's spirit in us, can we ourselves not do this work when there are among us leaders like Pandit Malaviyaji, Jawaharji, Sjt. Nariman and others?

In my proposal to form an All-India Unity League, which in my opinion, should be a permanent body, there is not the slightest suggestion of any way undermining the importance of the Indian National Congress as the Congress, as it has been in the past and at the present time, will ever remain the most important, influential and power-yielding organisation, although at the present moment, due to circumstances of which we are all aware, it cannot reasonably be expected to function normally and in a way other than that in which Pandit Jawaharji says it is functioning. But our aim should be always to advance and not to remain content with the present progress. And with this view we all must make a move to hold an All-India Unity Conference, or in the words of Sjt. Nariman, Convention. But what I would like to suggest is that the object for holding the Conference should not be restricted only to sabotaging the White Paper Scheme but in addition to form a permanent League to which all parties should be affiliated. Because in spite of the fact that the Indian National Congress is what it is there will always be some parties outside it, howsoever small, even of a handful of men, they may be. But these outside small parties do serve the purpose of showing the split which is most dangerous to the national progress.

Let, therefore, the opportunity that has offered itself be caught hold of and let once for all, all the so-called various parties, gather together under one banner, the banner of unity, and let this flag of "Unity" flag for ever over India. Let our first and foremost slogan be "Unity first and every other thing afterwards." Let our unity advance and advance until it reaches the goal.

Test Trial Matches

From T. A. Karkhanis, Parner.

I heartily endorse the protest lodged by the Poona Sub-Committee, M. C. C. Matches, against the non-inclusion of the Poona veteran cricketer, Mr. D. B. Deodhar, in the Test trials to be played in Bombay in the near future.

Those who watched the form displayed by this Poona professor against the M. C. C. in 1926 will be simply shocked to hear that this class batsman is, or is, about to be given a wide berth. Mr. Deodhar has been playing in Quadrangular Tournaments a couple of years earlier than 1916 and has many a time pulled the Hindu Team out of the fire by dint of his consistent play. The Selection Board will be doing a great injustice in omitting such a sure bat.

It is hoped that the claims put forward by the supporters of Mr. Deodhar will be duly considered by the selectors. You have also done well yesterday in supporting Mr. Deodhar's claim for inclusion in your "Frankly Speaking" column. Mr. Deodhar has lost neither his form nor his cunning since 1926.

Vienna Pays Homage To Patel

Chinese Ambassador Says East Has Lost A Hero

(From Our Correspondent.)
WIEN, Oct. 26
(By Mail.)

The Hindusthan Academical Association of Vienna held a condolence meeting in Hotel De France, Schottenring, Wein If at the untimely death of Sriyut V. J. Patel The meeting was attended by all the Indians residing in Vienna and many Viennese friends of Sriyut V. J. Patel were also present, the most prominent being, the Chinese Ambassador, Mr. and Mrs. Rene Miller, Prof. Oppenhien, Prof. of Dermatology and Syphilis Vienna University, Prof. Hans Lorenz, Prof. and Mrs. Schlesinger, Mrs. President Vetter Mr. Hellin, Mr. and Mrs. Tyrnaur and President of the Oriental Club.

The President of the Hindusthan Association welcomed the guests and spoke a few words of heartfelt condolence. The first speaker was His Excellency the Chinese Ambassador. He said that President V. J. Patel, was his intimate friend and he had great admiration for him both as a politician, statesman and as a man. His untimely death was not only a loss for India and her millions but for the whole of the East. He said that Sriyut Patel was a personality in the East. In his death we had not only lost a politician, a Statesman and a National Hero but a Man who could not be replaced in the East.

MORE THAN NATIONAL LOSS

Mr. Rene fulup Miller, spoke on behalf of the Europeans in General and Viennese in Particular. He said a great man from your ranks has died and you have assembled here to mourn the loss of one of your National Heroes. To us, Europeans, these times have again clearly taught how much the real greatness and statesmanship of a man is important to a nation. We know again to-day that a man who fights for his own nation also fights for the ideas which concern the whole humanity. Thus the importance of your Leader Patel goes far beyond the Indian borders and that is why it is not only a loss for your own country but also to us. On behalf of many Europeans let me have the opportunity at this sad moment of remembering with you a man who has been a great man, because he was a Great Warrior for his Nation.

The third Speaker was Dr. Sharma who said. We have gathered here under a thick veil of gloom and grief. Mother India's noblest son has fallen struggling for her freedom. He lived the life of a Hero. During all his life-time he was engaged in a grim struggle even when he was physically unfit to participate in the fight for freedom, mentally he ever remained engaged in it. The only thought that was always supreme in his mind was the achievement of freedom for India. Once I told him that you don't take complete rest, which is absolutely necessary for a heart case. He said, " The difficulty is that you doctors also conceive of a mental rest which is a practical impossibility. How is it possible to free myself from the struggle going on at home?" This shows how intensly he was devoted to his country. If there was any Godess that he worshipped it was "Mother India." He was her faithful devotee.

DOCTORS THANKED

A few days before he left for Geneva on asking him about his views on the present political situation, he said in one word that we must fight the Government from every front. When we requested him not to go the Geneva in this state of health, he said that this is the right occasion and we both, ie, He and Mr. S. C. Bose might be able to do something for India. One thing that is clear from this very brief sketch of his life is that the cause of the country was always foremost in his mind and he sacrified his all for his country. He was old in age but young in his views.

The President then thanked the Viennese people and specially the Physicians and surgeons who were always in attendance of President V. J. Patel.

INDIAN FOOTBALL XI FOR SOUTH AFRICA

Mr. Bharat Singh Of Durban Deputed To Make Arrangements

An interesting visitor to India at present is Mr. P. Bharath Singh of Durban, who has come here with a view to make arrangements for an Indian Football team to visit South Africa. Mr. Singh himself who is an enthusiastic sportsman, was a member of Christopher's South African Indian Football contingent which toured that country in 1921. He is also the President of the Natal Indian Lawn Tennis Association.

The object of getting together an Indian team, is to gratify the wishes of S African Indians, who are desirous of establishing contact with people in this country. Many South African born Indians although they have blood ties, have never seen India. They are ignorant of the conditions of the people here and would like to be acquainted with their manners and customs. An Indian team would act as ambassadors between India and South African Indians, who have been exiled from the mother country through circumstances beyond their control.

The first request from South Africa to send a team was made in Sept. 1932, and since then the Indian Football Association has declared that it is endeavouring to form a Central Board of Control, which would then select a representative team from India to tour South Africa. As soon as the Board of Control is formed in Calcutta during the next three months, a team would be chosen which would leave for S. Africa in April 1934. The football season there lasts from April to September.

Mr Bharat Singh carries with him a letter from Mr. P. Osborne, the Mayor of Durban, requesting bodies in India to help the visitor to accomplish his purpose.

Mr. Singh, who is a member of the Council of Colonial Born and settlers Indian Association, will also make investigations into the conditions of repatriates from S Africa on behalf of that body.

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SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. M. and Lady Evelyn Patrick and Captain D. de G. Lambert arrived at Government House, Bombay.

Sir Akbar Hydari and Mr. C. R. Battiscombe lunched at Government House.

His Excellency The Governor of Bombay received Sardar S. C. Moodliar at Government House.

His Excellency The Governor of Bombay accompanied by Lady Sykes inspected the Harbour.

Lady Sykes attended the Armistice Day Ball at the Town Hall.

BOMBAY WELCOMES MEERUT COMRADES

Marxist League Holds Public Meeting At Chowpatty

TOILING MASSES UNDER CAPITALISM

Marxism, Ideological Weapon To Fight Exploitation Says Bradley

A well attended public meeting was held at Chowpatty on Tuesday evening under the auspices of the Marxist League to welcome Messrs. Bradley, Ghate, Joglekar and Mirajkar who have been recently released after the expiry of their sentences in connection with the Meerut case. Mr. D. V. Pradhan presided.

Mr. Mirajkar thanked the Marxist League for organising he meeting and said what he really wanted was that the masses should welcome the policy for which he and his comrades had suffered imprisonment for five years.

TOILING MASSES.

After a short speech by Mr. Ghate calling upon the youth who had attended the meeting to join the Marxist League and unite with the toiling masses in the struggle for complete independence, Mr. Bradley said that he stood there as a representative of the British workers who were suffering the same exploitation and oppression under the capitalist system as the toiling masses of India. He spoke of India as the weakest link in the system of British imperialism.

Referring to the role of the reformists in the labour movement he said that everywhere reformist social democracy had paved the way for fascism and he gave the example of Germany. He said that in spite of the apparently nationalistic form of Fascism which adopted Brown shirts in Germany, black shirts in Italy and green shirts in Ireland, fascism was international in character and was based upon the present world crisis which was shaking the foundations of international capitalism and leading to an intensification of the exploitation of the workers on the one hand and to a rapid growth of their revolutionary movement on the other.

He concluded by saying that Marxism was not to be studied as an academic subject intellectual pleasure, but as the ideological weapon in the struggle against the present system of exploitation.

The meeting ended after the singing of the 'Internationale.'

ROOSEVELT'S MONETARY PLANS

To Drive Gold-Bloc Off Gold?

LONDON, Nov. 22.

Mr. Sprague's resignation has excited great interest in the city circles especially in view of his former connection with the bank of England and in view of the fact that he represents a sound money school.

The opinion is expressed that President Roosevelt intends to pursue his monetary policy in complete disregard of its effects on the rest of the world and the final result will be to drive the gold bloc off gold and into the arms of the sterling group.

It is suggested that the disappearance of the gold bloc might open the way for the holding of new monetary conference.—Reuter.

REHABILITATION OF SILVER

Pittman's Cable To Sir G. Schuster

WASHINGTON, November 22.

Senator Pittman has sent a message to Sir George Schuster that President Roosevelt is considering action, before the Congress meets, on silver rehabilitation agreement reached at the World Economic Conference.—Reuter's Special.

"STORMY PETREL" OF SAMOA ARRESTED

APIAS (SAMOA), Nov. 22.

O F. Nelson the head of a large Samoan trading concern and known as 'stormy petrel' of Samoa who recently returned to Samoa whence he had been deported in 1927 was arrested on a charge of identifying himself with seditious activities in connection with Mau (League of Samoans).

Nelson was subsequently remanded for a week and released on conditional bail.

Meanwhile the case against the eight Samoan chiefs who were arrested on a charge of unlawfully collecting money and engaging in the general Mau activities is proceeding but no outbreak trouble has occurred nor has there been any native demonstration.—Reuter.

Sir Akbar Hyderi, Finance Minister of H. E. H. the Nizam's Dominions, arrived in Bombay by the Italian mail boat yesterday.

CONGRESS STAGGERED

Civil Disobedience Never Allowed to Become Menace

BENGAL GOVT. REPORT

Parade Of Additional Troops To Crush Forces Of Disorder.

CALCUTTA, November 22.

The Bengal Government Administration Report for the year 1931|32 issued this afternoon refers to the revival of Civil Disobedience by Gandhiji immediately after his return to India from the Round Table Conference.

It states that the drive against it began forthwith, the policy was one of rapid and rigorous action on the part of the Government to determine and maintain law and order.

CONGRESS STAGGERED.

The Congress was staggered by swiftness of decisions with which it was attacked and bereft of the leadership by the incarceration of Messrs. Gandhi, Patel, Sen-Gupta and other leaders.

The movement suffered lack of co-ordination from the start and was never allowed to become a menace, which it was in 1930-31.

In the Mofussils, the Ordinances were effective against the movement and this is proved from the progressive decline month by month in the number of convictions.

As regards terrorism from January 1932 there has been another rapid rise in the number of arrests, highest figure being well over 100 in the month of October.

DETENTION CAMPS.

Hijli, Buxar and Borhampore Detention Camps were inadequate for accommodating them and the last had to be extended. A number of dangerous revolutionaries were at large, and despite precautions plotting went on within the camps.

ADDITIONAL TROOPS.

Additional troops for Bengal were provided in order to show those anxious to subvert ordered Government that the Government was determined to crush forces of disorder. The measures have borne fruit and during the latter part of last year a number of valuable captures of wanted men as well as arms, ammunition and literature were made. This constituted a severe blow to the terrorists.—A.P.

INDORE-MALWA MILLS

The Committee of Eight which was set up at the extraordinary meeting of the shareholders of the Malawa Mill met in Indore on the 15th inst. and devoted its attention to the immediate work before it. The names of the parties who had made the offers for the Managing Agency of the Mill were communicated to the members. After discussion, the Committee resolved to invite the parties making the offers with their principals to attend the next meeting of the Committee to be held on Saturday, the 25th instant at 2 p.m. at the same place, with a view to further negotiation.

If agents are to be deputed by the offerers, such agents are requested to come armed with full legal and proper authority that will bind the principals.

BURGLARS BUSY IN CITY AGAIN

Rs. 1,500 Worth Property Removed From Dadar House

TWO HINDUS ARRESTED

Goan's Flat At Byculla Broken-Open and G.C. Notes and Gold Tray Removed.

Since the begginning of this week it appears the attention of the cat burglars that have been busy for some months has been turned towards the North of the Island. Several cases of burglary and house-breaking, it appears, have taken place both in Byculla, and Dadar, especially at the Hindu Colony.

The recent case, to which police attention has been drawn, is that of House Breaking that took place in broad daylight on Tuesday in the Hindu Colony.

It apperas that one Mr. Bhasker Laxman Agarker, living in the ground floor of a building in the Hindu Colony, locked his house at about 10 a. m. on Tuesday and went out for his work.

In the afternoon, the owner of the flat returned and he was surprised to find three trunks had been broken open and all the ornaments removed. The Kingsway police were informed and they came and examined the house and the lock that had been broken open. It appears that property worth Rs. 1,500, had been removed.

TWO ARRESTS.

In the course of enquiries, the police have arrested two Hindus on suspicion on Wednesday morning and further enquiries are going on.

The second case of burglary that occurred on Tuesday was in the flat of a Goan living at Byculla. Mr. Domino De'Souza lived in a Flat on the Ground floor of a three storeyed building, near the St. Mary's Church at Byculla.

ANOTHER BURGLARY.

It appears that on Tuesday morning at about 1.30 somebody entered his house by cutting the wires of the ventilator. He is alleged to have opened a box inside which was a box containing jewellery worth about Rs. 800/-. He kept the jewellery box on the table nearby and searched the drawers and clothes and got together isix G. C. Notes of Rs. 50/- each, an Ash Tray in which 22 rupees and a gold ring were kept.

It is believed, that while he was getting these things together, he heard some noise, and without waiting to grab the box of jewellery he ran away with what he had in his hands.

The next morning, the Goan discovered that though the jewellery box was safe on his table six G. C. notes, Ash Tray with money and a gold tray were missing.

The Byculla police were informed and are making enquiries. In both the cases Inspector Dyer of the C. I. D is helping the local stations.

WANTED LOWER RATIO

(Continued from page 6.)

not have it at all. If Government is not going to lower the ratio, then Indian leaders should try to smash the Reserve Bank Bill.

ALL BUNKUM.

Countries like U.S.A. and England have got depreciated currencies and how can India hope to compete in the international trade with an appreciated currency? If Government realy intends to help the agrarian community then the best way is to lower the ratio. The present talk of rural uplift is mere lip sympathy, in view of Government's opposition to a depreciated currency.

The depreciation of the Rupee will mitigate the distress caused by Japanese dumping in all lines. To make matters worse the Dollar has slumped tremendously and thus the success achieved—if any—by the Indo-Japanese delegations will be nullified on account of a depreciated Dollar. Will Government lower the ratio and prove that the fiscal autonomy Convention is not a myth or will it be a slave to dictation from Whitehall?

GENEVA CONFERENCE ADJOURNED

GENEVA, Nov. 22

The Disarmament Conference adjourned till after the meeting of the Council of the League on January 15.

Meanwhile diplomatic negotiations will be undedtaken with a to reducing political divergencies and Mr. Henderson with the officers of the conference will decide as to what extent the work of the two sitting committees will be continued, which it is presumed is only matter of few days. This is the result of a private meeting of the bureau of the Conference this afternoon which accepted without discussion the suggestion of Mr Henderson to this effect.—Reuter.

From A Londoner's Diary.

OPPOSITION MUST OPPOSE AND NOT NON-CO-OPERATE

Hoare's Sermon: L. G. Did Not Want Premiership?: Married Women's Nationality: Anti-War Cambridge Under-grads.

Speaking at the dinner that he gave to the delegates of the Joint Committee to meet Sir Samuel and Lady Maud Hoare at the Grosvenor House, Sir Hari Singh Gour on Wednesday said that Sir Samuel had cast a spell upon all the delegates from India, and his name would go down to history as the progenitor of a reunited India; he was bringing British India and the India of the States together after generations of separation. Under his prolonged examination by the Joint Committee, he had maintained a composure and self mastery which had been linked with resourcefulness and a readiness to give and take even in matters upon which one might have thought he would be adamant. They greatly admired the spirit of all-round fair-play which he had shown.

Before leaving India he (Sir Hari) had said that the White Paper was rightly named because there was so little in it; but now he called it the Brown Paper because he found it was the product of close and careful study. The amount of thought, which had been put into the Paper, could only be judged by those who examined it point by point, and paid due regard to the dependance of its various parts upon each other.

DOUBTFUL COMPLIMENT.

Sir Samuel Hoare expressed his gratification that a leader of the Opposition in the Legislative Assembly should be entertaining that evening one who ought to represent, in the Opposition view, almost all the iniquities in the Indian Administration. If the precedent were followed, they might next week find Mr. Lansbury similarly entertaining Mr. MacDonald. As one who had been in Opposition during by far the greater part of the quarter of a century he had been in Parliament, he appreciated the compliment paid him by one of the principal Opposition figures of the great sister assembly at Delhi and Simla. Sir Samuel was sure that Indians and Britishers should show to the world in these days of changing conditions their adherence to the view that representative Parliamentary institutions were much better than those quick remedies of dictatorship which were being adopted in other directions. The existence of a strong Opposition was a vital feature of Parliamentary government.

He believed it was always a mistake for an Opposition to abdicate and embark on a programme of non-co-operation. The Opposition should remain in Parliament and make their criticisms felt there—a far more effective way of promoting their aims than to make dramatic gestures of abdication. With respect to his examination by the Committee, he could say that he had done his best to put his views before his Indian friends. For his part he knew their minds much better than when they first came over to England. They understood each other much better than before they met and had become very good friends with each other.

L.G.'S MODESTY.

"How are you getting on with your Labour Government?" some one asked King George in 1924. "Very well", the King answered. "My grand-mother would have hated it. My father would have tolerated it. But I move with the times." With this anecdote, Lord Riddell concludes his "Intimate Diary of the Peace Conference and After. The book opens in November 1918, when "L.G." discussing the split with Asquith, told him, "I did not want to be Prime Minister. I only wanted to run the War. If I had considered my own happiness and my place in history, I should have resigned when the Armistice was signed. But I could not do that. I was bound to go on."

President Wilson staggered the delegates of the Peace Conference by having a battered old type-writer brought in so that he might type out memoranda with his own fingers. When one of the German Notes arrived in the middle of the night, the President was roused from his bed. He said, "It is cold here. Come into my bathroom, which is warmer". This they did, and Wilson read and discussed the Note, seated on the edge of the bath. "L.G." told Lord Riddell that he was always nervous before a speech in Parliament. "But I am like the matador when I get in the ring . . . The House of Commons is a terrible animal to face. I have seen men cowed by it." He insisted that Mr. Churchill had "Bolshevism on the brain", thought Lenin was the biggest man in politics, and liked President Wilson more than the "Tiger" Clemenceau.

WOMEN'S NATIONALITY.

Lady Astor, speaking on the British Nationality Bill in the House of Commons told a few home truths to married men. The Bill, in a limited number of cases, enables British women who marry aliens to retain their British nationality. These are some of Lady Astor's remarks: "Women are far less influenced by their husbands than men are by their wives. Every one of you know that. That is why we like you. "Most of you would not be here if women had not worked for you. Children are always ashamed of their parents. You have only to visit your child at school —especially if he is a boy—to find that out.

"All the countries which have not given women their rights are in a bad way. Most of them are under dictators now. A diplomat who marries a foreign wife thinks more about her opinions than he does about his country's interests. I know of such cases. An Englishman who married a German woman would not like to become a German. Why should they compel an English woman who married a German to become German?"

ANTI-WAR CAMBRIDGE MEN.

More than a thousand Cambridge University undergraduates took part in a noisy demonstration outside the Tivoli Cinema where the film "Our Fighting Navy" was being shown. The undergraduate faction belonged to the Cambridge Students Anti-War Council and those who, even if they do not want war, do not believe in shouting against it. When the "no-more-war" brigade were queueing up—following a protest against the film—the opposing faction—the anti-no-more-warites—arrived with two ex-Service men's bands from London. They sang war-time songs and waved Union Jacks. There was a rush to enter the cinema, the undergraduates surging round and fighting to get in. Fire-works were thrown. Four policemen "held the fort" until reinforcements arrived. During the melee the barrier outside the pay-box was broken, and some windows were smashed. A sergeant drew his truncheon and waved it above his head. None of the demonstrators managed to enter the building. One undergraduate climbed to the roof and shouted: "The King! God bless him" at which there was loud cheering. Several attempts were made to throw people into the river.

LLOYD'S NEW VENTURE.

A correspondent learns that in the near future Lord Lloyd intends to make a bold bid to obtain Conservative support for a move to discord the Liberal Nationals and National Socialists and adopt a new programme. For this purpose offices have been taken in St. Stephen's House, Westminster. From these headquarters the generalissimo will plan and conduct his projected flanking manoeuvres which will be described as a "forward progressive movement". It is not known in exactly what quarter of the party Lord Lloyd expects to find allies in his campaign. It is probable that he hopes to gain support from those who have been prominent in the activities of the India Defence League. A few preliminary rockets may be released at any moment. But the first salve is not likely to be fired before November 21, when his Lordship is to speak at the "English Review" dinner. He has by now made it clear that he sees very little good either in the policy or composition of the National Government.

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MR. RAO SUGGESTS HOSPITAL FOR BESANT MEMORIAL

Reproduces Pandit Motilal's Appeal Issued In 1928 Urging People To Commemorate Her Services To Country

MADRAS, (By Mail).

Mr. B. Shiva Rao has issued the following in connection with the Besant Memorial:—

"I am sending for publication an appeal signed by the late Pandit Motilal Nehru, Dr. M.A. Ansari and Sir C.P. Ramaswami Aiyer at the end of 1928 for a memorial in honour of Dr. Besant. I ventured to approach Mahatma Gandhi also for his support. He promptly replied offering to write independently in full support of the scheme. Unfortunately, however, further steps could not be taken to give concrete shape to the proposal at the time.

Now that the idea of a suitable memorial for Dr. Besant is under consideration, I am releasing this statement for publication. I would add that there is already an offer of Rs. 40,000 for a maternity Home from Mr. Ramaswami Pillay a philanthrophic gentleman living in Choolai, Madras. It strikes me that that amount may well be made the nucleus for a fund for establishing a hospital for women and children, with a maternity ward attached. I earnestly hope that the several organisations which Dr. Besant founded and inspired will take up the matter and enable the hospital to be started at an early date.

THE APPEAL.

Dr. Annie Besant completed 81 years on the first of October this year (1928). Of this long and splendid existence she has spent nearly half a century in a passionate service of India. Every sphere of national life, religious, educational social and political has been vitalised by her rich intellectual gifts, her incessant activities and her remarkable capacity for organisation. Posterity will accord her in the regeneration of modern India a place which is unique.

The undersigned feel confident that there will be throughout the country a keen desire, on the eve as India is of a rebirth, to honour this noble lady, to show her while she is still in our midst that from our hearts we appreciate her and are deeply grateful to her.

APPROPRIATE MEMORIAL.

It has been suggested that the only form of recognition of her services, however inadequate it may be, which would be acceptable to her, is something which will be of service to India. Taking this into consideration, we have decided that the most appropriate form will be a hospital for women and children in her name, to be situated in Madras. We venture to think that this will be particularly acceptable to her, for she has worked for the welfare of women and children and from the very commencement of her Indian work.

We are not proposing an institution on a large scale. It is not the size that matters, but the fact that this hospital will be a token of the gratitude and affection of the whole of India.

Signed: Motilal Nehru; C. P. Ramaswami Aiyer and M.A. Ansari."—A.P.

FINANCE MINISTER RESIGNS

Indore Maharaja Asks Him To Reconsider

(From A Correspondent)

INDORE, Nov. 21.

It is reported that Mr Raghawan, Finance Minister of the Indore State, has tendered his resignation and that H. H. has asked him to reconsider the step.

EARTHQUAKE IN ARCTIC REGION

LONDON, November 22.

The mysterious prolonged earthquake shocks the great magnitude of which perturbed seismologists on the night of November 20 has evoked no reports of disasters.

The silence is now explained by experts locating the upheaval in Baffin Bay 70 degrees West, 73 degrees North in the Arctic region.

The area hitherto has been free from shocks.—Reuter.

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GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Nov. 22.

SETTLEMENT SCRIPS.

3 1/2 p.c. G.P.N. Sett	81/7/6
3 1/2 p.c. G.P.N. Cash	81/8/0
4 p.c. 1960/70 Sett	97/12/0
4 p.c. 1960/70 Cash	97/13
5 p.c. 1945/55 Sett.	113/13
5 p.c. 1945/55 Cash	113/14

TAXFREE.

5 p.c. 1955 Mysore	113/8
5 1/2 p.c. 1938 Mysore	109/10
6 1/2 p.c 1935 B.D.L.	107/2
3 1/2 p.c. 1947/50 Cash	93/0
4 p.c. 1934/37 Cash	100/12
4 p.c. 1943 Cash	100/13
4 1/2 p.c. 1934 Cash	101/6
4 1/2 p.c. 1955/60 Cash	105/0
5 p.c. 1939/44 Cash	105/6
5 p.c. 1940/43 Cash	105/5
5 p.c. 1935 Cash	103/13
5 1/2 p.c. 1938/40 Cash	107/4
6 1/2 p.c. 1935 T.B.	106/10

CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLE).

4 p.c. B.P.T. 1974	95/0
4 p.c. M. Debb. 1974	94/0
5 p.c. M. Deb. 1959	106/8
6 p.c M. Deb 1954	118/0
6 p.c. K.P.T. 1956	118
6 1/2 p.c. B.I.T. 1937	108/8

NOTE.—3 1/2 per cent paper opened to-day at Rs. 81/12 and declined to Rs. 81/6 on tired long liquidation. At the close there was scattered covering which rallied prices to Rs. 81/7/6.

JUTE SHARES RULE STEADY

Moderate Turnover In Coals And Teas Keep Steady

CALCUTTA, November 22.

Jute Shares ruled steady with moderate business passing. In Coals moderate turnover resulted at unchanged rates. Teas kept steady. In Miscellaneous Bengal-Assam Steamship (ordy.). National Insurance and National Indian Life Insurance marked a big rise over their last quotations. Securities were weak. Following were the closing quotations:—

SECURITIES.

Three per cent paper 69|4 small lot; 3-1|2 per cent paper 81|12; 3-1|2 per cent New Loan 1947|50 92|13; 4 per cent Loan 1934|37 100|14; 4 per cent Loan 1943 101|1; 4-1|2 per cent bonds 1934 101|7; 4-1|2 per cent Loan 1955|60 105|3; 5 per cent Loan 1945|55 114|4 small lot; 5 per cent U. P. Bonds 1944 107 5-3|4 per cent Punjab Bonds 1937 107 small lot; 5-1|2 per cent loan 1938|40 107|7 small lot; 6-1|2 per cent Treasury Bonds 1935 106|7.

RAILWAYS.

Hardwar Dehra Branch Railway 105; Shahdara Delhi Saharanpur Light 121.

COALS.

Amalgamated 15; Equitable 22|9; Katras Jherriah 31|4; Ranegunge 43; South Karanpura 6.

JUTES.

Anglo-India 325|8; Barnagore pref. 54|8; Dalta 323; Howrah 48|5 ex-div; Hukumchand ordy. 11|8; Hukumchand pref. 99|8; Kamarhatty 490; Kinnison 567 small lot; National 21|10; Reliance 69 ex div.; Bengal Aerating Gas 65; Benares electric old 12|8 small odd lots; National Indian Life Insurance 230; National Insurance 800; B. I. Corporation pref. 106|8; Bengal Assam Steamship ordy 181.

SUGARS.

Belsund 10|8; Carew and Co., 14|12 small odd lots; Cawnpore 32|4; Ryam 34|8 small lot.

TEAS.

Banarhat pref. 131 small lots; Betjan 25|12; Dhelakaat 21|10; Dimakusi 27|4; East India 15|14; New Samanbagh 23; Soom 16.

DEBENTURES.

8 per cent 1921|36 Titaghur Paper Mills Debentures 108|4 small lots.—A.P.

BHAI PARMANAND BLAMES CONGRESS

Says Jawaharlal Is Living In "World Of Dreams"

NEW DELHI, November 22.

Bhai Parmanand, President of the Hindu Mahasaba, reviewing the position of the Hindu community refers to the remarks made by Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru and says that the Pandit is living in a world of dreams if he still believes that Hindu masses would care to take his advice in preference to that of the Hindu Mahasabha. The Hindu masses want to be led. They might follow the Mahasabha if it undertook to lead them. They might follow any other movement if the Mahasabha remained altogether inactive.

BLAMES CONGRESS.

Bhai Parmanand blames the Congress for having encouraged communalism amongst Muslims. The situation is such that Muslims are now not prepared to tolerate the free expression of political opinion if it is prejudicial to them. The ideals of the Hindu Mahasabha are to present a clear contrast to the Congress theory of creating a new nation out of the amalgamation of Hindus, Muslims and others, which seems to be nothing short of building castles in the air.

Dr. Moonje, in a separate statement, also refers to the recent remarks of Pandit Jawaharlal in somewhat scathing terms.—A.P.

DOUBLE TRAGEDY

Doctor's Death Proves Too Much For Compounder

Stricken with grief at the death of his employer Dr. Miss P. M. Pandit, a popular doctor in the suburbs of Bombay, on Saturday Bhawoo Nilkanth Kulkarni (18), her compounder, is stated to have ended his life by taking a fatal dose of some drug on Monday evening.

Miss Pandit, it will be remembered, died of sceptic poisoning. Kulkarni had been attending on her in the hospital day and night along with her brother, and her death shocked him so much that he would not be consoled by anybody.

On Monday morning, he visited the house of his late employer's brother at Khar and had his bath and meals there. He left the house at noon with a bag of medicines, which were to be disposed off.

Mr. Yeshwant Mangesh Pandit, the late Doctor's brother, received information at 3 p.m. that Kulkarni, was growing more and more nervous every moment and his state of mind was causing anxiety to his relatives. Mr. Pandit immediately started for the dispensary on Tulsi Pipe Road, Dadar.

FOUND LIFE EXTINCT.

When he reached the place, the door of the Dispensary was found bolted inside. There was no response to his repeated knocks. The door was therefore forced open with an iron bar. Inside Mr. Pandit found the compounder lying still on a bench, with a measuring glass by his side. A doctor was immediately summoned who after examining Kulkarni found life extinct.

The Mahim Police were immediately communicated with and the body removed to the morgue.

At the inquest held on Tuesday by the City Coroner, Waman Nilkanth Kulkarni, the deceased's brother deposed that his brother had been greatly upset at Miss Pandit's death. He had slept with his brother at the Dispensary on Sunday night and on Monday morning, he had left for his work in a printing press. He heard in the evening that his brother was dead.

The Coroner ordered the stomach contents to be sent to the chemical analyser and adjourned the inquest to December 1.

DRY WEATHER FORECAST

A Few Rainfalls In Malabar, C. P. And Assam

POONA, November 22.

The western disturbance has passed away eastwards after causing a few light showers in Kashmir.

A few falls of rain are also reported from Malabar, the Central Provinces, Orissa and Assam.

Chief amounts of rainfall are: Nagpur one inch; Seoni three-quarters; Raipur a quarter and Trivandrum one.

Forecast: Dry weather generally.—A.P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 22-11-1933.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours—.045 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 79.0 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.0 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 87.7 degrees (0.7 below normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 75.6 degrees (4.6 above normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a. m. 86 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. S.E.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 9 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 97 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 12 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10).1

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 22-11-33.

At 8-7 A.M. local time (8-46 A.M. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 82.3 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.15 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.94 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

IN AID OF HOSPITALS

All Preparations For H. O. H. Fete In Maidan Are Complete

Arrangements for the display of fireworks to be held on the Esplanade Maidan, Bombay, on Friday night in aid of the Government and Municipal hospitals in the city are now almost complete. Everything possible has been done by the committee of the H. O. H. Fete to make the show a great success. The Governor and Lady Sykes will be present.

Judging from the rush at the H. O. H. Fete office for admission tickets, a large crowd of spectators is expected on the maidan, where stands have been erected. The sitting accommodation consists of both reserved and unreserved seats. Entrance to the stands will be from both the Bori Bunder end (opposite the Capitol Cinema) and from Esplanade Road.

There are as many as six blocks of reserved seats at Rs. 5, and Rs. 3-12 each. These are located in blocks A. B. C. and D. E. F. The entrance to the first three blocks will be at Esplanade Road, where arrangements for the parking of motor-cars have been made. Similar arrangements have been made near the other entrance, where blocks D. E. and F. are situated.

Immediately behind the reserved seats are, blocks G. H. I. J. K and L., entrance to which is from Esplanade Road; while the holders of tickets for the J. K. and L. blocks will find entrance at the junction of Bori Bunder and Waudby Road. Separate entrances are also provided for a large number of unreserved one rupee seats, which are located behind the blocks L. and G.

On Esplanade Road, adjacent to the H. O. H. Fete office, an open space has been reserved for fire-fighting shows by the Municipal Fire Brigade, under the supervision of Mr. Coombs, Chief Officer of the Brigade.

His Excellency the Governor and Lady Sykes will arrive at the Fete at 10 p.m. and will be received by the committee of the Fete. The display by the Municipal Fire Brigade will begin at 10-30 p.m., and it should prove both interesting and exciting. The display will last close on two hours.

Rugby.—The latest Treasury returns show that ordinary revenue for current financial year up to November 18 amounted to £360,653,564. At corresponding date last year amount stood at £347,079,349. Ordinary expenditure to date for the current year totalled £466,222,514 as compared with £499,511,987 up to corresponding date last year.—B. O. W.

COTTON

LATEST INFORMATION IS MONEY ITSELF

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Trade Adviser To Be Sent To India?

Welcoming Textile Delegation, Hoare Stresses Importance Of Increasing Indian Cotton Consumption By Lancashire

LONDON, Nov. 21.

A deputation of the Textile Delegation headed by Sir W. Clare-Lees was received by Mr. Runciman and Sir S. Hoare, to whom they reported the results of their mission to India and urged on the Government the importance of following up without delay the work of the delegation by negotiations with the Government of India for agreement regarding cotton and artificial silk goods on lines of the Ottawa Agreements.

Mr. Runciman promised that the Government would carefully consider the question at an early date.

He congratulated Sir W. Clare-Lees and colleagues on their work in India, particularly the agreement with the Bombay Millowners Association, which he regarded as a most useful achievement illustrating the value of direct discussions between industrialists.

MUTUAL UNDERSTANDING.

Sir Samuel Hoare stated that the negotiations happily resulted in the establishment of greater mutual understanding between Lancashire and the cotton industry in India. The Government of India were greatly appreciative of the manner in which the delegation had conducted negotiations.

Sir S. Hoare emphasised the importance of increasing the consumption of Indian raw cotton by Lancashire.

Although no hint was given of the intention of the Government, the members of the delegation believe that a Trade Adviser will be sent out.—Reuter.

DEATH FROM POISONED TEA

NEW DELHI, Nov. 21.

A couple of tragic deaths owing to the taking of poisnous tea occurred here this morning. Dhaniyama Mason, who recently came from Agra and was staying in a house in Paharjang, prepared the tea and took it, along with his wife and two children. It appears that as soon as they took tea they became unconscious. The landlord first thought they were asleep but later finding them in that state for a long time tried to rouse them. He only suceeded in bringing the wife back to consciousness and it was then discovered that they had taken poisonous tea to which the children had already fallen victims. Dhaniram and his wife were immediately removed to hospital where the former is still lying unconscious while the latter has regained consciousness.—A. P.

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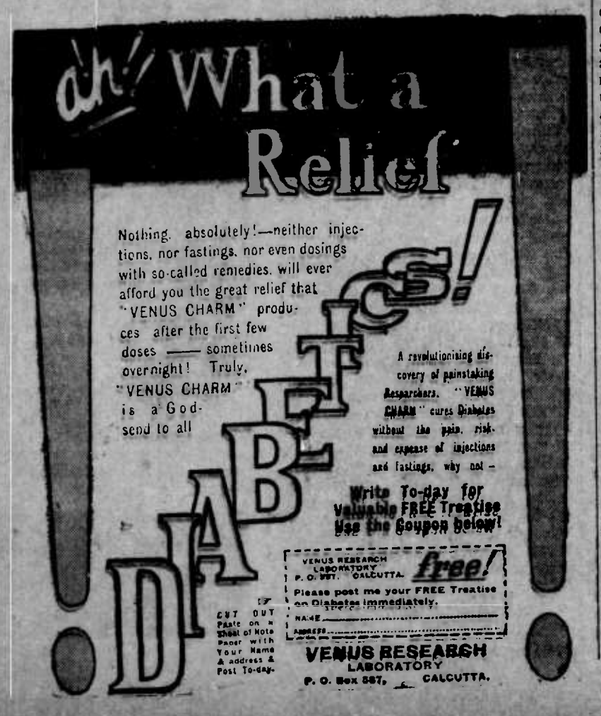
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JAWAHARLAL & MAHASABHA

In His Rejoinder, Panditji Says His Main Criticism Holds Good

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 21.

Interviewed by the representative of the "Leader" on the criticisms of his remarks about the Hindu Mahasabha, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru said that he was glad that his remarks had galvanized a number of people and made them think furiously. The Pandit said,

"My criticisms are related to the Hindu Mahasabha chiefly because I was addressing a purely Hindu audience. But my remarks against communalism and anti-national activities apply in an equal measure to all communal organisations in India, whether Hindu, Moslem Sikh or any other community. There seems to be a race between them as to which can be more communal than the other. For a long time past, I have remained quiet on the subject, because I wished to ignore this aspect of Indian public life and hoped that national activities would gradually divert people's attention from it. But matters have come to such a pass that I felt that silence on the subject would in itself be a compromise and acceptance of this evil."

MUSLIM COMMUNALISTS.

We all know of the communal and reactionary outlook and activities of Muslim communalists in India. But there is a misapprehension in some quarters that Hindu communalists are grayer in colour and not quite so black as others. This notion is thoroughly unjustified as the attitude of the Hindus Mahasabha and many other Hindu organisations especially in Northern India, whether connected or not connected with the Mahasabha, has conclusively demonstrated during the last year."

ARYA KUMAR SABHA.

The Pandit stated that he got the resolutions of the Arya Kumar Sabha from an official of the Sabha and added that his main criticism would hold good as it was based on the activities of Hindu communalists during the last many months.—A. P.

ATTACK ON MAHASABHA RESENTED

Raja Narendranath's Reply To Jawahar

LAHORE, (By Mail.)

Dewan Bahadur Raja Narendranath, Leader of the Hindu Urban Party in the Punjab Legislative Council has issued the following statement:—

The sweeping condemnation of the activities of the Hindu Mahasabha made by Pandit Jawahar Lal Nehru at a meeting of the students of the Benares University, held under the presidentship of Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, has caused me great pain.

SPIRITUAL HERITAGE.

The Benares University stands for the maintainance and perpetuation of that spiritual heritage of which every Hindu is proud. Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya is one of the founders of the Hindu Mahasabha.

POLITICAL ENTITIES.

It is well known that the Indian constitution is not going to be framed on Nationalistic lines. The efforts of the Congress to build such a constitution have so far failed. Hindus and Muslims have been treated as separate political entities.

The Hindus are more disunited and disorganised than any other community in India, and no other community stands more in need of solidarity than the Hindus who are a nebulous mass. They cannot function as a political entity unless organised. If the efforts of other communities to bring about solidarity amongst themselves are not condemned, I do not see why Hindus deserved any odium.—A. P.

DEVALUE RUPEE

The Federation of Bombay Commercial Associations has passed the following resolution:—

"The Committee of the Federation of Bombay Commercial Associations are of the opinion that it is highly essential in the best interests of the country to take prompt measures to devalue the rupee so as to raise the prices of commodities; that any further delay in this direction will only utterly ruin agriculture, industry, trade and commerce of the country and reduce the masses to utter misery. Committee are firmly convinced that 18d. ratio and the consequent manipulations by the Government to maintain the same at that artificially high level have been disastrous to the economic life of the country and strongly protest against the policy of the Government to fix that ratio by the indirect means of Reserve Bank Bills."

The statue of late Mr. Vithal Sayanna was unveiled by Sir Frederick Sykes at Thana on Friday evening.

UNFORTUNATE STATEMENTS

Acharya Regrets Jawahar's Attack On Mahasabha

MADRAS, Nov. 20.

Mr. C. Vijayaraghavachari, ex-President of the Indian National Congress and the All-India Hindu Maha Sabha in the course of a statement on the observations made recently on the Maha Sabha by Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru said that he felt greatly distressed because of his great personal friendship, attachment and regard for the two Pandits and also because the great organisation of the Maha Sabha free from prejudices had been needlessly attacked.

He added that the country was under very great obligation to the two Pandits and should be slow to get into excitement over the unfortunate statements made by them.—A. P.

PLEA FOR CONSTRUCTIVE PROGRAMME

Mr. Sarkar Criticises Jawaharlal's Plan

CALCUTTA, Nov. 22.

Mr. Nalini Ranjan Sarkar presiding over the quarterly meeting of the Bengal National Chamber of Commerce, strongly criticised the economic programme recently propounded by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Characterising Pandit Nehru's programme as highly contentious.

Mr. Sarkar said that the economic condition of the peasants and labourers required considerable improvement, but it did not call for methods which brought consternation to the commercial community. However, the purpose could be better achieved by a sound and constructive plan.

For the advancement of trade and industry of the province, Mr. Sarkar urged a planned action and the establishment of model concerns.—A. P.

INDIAN SCIENCE CONGRESS

Venue Of Session Changed To Bombay

Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar, Vice-Chancellor, Bombay University writes:—

The venue of the next Session of the Indian Science Congress has been changed on account of plague from Poona to Bombay. The Session will take place in the University and the Royal Institute of Science under the patronage of H. E. the Governor and Chancellor of the University of Bombay.

Arrangements are now being made by the Local Secretaries to constitute a representative Reception Committee for the Reception of the delegates. All those who are interested in the progress of Science and Civilization are requested to make the Session a success by enrolling themselves either as Vice-Patrons, Donors or Members of the Reception Committee by paying Rs. 250, Rs. 100 and Rs. 25 respectively. These fees include the full Membership of the Bombay Meeting of the Indian Science Congress.

INSTALLING SHIVAJI'S STATUE

Representation Made To Dewan Of Baroda

BARODA, (By Mail).

Representations have been made by the public of Baroda and the Baroda City Municipality to Sir V. T. Krishnamachari, Dewan of Baroda, to instal the statue of Shivaji made by a Bombay sculptor on the Nyaya Mandir Railway Station or Jubilee Bagh premises.—A.P.

BLACK FLAGS FOR MAHATMA

Akola Sanatanists Try To Obstruct Gandhiji's Path

"UNSEEMLY INCIDENT"

Gandhiji Says, He Would Not Summon Police Aid, But Would Suffer Their Insult.

CHIKALDA, Nov. 21.

Mahatma Gandhi spent his day of silence with Mr. Jamnalal Bajaj and Mr. A. V. Thakkar at Chikalda. Before reaching this place he visited Murtizapur, Shegaon, Khamgaon, Balapur, Wadegaon, Vyala, Akola, Akut, Anjangaon and Pathraot.

Gandhiji was presented with a purse and an address by the Khamgaon-Anjuman who parisèd his Harijan work as a manifestation of Human brotherhood. The address referred to his efforts to bring about Hindu-Muslim Unity.

SIMPLE JUSTICE.

Gandhiji in his reply, repeated his declaration that his campaign against untouchability was designed to purify Hinduism and to do simple justice to the Harijans. To him it was a purely religious movement. He declared his faith in Hindu-Muslim Unity, but admitted his failure to achieve it through conferences. He was ever praying for unity among all communities.

In the evening he addressed a public meeting where the local municipality presented him with an address, in the course of which they requested him not to advocate the passage of the temple entry bills before the Assembly.

In his reply, Gandhiji refuted the argument that the bills implied compulsion or interference with the religious freedom. The bills only sought to redeem the pledge given by representatives of Hindu India last year in Bombay. The presence of thousands at meetings addressed by him and the generous purses he had been receiving were a sure sign to him that the Hindu masses were ready for the reform.

FUROR IN MEETING.

At Akola a party of about ten sanatanists attempted to obstruct Gandhiji's path lying prostrate in front of his car and black flags were waved at him.

At a public meeting he addressed at Akola he referred to both these incidents and said that while those who regarded themselves as sanatanists had every right to convert the public to their view, it was unseemly for for those who claimed to be sanatanists to resort to obstruction or even to wave black flags. He would not summon police aid against them, but would suffer the inconvenience. He advised the volunteers not to be rude to sanatanists, but to seek to disarm them by uniformly courteous behaviour.—A. P.

CONSUMPTION OF INDIAN COTTON

Bombay, Nov. 22.

The following Statement of Indian cotton consumed in mills in India, Based on Returns made under the Indian Cotton Cess Act, 1923, by mills in British India and on voluntary Returns from mills in Indian States, is issued by the Indian Central Cotton Committee:—

(In bales of 400 lbs.)

CONSUMPTION

British India During October 1933 157,229; During October 1932 171,983; Since 1st Sept. 1933 307,-119; During corresponding period last year 345,491.

Indian States During October 1933 30,932; During October 1932 31,-884; Since 1st Sept. 1933 60,775; During corresponding period last year 62,976.

Total India During October 1933 188,161; During October 1932 203,517; Since 1st Sept. 1933 367,-894; During corresponding period last year 408,467.

NO DISCRIMINATION AGAINST JEWS

Pledge Given By German Olympic Committee Will Be Honoured

PITTSBURG, Nov. 21.

The National Convention of the American Athletic Union has received a cable from Berlin from the German Olympic Committee representatives reaffirming the pledge of non-discrimination against German athletes of the Jewish faith made in Vienna last June.

The cable reads: "We declare solemnly that the pledge undertaken in Vienna regarding the participation of German Jews in the Olympic Games and accepted as satisfactory by Messrs. Garland and Sherrill (American representatives at the Vienna Congress) will be strictly observed, and since that meeting neither the Government nor the Olympic Committee have issued any decree in order to discriminate against German Jewish athletes. We trust our American International Olympic Committee colleagues will stand to their Viennese vote." Signed Lewald, Mecklenburgschwerin and Ritter von Halt.

Herr Lewald is chairman of the German Olympic Committee, and others are members.—Reuter's Special.

Calcutta.—On a charge of criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 21,125 belonging to Government and conspiracy to commit forgery, Satish Chandra Bose, Post Master of the Uttadingi Post Office (east suburb) was sentenced on Tuesday by the Additional Sessions Judge, Alipore, to four years rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 10,000, in default another three years rigorous imprisonment.—A.P.

FRANCO-SYRIAN TREATY SIGNED

French Mandate Will Terminate At End Of Four Years

PARIS, Nov. 22.

The Franco-Syrian Treaty has been signed subject to ratification by the Syrian Parliament. The Treaty will terminate the French Mandate and prepare the way for Syria's entry into the League of Nations at the end of four years.

The Treaty provides for the maintenance of French influence on external policy and military matters.

The special agreement between the Syrian Government and the Iraq Petroleum Company will remain in force.—Reuter.

FRENCH CHAMBER DEBATES FINANCE

Very Gloomy Outlook For Government

PARIS, Nov. 22.

The financial debate opened in the Chamber. The outlook is blacker for Government than yesterday, the only group Government can count on being is the Radicals. M. Herriot, restored to health, was present and received an ovation, for he may be the next Prime Minister.—Reuter's Special.

Ajmer.—Several birds perished, trees were uprooted and streets waterlogged as a result of a severe hailstorm which swept over the city on Monday evening.

There was a drizzle in the evening which quickly developed into a storm.—A.P.

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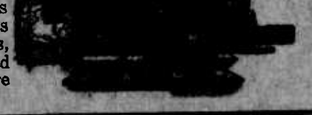

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Latest Commercial News.

BROACH COTTON TOUCHES LOWEST PRICE

New York Cotton Prices 8 Points Down

ROOSEVELT'S FAITH IN INFLATION

Sharp Rise In Indian Sterling Loan

For the first time on Wednesday, Broach cotton for A.M. 1934 delivery reached the lowest price of Rs 178|8 per candy. This is partly due to continued decline in dollar Exchange and boycott of Indian cotton by Japan. The undertone of the market is easy and operators are nervous.

ANOTHER U. S. RESIGNATION.

There was another resignation in the U.S.A. Treasury Office, as a result of difference with the President regarding the present financial policy. President Roosevelt firmly believes in inflationary programme and aims an orderly decline in dollar to raise commodity prices.

UNFOUNDED CITY RUMOURS.

There were unfouned rumours in the City, regarding France going off the Gold Standard. So far there is no confirmation but it is believed that the French Budget is not balanced and the situation continues uncertain which may lead to some strange developments.

LIVERPOOL COTTON WEAK.

The Liverpool Cotton market was weak and closed at a decline of 9 points. 3-1|2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan was firm and closed at a rise of £1 to £85-3|4. The New York Cotton market prices closed at a decline of 8 points.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

JANUARY.

New York, Nov. 22.

Previous Close	10.15
To-day's Opening	10.17
Difference	+.02
To-day's Close	10.07
Difference	—.08

Broach A.M. Expectation Rs. 178

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

New York, Nov. 22.

Resignation of yet another of President Roosevelt's financial advisers indicate growing dissatisfaction of the President's monetary policy which appears to have failed in raising commodity prices but evident determination of the President to fulfil his object gives hope that some new announcement will be made shortly. As a result of uncertainty surrounding future of Government's activities to curb fast depreciation in dollar and consequent fears of further flight of capital from American market became somewhat depressed although losses were not large.

The Session opened with January at 10.17 i.e., 2 points higher trading was generally very quiet with operators adopting waiting attitude but later in session prices were partially gave way under some realising and December liquidation influenced by the weaker liverpool advices January touching 10.13.

nuary touching 10.13. Later the market ruled easy and closed at a decline of 8 points.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Dec. 22.

Opening Range:—

December (10.06) 10|10; 10.09
January |(10.15) 10.17; 10.17.
March (10.32) 10.35; 10.35.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Nov. 22.

The Liverpool cotton futures market was due to open at a decline of 3 points but the market opened easy at a loss of 5 points. There was marked absence of any buying owing to improvement in sterling exchange. The undertone of the market was weak. There was scattered hedge selling and the market closed at a decline of 9 points as under:—

JANUARY.

Previous Close	4.92
To-day's Opening	4.87
Difference	—.05
To-day's Close	4.83
Difference	—.09

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay Nov. 22. 11-30 P.M.

The local cotton market remained featureless at night. There was scattered liquidation and some business was reported in Broach A|M. delivery at Rs. 178-8.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotation

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON.

New York, Nov. 22.

Previous Closing	5.37-1|4
To-day's Closing	5.41

DISCOUNTS

London, November 22.

3 months (1.1-1|32 p.c.) 1.1-1|32 p.c.
4 months (1.1|32 p.c.) 1.1|32 p.c.
6 months (1.7|32 p.c.) 1.7|32 p.c.

EXCHANGES.

London, November 22.

London on Bombay (1.5-27|32) 1.5-27|32.
Paris on Bombay (6.17-7|8) 6.22-1|8.
New York on Bombay (39.62) 40.12.
Berlin on Bombay (1.01-7|8) 1.01-7|8.
London on Milan (61.75) 62.15.
London on Shanghai (1.3-1|4) 1.3-1|4.
London on Kobe (1.2-1|16) 1.2-1|16.

LONDON SILVER.

London, Nov. 22.

Silver.—Featureless.

	Last price	To-day's price.
Spot	18-3|8	18-5|16
Forward	18-1|2	18-7|16

LONDON GOLD.

London. Nov. 22.

	Last price	To-day's price.
Gold Bars Fine per ounce	£6-7-0	£6-6-6

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.

London. Nov. 22.

Previous Close	5.36-1|4
To-day's Opening	5.44
To-day's Close	5.41

FRANC RATES.

London. Nov. 22.

Previous Close	83.37
To-day's Opening	83.40
To-day's Close	83.65

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Nov. 22

London exchanges opened with sterling dollar at 5.44 but soon declined to 5.42 1/4. However later in the session rate showed renewed activity at 5.44 but again eased off and closed at 5.41

Franc opened at 83.56 and gradually rose to 83.68 with a steady tendency but closed quiet at 83.65.

GOLD PRICE UNCHANGED

NEW YORK. Nov. 22.

Gold Prices unchanged.—Reuter.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT.

Liverpool, Nov 22

The Liverpool Wheat market opened on Wednesday quiet with December 53 1/2d., March 56 3/4d. and May 58 3/8d. about quarter penny lower. There was slight downward tendency due to absence of buyers owing discouraging foreign advices and business was again quiet.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

Chicago, Nov. 22

The Chicago Wheat market opened quieter on Wednesday with December dol. 0.87 3/4, May 1ol. 0.91 and July dol. 0.90 5/8 about 1 1/4 cents below previous closing. Business was small and uninteresting.

CHICAGO OATS AND RYE

Chicago, Nov. 22

Chicago Oats opened quiet with December at 34 5/8 and May at 38 1/4. Prices declined owing absence of enquiry and disappointing wheat advices.

Chicago Rye opened with December at 61 and May 68 1/8 with somewhat better tendency but business was at a standstill.

ARGENTINE LINSEED

Buenos Aires, Nov. 22

The Argentine Linseed market again opened firm and good business was put through. Quotation for February at noon stood at 9.87.

WOOL SALES

London, November 22.

Wool sales good general selection briskest competition. Bulk gold home and Continent 15|20 centum advanced. Last series Greasy inferior to average lower by 0|5-3|4. Higher 1|7-1|2 scored. Inferior to average lower 0|9-1|4 higher to 2|5-1|2.

JUTE.

London, Nov. 22.

First Marks c.i.f. Continent New crop (14-1|4) £14-1|4 sellers.
Dundee (16-1|2) £16-1|2.
Lightning (£15) £15.

RUBBER.

London, Nov. 22.

Spot (4-5|32) 4-1|8 paid value.
Jan.|Mar. (4-7|32) 4-5|32 paid value.

LINSEED.

London, Nov. 22.

Linseed Bombay (£11|5|16) £11-5-16 sellers.
Linseed Calcutta (£11-1|16) £11|1|16 sellers.
Linseed La Plata (£9-9|16) 9-3|8 sellers.
Rapeseed Toria (£9-5|8) £9-9|16 sellers.

TEA.

London, Nov. 22.

Indian Pekoe (0|10-3|4) 0|10-3|4
Indian Pekoe Higher (1|3) 1|3.
Ceylon Pekoe (1) 0-11-1|2.
Ceylon Pekoe Higher (2|3-1|2) 2|2-1|2.

METALS.

London, Nov. 22.

Tin (£227-7|8) £227-3|8 steady.
Lead (£11-3|16) £11-3|16 steady.
Iron (£65) £65.
Electrolytic Copper (£32-1|2 to 33-1|2) £32-1|2 to 33-1|4.

COTTON PARITY.

Bombay, Nov. 22.

Messrs. Bruel & Co., in their report state as under:—

"There has been considerable talk of late about the possible detrimental effect of the depreciated dollar on the export demand of our cotton, it is therefore interesting to look back 12 months to find that December New York was then quoted 6.04, the Cross Rate 3.27 and April|May Broach Rs. 212|- With the cross rate today at 5.35 and December New York at 10.06, the fall in the value of dollar is fully counteracted by the higher prices now ruling in the New York market, and as Broach is to-day Rs. 180| Indian cotton is surely in a better position to compete than it was then.

As our crop is now estimated to be about the same as last year it can safely be assumed that the price of Indian Cotton would not be where it is but for the Japanese boycott and to make a bogey of the depreciated dollar is to deliberately mislead."

London Stock Exchange

Sharp Rally In Gilt-Edged Securities Feature Of The Day

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Nov. 22.

The Stock Exchange after a very dull session finally improved slightly, gilt-edged securities especially rallying.

Newfoundland bonds came into favour following the publication of the Royal Commissions report and 3-1|2 advanced over 8 points to 98.

Foreign Exchanges entinued to weaken but with the French franc at 83.93 control was operated and brought the rate to 83.65.

Cereals held for higher prices but trading on all the commodities remained very quiet.

Wall Street opened quietly and became firmer, but prices subsequently moved irregularly.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

LONDON, Nov. 22.

3-1|2 per cent. Indian Sterling Loan opened unchanged at £84-3|4 on Wednesday but later on recorded a sharp rise of £1 and closed at £85-3|4.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Nov. 22.

Opening quotations on the New York Stock Exchange on Wednesday were as under:—

General Motors (33-3/8) 33 1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining (16-1/4) 16 3/8
U. S. Steel Common (45-1/4) 44 1/2
U. S. Steel Pref. (83-3/8) unquoted.

LONDON STOCKS

London, Nov. 22

The London Stock Exchange markets were generally inactive. Giltedged securities were rather irregular. Industrials were generally featureless. Internationals were weaker.

RUBBER SHARES

London, Nov. 22

Anglo-Dutch Rubber (18/10-1/2) 19
Gula Kelampong (17/6) 17/6)
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (26) 26/3

MINING SHARES.

London, Nov 22

Nundydoorg (56/3) 55
Burma Corporation (13/3) 13
Rio Tintos (£18-1/4) £18 1/8
East Rand Proprietory (35) 34/4 1/2
Rand Mines (111/3) 111/3

BRITISH FUNDS.

London, Nov. 22

2-1/2 per cent Consols (£73-3/8) £73 3/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£100-1/4) £100 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£110-5/8) £110 5/8
4 per cent Funding Loan (£110-1/2) £110 3/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£100) £100
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£109-1/2) £109 3/8

LONDON OIL SHARES.

London, Nov. 22

Venezula (32/6) 31/10 1/2
Anglo-Persian (47/6) 46/10 1/2
Burma Oil (86/3) 85
Mexican Eagle (10-10-1/2) 10/7 1/2
Shell Transport (51/3) 50 7/2
Royal Dotch (£21-5/8) 21 1/2

SHANGHAI EXCHANGE.

Shanghai Nov. 22.

T. T. ON LONDON—

Previous Close	1.3 3|8
To-day's Opening	1.3 5|16
To-day's Close	1.3 5|16
Difference	—1|16

NEW YORK SILVER.

New York, Nov. 21.

Spot Silver	44-1|2+1|4c.
December	44.57+.11
January	44.80+.07

Tone:—Steady.

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, Nov. 22

Silver opened steady market was very quiet without any important developments after opening at 56/8 56/8 56/12 closed same rates. Gold opened quiet 32/1/6 32/2 32/2/9 market at first became depressed on banks and importers selling while further ensued on easier Paris exchange however some covering and profit-taking caused some advance thereafter prices kept pace with fluctuations in Paris exchange finally closed steady 32/1/3 32/1/9 32/2/6 for ready, Magsar and Posh deliveries respectively.

INDIAN LOANS

London, November 22.

3 per cent Indian Stock (£72-1|4) £72-1|4.
3-1|2 per cent Indian Stock (£84-3|4) £84-3|4.
3-1|2 per cent New Indian 1954|59 £2 discount.
4 1|2 per cent Indian Stock 1950|55 (£108-1|4) £108-1|4.
(£108-1|2) £108-1|4.
4 per cent New India 1948|53 £103) £102-1|2.
4 1|2 per cent Indian 1958|58
4 1|2 per cent Indian 1958|68 (£110-1|2) £110-1|2.
5 per cent Indian 1942|47 (£109-1|2) £109.

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

London, November 22.

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945|65 (£100-1|4) £100-1|4.

INDUSTRIALS.

London, Nov. 22.

Brazilian Traction (dol. 10-3|4) dol. 10-1|2.
International Holding (dol. 1-5|8) dol. 1-1|2.
Hydro-Electric (dol. 5-1|2) dol. 5-1|4.
Electro Musical Industries (15-6) dol. 15.
Pinchin Johnson (30|6) 30|3.
Imperial Chemical Ord. (30|6) 29|7-1|2.
Woolworth new Ordinary (95.4-1|2) 96.
Sweedish Match 'B' (9|10-1|2) 9-7|2.
Dunlop Rubber (36.4-1|2) 38|10-1|2.
Unilver Ordinary (25|3) 24|10-1|2.
Ford Motors (22|1-1|2) 21|9.
Cables and Wireless 'B' (10-1|2) 10-3|8.
British American Tabacco 109|4-1|2) 100-8|9.
Carreras 'A' (7-7|8) £7-7|8.
Imperial Tobacco Ord. (110|6) 110.
P. and O. S. N. Co. Def. (17) 17.
Distillers (81|3) 80.
Bradford Dyers (15|9) 15|7-1|2.
British Celanese (14) 13|4-1|2.
J. and P. Coats Ord. (61) 60|9.
Courtaulds Ord. (41|7-1|2) 41|1-1|2.
Fine Cotton Spinners (14) 14|3.
Vickers Ltd. Or. 8.4-1|2) 8|1-1|2.
Int., Nickel (dol. 21-1|8) dol. 20-3|8
Bengal Iron and Steel Co. (4|9) 4|9.
Tata Iron and Steel (£10-1|2) £110-1|2.

TEA SHARES

London, Nov. 22.

Assam Company (26.10-1|2) 26|10-1|2.
Douars Tea (49|4-1|2) 48|9.
Empire of India and Ceylon (27|6) 28|9.
Barnagore (8.3|4) £8.3|4.

Indian Overseas Trade Figures Show 5 Crores Favourable Balance

"The following monthly figures of Indian Overseas Trade have been received from the Director-General of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics, Calcutta, for the month of October:—

	Rupees in lakhs.
A. Total imports of private merchandise	10.62
B. Total exports of private merchandise	12.91
C. Net movement of treasure exports	329
D. Total visible balance of trade, merchandise and treasure in favour of India	561x
E. Balance of remittances of funds adverse to India	244

xExcluding goods such as Railway materials for State Railways under Company Management which are not paid for in the ordinary way and cannot be taken into account in the balance of trade."

DOLLAR DEPRECIATION DISASTROUS TO INDIA

Our Cotton Export Sure To Suffer, As America Will Compete With Us Most Advantageously On Unequal Footing, Says Principal Davar

Interviewed in connection with the depreciation of the American Dollar and the present rupee-pound ratio, Principal Sohrab R. Davar said:—

"The rate at which the American Dollar is being depreciated is alarming, and if we in India were to sit helplessly and not take such measures as we can to press on the Government the urgent need of the depreciation of rupee, the position would be disastrous.

"As it is, the present absurdly high ratio at which the pound is linked, has, virtually speaking, ruined our export trade which means the agricultural population. The balance of trade has fallen to an extent which would sever have been allowed by a national government, watching the interest of India. The internal prices of commodities have also fallen to the lowest ebb through the same cause, and we are being driven to bankruptcy.

ANOTHER RIVAL.

As if this was not enough, we find that we are now confronted with another rival, besides Japan I mean the United States of America who are sure to hit us hard through their efforts to break their Dollar to the lowest ebb, possibly with a view to raise their internal values and prices be able to compete with all the nations of th world taking advantage of this breaking of the Dollar on the world's market. Our export of cotton is sure to suffer under the circumstances perhaps more than the exports of other commodities such as Linseed in which America will compete with us most advantageously and on unequal footing.

BIGGEST COTTON PURCHASER.

"If matters are left where they are, I should not be surprised even if the Japanese riggle out of their contemplated arrangements of their quota of purchasing our cotton against their quota of our buying their cloth. One cannot, however much he dislikes the idea of our biggest purchaser of cotton, viz., Japan, being thus bought over by America, neither can one blame Japan for buying the materials she wants at the cheapest possible price. In the world's trade, sentiment has not much place, particularly with a nation which has no sentimental relationship or interest, not even political with this country. It is anticipated by those who are in the best position to know facts that the Dollar is to be considerably depreciated according to the American programme and that the cross-rate might even touch seven Dollars. Under these circumstances the Government of India as well as the Secretary of State in England will be compelled, in my opinion within a very short time by force of circumstances to readjust the position of the rupee.

ALARMING CONDITION.

All that I feel is that most precious time is being wasted in this direction, which means a tremendous loss suffered from day to day by the industry as well as the exports of this country. The opponents of de-valuation of rupee, which virtually means adjusting the rupee to its correct equitable value in the world's economy, cannot help admitting that this de-valuation will stimulate the exports of commodities of this country as well as tend to raise the prices. Their only excuse happens to be that this phenomenon is likely to be temporary, an excuse for which they have no solid or valid reasons to advance. They also vaguely hint at some future disastor (we are not told the exact nature of it) which may follow. While almost all the important nations of the world have devalued their currency, it is an absurdity to say that the devaluation of our rupee is either not necessary or that such devaluation would not bring us the same advantage which countries like Japan are at present reaping. The present condition is no doubt alarming, so much so that even the British people are frightened at this de-valuation of the Dollar and are crying out for something being done to save their Indian trade and Indian interest in competition with America on the Indian market. This is because Britain has stolen a march over America on the Indian market and the trades, such as that of motor-cars, where America at one time was pre-dominant and now that America has de-valued its Dollar, it threatens to re-capture its trade from the shaking hands of Great Britain.

TALK ABOUT BOUNTIES.

Thus the British nation also joins us in our cry for some readjustment in the external value of currencies under the hope that its American rival in some form or other may be checkmated. Instead of going about the remedy in a correct form of devaluing the rupee and thereby restoring India its lost trade and industry and releving the agriculturists from their distress, some people are talking about bounties being given to agriculturists with a view to help them in these days of abnormally low prices. There cannot be a more stupid argument than this advanced from any responsible quarter because bounties must be paid from somewhere and the State will find it impossible to get these bounties by any additional taxation. Even if it does try to get same, it would mean accelerating the pace at which we are being driven to bankruptcy to-day.

DUTY OF M.L.A.'S

I sincerely hope that the members of the Legislative Assembly will do their duty to the country by seeing that the only remedy which is open to us is taken, viz., devaluation of our rupee, even if this means the wrecking of the Central Reserve Bank bill or delaying the reforms. Lest I be misunderstood I make it clear that I should be very sorry indeed if the Reserve Bank Bill is not passed but I am afraid with the ratio perpetuated in sections 40 and 41 as is attempted to be done, the bill will be more injurious than a delay of a few years in the passing of an Act giving us a Central Reserve Bank As to the reforms I am personally indifferent whether they are passed or not for the simple reason that in my opinion we stand to lose more here than gain.

I would rather prefer the present constitutional position to continue than the country be economically ruined to the perpetuation of abnormally high ratio and exploitation of our trade and industries by other nations.

PRICE AGAINST GOLD STANDARD

LONDON, November 22.

Lloyds' Underwriters are quoting a premium of 30 to 40 guineas per cent against France abandoning gold standard by 31st December.—Reuter's Special.

Ordinary washing
RUINS YOUR HAIR

SOAP should be used very carefully, if you want to keep your hair looking its best. Many soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much free alkali. This dries the scalp, makes the hair brittle, and ruins it.

The best thing for steady use is Mulsified cocoanut oil shampoo, which is pure and greaseless, and is better and more economical than anything else you can use.

Two or three teaspoonfuls is sufficient to cleanse your hair and scalp thoroughly. Simply moisten the hair with water and rub it in. Mulsified makes an abundance of rich, creamy lather, which rinses out easily, removing every particle of dust, dirt, dandruff and excess oil. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and it leaves the scalp soft, and the hair fine and silky, bright, lustrous, fluffy, wavy, and easy to manage.

C-94

MULSIFIED COCOANUT OIL SHAMPOO

N. Y. Cotton Quiet On Long Liquidation

SPECULATORS HOLDING ALOOF

Further Resignation From Treasury Office

DECEMBER TENDERS RESTRICT BUSINESS

Bombay, Nov. 22.

On Tuesday the New York Cotton futures market opened at about the highest level of the day at a rise of 7 to 8 points on higher Liverpool advices but later declined on long liquidation. There was considerable long liquidation of December contracts as delivery time is drawing near and issue of a large number of notices will have depressing effect on prices. There was some trade buying but in the absence of any speculative support prices fluctuated within a narrow range of 9 points and finally closed at a rise of 2 to4 points. Spot Cotton prices closed unchanged at 10.25c.

The New Orleans Cotton futures market was quiet but steady and closed at a rise of one to two points. Spot Cotton prices remained unchanged at 10.01c

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool Cotton futures market opened at a rise of points. There was a better feeling owing to firmness of Egyptian cotton, but the opening rise met with Bombay selling. In the afternoon the market was quiet with small trade calling and local calling. The market closed quiet but steady at a rise of to 2 points. Mddling American Spot Cotton prices advanced points at 5.10d. per lb.

FURTHER RESIGNATION.

It is reported that there was some further resignation from the U.S.A. Treasury offices. It is believed that several members in the Treasury are against any direct currency inflation. But President Roosevelt is firm in his conviction that inflation must be carried further to attain higher commodity prices to 1926 level. In this line he is prepared to depreciate dollar by 50 per cent as he firmly believes that unless the purchasing capacity of farmers improve industry will not be able to stand against the depression. The financial policy is thus liable to changes according to the need of developments. This uncertainty is mainly responsible for the present inactivity of speculation.

EXCHANGE CONTROL.

Business men in America recognize that the ability of the public to pay higher prices at retail, as the higher wholesale prices and increased costs of retailling are passed on to the consumer, is the chief uncertainty in the N. R. A. programme. If purchasing power fails to keep pace with the advance in prices, it becomes a necessity to control fluctuations in dollar exchange. Thus the Washington administration is trying to control fluctuations in exchange and prefer an orderly decline in dollar.

ACREAGE REDUCTION.

The "Cotton Trade Journal" states:—

"A great deal of noise was made this week over the Government's project of lending the growers ten cents a pound on their cotton but, quite possibly, not enough noise was made over the stipulation which is part of any such loans between Government and farmer that the grower shall agree to participate in acreage curtailment next season. This, of course, is a very loose sort of arrangement, very loose even among the many loose financial arrangements which have been made during the last year or so. So far as we are able to discover, a cotton grower may borrow Dol. 50 2 bale on his cotton and may or may not, pay off the loan and in the end, next spring, may or may not reduce his acreage. This is right in line with the seed loans of last spring but grower used the borrowed capital to put in an actual material increase in acreage.

PRIVATE CABLES:—

N. Y. January highest 10.21 +.08 (10 a.m.), lowest 10.12 —.01 (2-56 p.m.)

Liverpool January highest 4.93 (2-15 p.m.) lowest 4.89 (11-15 a.m.).

Messrs. Sarupchand Prithiraj have received the following cables:—

New York: December liquidation, well absorbed.

New York: Persistent buying from trade interests but speculative interest negligible pending more settled financial situation; little pressure: we continue to favour constructive position.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta & Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York: Further December switching, otherwise featureless.

New York: Ginning report was expected. Spot markets basis firm. Hedge selling light. Do not think circulation of notices will cause any material decline. Inflation progressing.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Nov. 21.

December 1933	....	10.06+.02
January 1934	....	10.15+.02
March 1934	....	10.32+.03
May 1934	....	10.46+.04
July 1934	....	10.59+.04
October 1934	....	10.76+.03
Middling Spot	....	10.25

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Nov. 21.

December	....	10.03+.02
January	....	10.13
Middling Spot	....	10.01

NEW YORK.

New York, Nov. 21.

New York, 10-55 a.m.:		
December	.....	10.0.
January	.....	10.18
March	.....	10.37
New York. Noon Call:—		
December	.....	10.10
January	....	10.18
March	.....	10.36

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, Nov 21.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	68,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	Nil
Day's Exports to the Continent	5,000

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

SAKELLARIDIS.

Liverpool, Nov. 21.

November	6.59
December	6.57
January	6.61
March	6.66
May	6.71
July	6.77
October	6.85
Middling Spot	6.81

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Nov. 21.

BROACH (Good Staple):—	
Fully Good	4.05
Fine	4.20
Superfine	4.35
OOMRA (No. 1 Stajle):—	
Good	4.20
Fine	4.35
Choice	4.50
BENGAL:—	
Good	3.32
Fine	3.42
Superfine	3.52
SCINDE:—	
Good	3.42
Fine	3.52
Superfine	3.62

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, Nov. 21.

November 1933	.....	4.92+.03
December 1933	.....	4.91+.04
January 1934	.... 4.01	4.92+.03
February 1934	.....	4.93+.03
March 1934	..... 4.93	4.94+.03
April 1934	.....	4.95+.03
May 1934	.....	4.96+.02
June 1934	.....	4.97+.02
July 1934	.....	4.99+.02
August 1934	.....	5.00+.02
September 1934	.....	5.01+.02
October 1934	.....	5.02+.02
November 1934	.....	5.03+.02
Middling Spot	.....	5.10+.04

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Nov. 21.

T.T. London on:—	
Berlin	13.65
Amsterdam	8.09-1/4
Brussels	23.41
Madrid	40.09
Milan	62.84
Berne	16.83
Paris	83.37
Prague	109.62
New York	5.36-1/4

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET.

London, Nov. 21.

Java Sugar Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25:—

C & F. Calcutta, Nov./Dec. per cwt., sellers 7/0-3/4.

C. & F. Bombay. Nov./Dec. per cwt., sellers 6/9-3/4.

C & F. Karachi, Nov./Dec. per later, £72-1/4.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Nov. 22.

Following a small rise of 2 to 4 points, the local market opened quiet at Rs. 180/4 for Broach A.M delivery. There was scattered buying which improved prices to Rs. 180.8 but later prices declined to Rs. 179/4 on nervous long liquidation. There were unfounded rumours of France going off the gold standard. The undertone of the market was weak. Quotations at market was weak.

Liverpool Market opened at a decline of 5 pts. and later on was reported 6 pts. down. Dollar Cross Rate was quoted at 5.42-1/2. Our market ruled easy and closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach A|M.	178|12
Oomra D|J.	157|12
Oomra March	158|12
Bengal D|J.	133|12
Bengal March	135|12

READY COTTON SALES

Bombay, Nov. 22.

60	Motiram Vughji	Hubli-Comptah	156 1/2
77	Do.	Wadhwan	161 1/2
20	Do.	Khakhrechi	160
50	Do.	Dhangadhra	164 1/2
28	Simplex Mill	Karachi	145
100	K Devchand Bagalkot		25 off
200	Bombay & Co. Broach		15 off
300	A Damodar Antoli		19 off
58	Do. Shegaon	New	1-1/2 off
200	Do.	Nandura	1/2 on
85	Do.	Telhara	157-1/4
35	B. Mavji	Pachora	139-1/4

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Nov. 22.

	Old.	New.
Bengal Superfine	...	141
Bengal Fine	...	139
Bengal F. G.	...	136
Sindh-Punjab Fine	...	139
Sindh-Punjab F. G.	...	136
Wardha-Hingt. Fine	 156	174
Nagpur-Savner Fine	 156	174
Yeotmal Fine	 152	167
Arvi Fine	 152	167
Ellichpur Fine	 152	164
Amraoti-Berar Fine	 150	163
Khamgaon Fine	 150	164
Mulkapur Fine	 148	159
Khandesh Fine	 143	157
Muthia F. G.	 130	...
Jalna-Sallu F. G.	 143	156
Burwah-Sanavad F. G.	. 153	...
Broach F. G.	 165	...
Cambodia	 220	...
Miraj-Sangli	 160	...
Compta Good	 170	...
Jinja	 278	...
Busoga	 285	...
Kampala	 288	...
Manza (new)	 277	...

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Bombay, Nov. 22.

Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales	Yester-day	This year.
Khandesh	953	10,268
Central India	77	4,161
Barsi & Nagar	694	10,027
Hyderabad-Gaorani		1,579
Berar	3,123	17,415
Central Provinces	316	4,160
Total Oomras	5,163	47,610
Dhollera		4,055
N.-W. Provinces	105	3,420
Rajputana	78	1,146
Sind-Punjab	198	2,350
Broach	56	2,519
Coompta & Dharwar Westerns-Northerns		5,503
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		2,988
Persian		4,929
American		356
Egyptian and African		7,879
Comilla, Burma & other sorts		30,414
Total	5,600	113,171

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

Bombay, Nov. 22.

1st Sept. to 16th Nov.

In full-pressed Bales	Yester-day	This year.
Europe	868	81,381
Japan & China	925	41,628
Coast Ports		2,053
Up-country by Rail		25,732
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		4,195
Total	1,793	154,989

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES.

Bombay, Nov. 22.

	Sup.	Fine	F.G.	Good
M.G. Bengal U.P.	142	139	136	133
M.G. Punjab	142	139	136	133
M.G. Rajputana	142	139	136	133
M.G. Oomra No. 3	164	161	158	...

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, Nov. 21.

Wheat, Rozario Santa Fe, Parcels, Jan./Apl. sellers 21.

Wheat, Barletta Russo. Parcels, November sellers 20/9.

Wheat, South Australian, Parcels, November sellers 23/3.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Nov. 21.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing closing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
Amer. Power & Light:—	
Com.	7-1/2
Pfd. 6 Dol.	....
5 p.c. P.A.	14
Amer. Forn. Power:—	
Com.	10-1/4
Gold D	40
7 p.c. P	21
Electric Bond:—	
Common	13-1/4
5 Dol. Pfd.	31
6 p.c. Pfd.	35
Consolidated Gas	38-1/2
Columbia Gas	10-1/2
Columbia Gas 6 p.c. Pfd. A	52-1/2
United Light & Power A	2-1/2
American Tel. & Tel.	120
Western Union Telg.	57
Radio Corp.	7
Chesapeake & Ohio	40
New York Central	37
Baltimore & Ohio R.R.	25
Erie R.R.	16
Pennsylvania R.R.	28
Union Pacific R.R.	111
National Dairy	18-1/2
Commercial Solvents	32
Hiram Walker	37
Distillers Seagram	20
Bethelehem Steel	33-1/4
United States Steel	44-1/4
American Smelting	45
Int. Nickel of Canada	22-1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	16
Kennecott Copper	23
Cerro de Pasco Copper	38
International Harvestor	43-1/4
General Motors	32-7/8
Nash Motor	20-7/8
Packard Motor	4
General Electric	21
Goodyear Tyre	38-1/4
Mid. Con. Petroleum	14-1/4
Philips Petroleum	17-1/2
Standard Oil of N.J.	47
Socony	16-1/4
American Radiator	14
Kelvinator	12
Colgate Palmolive	13
Lorrilard	17
Alaska Juneau	22-1/2
Chase Bank	19
National City Bank	20-3/4
Sun Life of Canada	410

TONE:—Market generally easier after early advance due to profit-taking.

HIGH & LOW COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Nov. 22.

Broach A\|May Op. 181-3/4; Highest 181-3/4; Lowest 180-1/2; Close 180-3/2.

Oomra D\|J. Op. 159-3/4; Highest 159-3/4; Lowest 159-1/4; Close 159-1/4.

Oomra March Op. 160-1/4; Highest 160-1/4; Lowest 160; Close 160-1/4.

Bengal D\|J. Op. 135-3/4; Highest 135-3/4; Lowest 135-1/2; Close 135-3/4.

Bengal March Op. 137-1/2; Highest 137-1/2; Lowest 137-1/4; Close 137-1/2.

COTTON STRADDLES.

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES.

New York-Liverpool Jany.—35; March —48; May —58.

Bombay-Liverpool Broach A\|May 180; Liverpool May 4.94—Rs. 35-1/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay-New York Broach A\|May 180; New York May 10.46—Rs. 36-1/2 at Cross Rate 5.37-1/4.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, Nov. 22.

F.P. Bales.	1933|34	1932|33
Receipts to date 21|11|33	4313000	4336000
Receipts Yesterday 21|11|33	68000	86000
Exports to date 21|11|33	3015000	2744000
Stock at Ports 17|11|33	4003000	4689000
Stock at Interior Towns 17|11|33	2151000	2249000
Stock at Liverpool 17|11|33	840000	741000
Visible Supply 17|11|33	8912000	9369000
Quantity in Sight 17|11|33	6885000	6733000
Quantity out of Sight 17|11|33	4526000	4141000

SEEDS.

London, Nov. 21.

Cottonseed Bombay. (Hull) c.i.f. per ton, no offers.

Castorseed Bombay, (Hull) c.i.f. per ton. Nov./Dec. sellers £10-0-0.

Rapeseed Toria, (Hull) c.i.f., per ton. Nov./Dec. sellers £9-12-6.

LONDON METALS.

London, Nov. 21.

Copper Braziers, £41-1/2

Yellow Metal, £35.

Spelter Hard Indian Brand, £14-3/4.

Corrugated sheets 24 gauge, £16-1/4.

Tin English Ingots, Liverpool F. O. B. £223-1/4.

COFFEE NEW YORK MARKET.

New York, Nov. 21.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) Spot 8-3/16.

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, Nov. 22.

B. C. RATES—
T T 1\|5 3\|4.
D D 1\|5 3\|4.

LONDON—
Banks Selling T T & D D 1\|5 13\|16.
Banks Selling T T 1\|5 13\|16 to December.
Banks Buying T T 1\|5 7\|8.
Banks Buying D D 1\|5 29\|32.
Banks Buying 3 Mos 1\|5 31\|32 Nov./Dec.

NEW YORK—
B C Rate T T 254 1\|4 nominal.
Banks Selling T T 252 1\|4 nominal.
Banks Buying T T 249 1\|4 nominal.

PARIS—
Banks Selling D D 615.
Banks Buying D D 625

AMSTERDAM—
Banks Selling D D 59 1\|2.

JAPAN—
Banks Selling T T 79 3\|4.
Banks Buying 60 Days 78 1\|2.

HONGKONG—
Banks Selling D D 97.

SHANGHAI—
Banks Selling D D 87.

SINGAPORE—
Banks Selling D D 157 3\|4.

JAVA—
Banks Selling D D 59 1\|4

BERLIN—
Banks Selling D D 100 1\|2.

CROSS RATES—
New York\|London 5.36 1\|2 21st inst.
Shanghai\|London 1\|3 5\|16 22nd inst.
Japan\|London 1\|2 3\|32 22nd inst.
London\|Paris 83.37 21st inst.
London\|Belgium 23.42 21st inst
London\|Switzerland 16.82 21st inst
London\|Italy 61.85 21st inst.
London\|Berlin 13.68 21st inst.
London\|Holland 8.09 1\|2 21st inst.
London\|Stockholm 19.39 21st inst.
London\|New York 5.37 1\|2 21st inst.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.

Gold £6\|7\|7 20th inst.; £6\|7\|0 21st inst.

Silver London Ready 18 3\|8 20th inst.; 18 3\|8 21st inst.

Silver London Forward 18 7\|16 20th inst.; 18 1\|2 21st inst.

Silver New York Ready 44 3\|8 20th inst.; 44 9\|16 21st inst.

London Discounts 3 Mos 1 1\|8 per cent 20th inst.; 1 1\|8 per cent 21st inst.

London Discounts 6 Mos 1 3\|16 per cent 20th inst.; 1 3\|16 per cent 21st inst.

Imperial Bank Rate 3-1/2 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

MONEY:—
Call 1 per cent.
3 Months 1-1/2 per cent.
6 Months 2 per cent.
Tone:—Easy.

SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, Nov. 22.

Castorseeds May Delivery Opening Rs. 26\|10; Highest Rs. 26\|11\|6; Lowest Rs. 26\|9; Closing Rs. 26-10\|6.

Groundnut Seeds February Delivery Opening Rs. 26\|3; Lowest Rs. 26; Closing Rs. 26\|1\|6.

LINSEED OILS.

London, Nov. 21.

Linseed Oil naked London, per cwt. Dec. paid and buyers 18/1-1/2.

Linseed Oil naked London, per cwt. Jan./Apl. sellers 18/7-1/2.

LINSEED.

London, Nov. 21.

Linseed Calcutta, (London) per ton, Nov./Dec. sellers £11-1-3.

Linseed La Plata, c.i.f. Hull, per ton. November sellers £9 8-9.

Linseed Bombay, (London), per ton. Nov./Dec. sellers £11-6-3.

LONDON RUBBER.

London, Nov. 21.

Smoked sheets standard ribbed lb., sellers 4-3/16.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, Nov. 22.

	Bales.
Khandesh	953
Central India	77
Barsi-Nugger	694
Berar	3,123
Central Provinces	316
N.-W. Provinces	105
Rajputana	78
Sind-Punjab	198
Broach	56
Total Cotton	5,600
	Cwts.
Wheat	7,027
Linseed	1,142
Rape, Rai & Mustard seeds	529
Gingellyseed	1,075
Poppyseed	196
Groundnuts	1,950
Castorseed	6
Rice	13,959
Myrabollams	208
Cottonseed	250
Gram	1,317
Joowar	1,538
Maize	16
Bajree	2,657
	Tons.
Coal	117

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Prices React On General Liquidation

FOREIGN FINANCIAL SITUATION UNNERVES BULLS

Bombay, Nov. 22.

The local share Bazar displayed nervous feeling on uncertain outlook of the foreign financial situation. There were unfounded rumours about France and Belgium going off the gold standard. There is no confirmation of the rumour but it is generally believed that it will be impossible for the European Gold Block to remain on the gold standard.

There was some nervousness among recent buyers and were found unloading their speculative purchases. The chief centres of weakness were Tata Steel shares and Hydro Electric group shares. Mill shares ruled quiet. There was some improvement in Century Mill shares on expectation of a fair dividend. Tata Steel Ordinary and Defds. recorded some decline. Both Andhra and Tata Power shares lost some of the recent improvement.

Government Securities also ruled easy on long liquidation owing to steady decline in sterling Indian Securities. As pointed out before the outlook of Securities is decidedly in favour of low prices and it is safe to unload purchases.

Bombay Dyeings were steady at Rs. 761/4 on bull support. Centuries looked up to Rs. 205 and closed at Rs. 201/4. Nagpores eased to 233/12 and Swadeshis fell away to 193/12. Kohinoors came to business at Rs. 125. Big Electric Power Companies' shares failed to hold their own. Tata Powers eased to Rs. 918/12. Andhras came down to Rs. 1330. Bombay Trams were quoted at Rs. 134/1. Indian Cements declined to Rs. 260 whilst Katnis were on offer at Rs. 257/8. The aggressive buyers of Burmas yesterday turned sellers to-day and as a result Burmas sagged to Rs. 346/4. Tata Steel ordys closed at 47/14 whilst deferreds were on offer at Rs. 183/2. Steel 2nd preference closed at Rs. 102.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, Nov. 22.

Bom. Dyeing 763, 62, 61.
Century 198, 205, 3, 201.
Central India 240, 38, 40, 39.
Colaba 73.
Crescent 13-2.
Fazalbhoy 37, 35, 37
Kohinoor 125, 26, 24, 25
New Great 112, 11, 10.
Pearl 13-12.
Simplex 65, 64-6.
Swadeshi 198, 95, 93.
Bundi 24-8, 6.
I. Cement 265, 63, 60.
T. Steel Dfd. 187, 86, 81-14, 83-12.
T. Steel Ord. 48-12, 2, 48, 47-8 14.
B. Steam 248, 47.
B. Burma 352, 45, 46.
Tata Hydro 143, 42, 44-1, 43-7.
Andhra 1335, 27, 30.
Tram Ord. 134-6, 33-12, 34-1.

TEXTILE SECTION

Bombay, Nov. 21.

	Rs.	as.
Ahmedabad Advance	270	0
Currimbhoy	7	0
Dawn	400	0
E. D. Sassoon	0	2
Hindustan	1640	0
Indian Manufacturing	1460	0
Kastoorchand	2	8
Khatau	55	0
Lakshmi	741	4
Morarjee	197	8
Model Nagpore	50	0
Osmanshani Mills	57	8
Sholapur	3050	0
Sassoon Silk	43	12
Swan	50	0
Tata Mills	18	0
Vishnu Mills	1,447	8

CEMENT SECTION.

	Rs.	as.
Gwalior Cement	80	4
Katni Cement Def. N	1,025	0
Okha Cement	132	8
United Cements		0

DEBENTURES.

	Rs.	as.
6 p.c. Andhra Valley Deb.	110	8
6 1/2 p.c. Bombay Tel. Deb	57	12
7 p.c. Sholapur Deb.	97	0
6 p.c. Tata Hydro Deb.	110	12

BANK SECTION

	Rs.	as.
Bank of India	103	0
Baroda Bank	87	8
Bombay Provincial	49	0
Central Bank	23	10
Imperial P. Q.	306	14
Imperial P.P.	1247	8
Union Bank	4	7 6

ELECTRIC SECTION

	Rs.	as.
Ahmedabad Electric	135	0
Broach Electric	9	11
Karachi Electric	191	4
Surat Electric	170	0
Suburban Electric	130	0

MISCELLANEOUS SECTION.

	Rs.	as.
B. Burma Petrol	2	9
Bombay-Burma New	122	8
Indian Radio Ordy.	425	0
Indian Radio Def.	500	0
Indian Mercantile	42	0
McKenzies	50	0
New India Assurance	25	2
Jupiter Assurance	11	10
Oriental Assurance	3300	0
Vulcan Insurance	6	15
Port Canning	602	8
Scindia Steam	9	3
Tata Oils	15	10

RAILWAY SECTION.

	Rs.	as.
Ahmedabad Prantej	772	8
Amritsar Patti Old	113	8
Central Provinces	74	8
Dhond Baramati	82	0
Guzerat	56	8
Hoshiarpur Doab	86	
Larkhana	89	
Mandra Bhon	78	4
Mymensig Rebate	84	0
Mymensing Gtd.	84	0
Pachora Jamner	72	4
Sara Sirajgunj	84	0
Sialkot Narowal	91	0
Sind Light	71	8
Tapty Valley	115	0
Upper Sind Light	95	8

PREFERENCE SHARES.

	Rs.	as.
Andhra Valley Pref.	1202	8
Bombay Steam Pref.	255	0
Bombay Tram Pref.	76	12
Central India Pref.	482	8
Katni 1st Pref.	127	8
Katni 2nd Pref.	136	4
Punjab Cement Pref.	14	0
Tata Hydro Pref.	125	0
Tata I. & S. 1st Pref.	160	0
Tata I. & S. 2nd Pref.	102	0
Tata Power Pref.	1265	0
Vishnu Pref.	635	0

FORWARD LIST.

Andhra Valley	1330	0
Bombay Dyeing	761	14
Colaba	73	12
Century	201	4
Gokak	107	8
Kohinoor	125	0
Sassoon Silk	48	0
Shahabad Cement	261	4
Nagpur	233	12
New Great	110	0
Mysore	90	0
Belapur	180	0
Phoenix	250	0
Simplex	64	6
Swadeshi	193	12
Alcock	161	14
Bom. Steam	247	8
Burma Old	346	4
Tram	134	1
Bundi Cement	24	6
Indian	260	0
Tata Ord.	47	14
Shivrajpur	15	0
Tata Defd.	183	2
Tata Hydro	143	7
Punjab Cement	14	4
Tata Contr.	58	4
Bom. Telephone	77	4
Tata Power	918	12

CURRIMBHOY GROUP MILLS.

Indore Malwa	81	4
Pabani Mills	13	2
Crescent Mills	13	2
Indian Bleaching	123	12

AMERICAN COTTON CROP

11¼ Million Bales Ginned

Bombay, Nov. 22.

One more ginning report showing the quantity ginned upto November 13 was issued on Wednesday. The total amount ginned was 11,251,000 bales against 10,361,000 bales in the previous report and 10,535,000 bales at this time last year. Comparative ginning figures at the corresponding time of the past five seasons were as under:—

Season	Bales.
1933-34	11,251,000
1932-33	10,535,000
1931-32	14,211,000
1930-31	11,962,000
1929-30	11,498,000
1928-29	11,320,000

WORLD'S SPINNERS' TAKINGS

Total takings by World's Spinners of American Cotton upto Nov. 18 are as under:—

	Season from 1st Aug. 1933-34	1932-33	1931-32
Great Britain	440	351	338
U. S. A., Canada, etc.	2,133	1,936	1,994
Continent	1,295	1,158	919
Japan, China, etc.	655	696	732
Total	4,526	4,141	3,983

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REGD. NO. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

JUPITER GENERAL
has branches and agencies in principal towns in India.
J12

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1933

Financial Adviser To Treasury Resigns

Disagreement With Roosevelt's Policy

OPPOSITION TO GOLD PURCHASES ABROAD

Says Present Policy Threatens Complete Breakdown Of Policy Of Govt.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.

Mr. Sprague, Financial Adviser to the Treasury, has resigned. He predicts inflation.

An Executive Committee has been formed by President Roosevelt for the purpose of coordinating the Government's commercial policy with a view to centralising supervision of all Government action affecting the import and export trade.

Mr. Phillips, Under-Secretary of State, has been appointed temporary Chairman of the Committee, which will be consulted on all matters affecting foreign trade, including negotiation of commercial treaties.

Mr. Sprague in his letter to President Roosevelt resigning advisership of the Treasury, says there is no defence from drift into an unrestrained inflation other than an organised opinion to which he proposes to contribute.

He fundamentally disagrees with President Roosevelt's monetary policy. He opposes gold purchases abroad, because he is convinced the policy was ineffective to secure speedy rise in prices. Such a rise must develop the sustained demand for labour materials, and there is nothing to show the depreciation of the dollar has induced such a demand.

BREAKDOWN OF GOVT. CREDIT.

He believes the present policy threatens a complete breakdown of the Government's credit, and says the alternative is to abandon the present policy, or meet the Government's expenditure with additional paper money. Distrust of the currency already manifest will then extend into a frantic desire to hold anything but the currency or securities yielding a fixed income return.

DOLLAR EASES IN NEW YORK.

New York.—On Mr. Sprague's resignation the dollar eased from 5.35 to 5.39, and then 5.42. Wall Street opinion is that the flight from dollar will intensify.—Reuter's Special.

PRESIDENT UNPERTURBED

Accepts Mr. Sprague's Resignation

WARMSPRINGS, Nov. 22.

President Roosevelt has accepted Mr. Sprague's resignation without concern and without comment.

The Secretary said the resignation would not affect the President's monetary programme.

"I think the sun will rise tomorrow next day, and birds will still sing" was Mr. Moegenthau's comment on Mr. Sprague's resignation. The latter is now negotiating to write articles "How I would treat Uncle Sam's Monetary Ilss."—Reuter's Special.

HITLER TO AID OF "SINGLES"

Measures To Tempt Young Hopefuls To Marry Become Effective

LOAN OF 600 MARKS

10,000 Rush in to Wed, of Which 5,000 are Selected, Applications of 847 being Rejected.

BERLIN, Nov. 22.

The Hitler Government's measures to persuade the young people to marry by promising a loan wherewith to buy furniture and household goods have proved effective in Berlin.

Hitherto 10,000 applications made for such loans at the Berlin Registry Offices, of which nearly 5,000 were sanctioned and 847 were rejected and the remainder are still under consideration. Each engaged couple obtains on average of 600 marks.—Reuter's Special.

CHOICE OF ALTERNATIVES

Request To Subscribers Of "Young India" And "Navajivan"

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 20.

Mr. Jivanji D. Desai, Manager, Navajivan Karyalaya, Ahmedabad issues the following statement:

In view of the unlikelihood of the weekly journals, "Young India," "Navajivan," and "Hindi Navajivan" resuming publication in the near future, the subscribers of those journals are informed that the balance of their subscriptions will be refunded to them, if they so desire, and if they reject the choice of the following alternatives offered to them.

(1) To receive the "Harijan," "Harijan Bandhu" or "Harijan Sevak" respectively, in place of "Young India," 'Navajiavn" or 'Hindi Navajivan," for the balance due or,

(2) To receive any of the books published or sold by the Navajivan Publishing House, that may cover the value of the balances due, the choice to be left to each subscriber, or

(3) To donate it to the Harijan fund which is being raised by Mahatmaji, or

(4) To donate it for the Khaddar work to the All-India Spinners' Association.

The subscriptions of those subscribers who fail to make the choice and desire the balance of their subscriptions to be paid back are requested to communicate their wishes not later than 15-1-34. Failing the receipt of such intimation the subscribers will be deemed to have accepted the first alternative and their balance will be transferred to the managements of the "Harijan" Journals answering the subscriptions.—A.P.

LONDON HAS NOISE INSPECTOR

LONDON (By Mail.)

The first noise inspector is now on duty in London. He has just started his duties wearing civilian dress, but carries credentials from the Anti-noise League by whom he has been appointed.

The League has prepared a noise map of London showing where there is excessive traffic noise of different kinds and these spots, together with areas respectng which complaints have been received, will be visited by the inspector.

"We have appointed our first inspector in order to assist in enforcing the law regarding traffic noises", said Lieutenant Colonel Beckles Willson, Hon. Secretary of the League.

"The regulations already in force are adequate to bring about a very great reduction in the volume of unnecessary street noises.

"It is our intention to tackle the problem by assisting the police to use the power already existing and to institute proceedings in suitable cases".—Reuter.

RIOT IN PENITENTIARY

500 Police, Fire Brigades And Machine-Guns Needed To Quell It

WEAVING SHOP RUSHED

Recalcitrants Herded in Corner And Backed into Cells with Machine-gun Bullets.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 22.

Five hundred police, fire-brigades, machine-guns were needed to quell a riot in and Eastern State Penitentiary.

Seventy-five out of the 1,300 prisoners were being exercised in the prisonyard when they rushed to the weaving shop, set fire to it, smashed up the machinery and others set fire to mattresses in the cells.

Police herded the recalcitrants in a corner, and with machine-gun bullets backed them into cells.—Reuter's Special.

TRIBUTE TO HOARE BY "TIMES"

"Important Stage In Work Of Committee"

LONDON, Nov. 22.

The reappointment of the Select Committee coincides with the completion of an important stage in the Committee's work, declares "The Times".

The method of consultation has encouraged the growth of personal friendships between British members of the House of Commons and representative Indians, and they have separated with mutual respect of the understanding, of each other's outlook, which is bearing fruit in this country still more than in India.

All the evidence suggests the White Paper has stood the strain remarkably well. If the opponents had shown more constructive purpose in such a thorny field as representation of the Indian States in the Central Legislature, they might have really made a valuable contribution to its solution.

TRIBUTE TO HOARE.

Similarly the criticisms of transfer of control, judiciary, and police deviated altogether from the Simon Commission Report and were almost always unconstructive. The main conclusion is that the White Paper still holds field. That it emerged from a long enquiry so well is largely due to Sir S. Hoare whose defence of the draft scheme had given Indians the conviction of sincerity and firmness of the Government's attitude and fuller understanding grounds of insistence on effective safeguards.—Reuter's Special.

WILLINGDON'S STATESMANSHIP!

Responsible For Select Committee's "Achievement", Says Ghuznavi

LONDON, Nov. 21.

Mr. A. H. Ghuznavi left for India to-day.

Interviewed before his departure he expressed the opinion that the work of the Select Committee had proved of immense value in replacing suspicion by confidence and hope.

He said the success achieved would not have been possible but for Lord Willingdon's statesmanship in maintaining calm atmosphere in India which is essential for the smooth working of discussions in London.—Reuter.

CHURCHILL V. REASON!

Sir Herbert Samuel alluding to the King's speech with reference to India said the liberals would urge Government to proceed along the path they have been following without paying over much heed to Mr. Churchill and his friends who in this matter had strayed from the path of reason —Reuter.

"MAC'S" CONDEMNATION

Defends Genuineness Of British Policy Towards Disarmament

EXAGGERATION

Denial of Allegations of Britain Supplying One-Third of Total Of Export Trade in Armaments.

LONDON, Nov. 22.

In the course of the debate in the Commons on the address in reply to the speech from the Throne, Mr. MacDonald condemned the unbalanced attack on British disarmament genuineness, by emphasising the activities of provate armament firms of Britain.

He described as exaggeration the grossest character of the statement that Britain supplied the third of the total of export trade in armaments. Armament firms were doing well, but their business was mostly unconnected with armaments. There were no foreign orders for armaments in the whole Sheffield at the present time.

Mr. MacDonald showed exports of nickel in the past ten months had increased 100 per cent. not 700 per cent, and were made mainly to Germany, France and Russia.

The first two were making nickel coinage. They were unaware how Russia was using nickel. Altogether the firms were mostly producing civil steel engineering products.—Reuter's Special.

LABOUR M. P. CREATES SCENE

LONDON, Nov. 21

There was a scene in the House of Lords after the King had delivered his speech.

Left Wing Labour Member McGovern, who has been suspended from the House of Commons on several occasions for defying Speaker, shouted "What about the means test and unemployment cut? It is shame while people are starving", referring to the splendour of the scene.

No notice was taken of the interruption, the King and Queen leaving the House in accordance with the programme.—Reuter

LORDS ADOPT ADDRESS

Hailsham Defends Govt. Disarmament Policy

LONDON, Nov. 21.

The House of Lords unanimously adopted the address in reply to the Speech from the Throne.

Lord Hailsham spoke at length defending the Government's disarmament efforts, attaching very great importance to the maintenance of the League of Nations. He said Government would do its utmost to carry out negotiations within its framework. He indicated that trade negotiations with Soviet would soon satisfactorily conc'ude —Reuter.

SANCTITY OF SAFEGUARDS!

LONDON, Nov. 21

The Premier speaking in the House of Commons on the Address in reply to the Speech from the Through announced that the debate would be interrupted tomorrow for the purpose of reappointing the Select Committee. He said Government stood by the White Paper with all safeguards. He hoped the Select Committee would proceed with its work as quickly as possible and thanked the Select Committee for the work done. He hoped the results would do justice to the expectations aroused in India and to the problem which political evolution presented to Britain.—Reuter.

AMENDMENTS TO ADDRESS

Unfair Textile Competition

LONDON, Nov. 22.

Several Lancashire members have put down an amendment to the Address regretting absence of adequate proposals to deal with unfair textile competition.—Reuter's Special.

Currimbhoy's Book Of Accounts

MAGISTRATE ORDERS FIRM TO PERMIT INSPECTION

Cotton Merchant Charges Directors With Cheating

The Chief Presidency Magistrate of Bombay passed orders on Wednesday directing the firm of Messrs. Currimbhoy Ebrahim and Sons Ltd., Managing Agents of the Indore-Malwa United Mills to give inspection of all books relevent to the complaint filed against the firm by a shareholder.

The complainant Ramkumar Srinivas, a cotton and linseed merchant, charged the directors of the firm Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, Mr. Habib Currimbhoy, Sir Currimbhoy Ibrahim, Mr. Ebrahim G. Currimbhoy and Mr. Ismail Currimbhoy with alleged criminal conspiracy, cheating, criminal breach of Trust and criminal misappropriation.

NOTICE ISSUED.

The complaint was filed on November 16 and the Magistrate issued summons. A notice was also issued on the firm to show cause why they should not produce the books of accounts relating to the complaint.

The notice came up for hearing on Wednesday. Mr. Frank Oliveira, appeared for the complainant. Mr. D. V. Mehta, Solicitor, appeared for the Indore-Malwa Mills and Mr. Blair of Messrs. Crawford Bailey and Co. for the Liquidators of Messrs. Currimbhoy Ibrahim and Sons, Ltd.

Mr. Frank Oliveira stated that the court was pleased to issue notice on the firm to show cause why they should not produce their books.

PREPARED TO SUMBIT TO ORDERS.

Mr. Blair on behalf of the Liquidators of the firm said that he was prepared to submit to the orders of the court. He informed the court that the firm of Currimbhoy Ebrahim and Sons had been taken into voluntary liquidation and the liquidators were going through the books of accounts at the moment.

The Magistrate remarked that he did not wish the books to be produced but that the inspection of the same should be given to the complainant.

REASONABLE INSPECTION.

Mr. Blair stated that he was prepared to give a reasonable inspection but the complainant should specifically state what particular books he wanted. His contention was that it should not be a "fishing or roving" inspection.

WANT AGENCY AGREEMENT.

Mr. Oliviera said that he did not wish to cause inconvenience to the other side and would ask for inspection of books pertaining to the charges. He also informed the court that the complainant wanted the agency agreement between Currimbhoy Ebrahim and Sons and the Indore Malva Mills.

Mr. Mehta said that the agreement would be produced if the court held it relevent.

The Magistrate asked the firm to give reasonable facilities to the complainant.

Mr. Mehta: The complainant wants the bank pass book of the company. The company kept accounts with 7 or 8 banks. Does the complainant want to pry into all the transactions.

Mr. Oliviera: We want to pry into the accounts of the agency firm.

ORDERS PASSED.

The Magistrate observed that the complainant had the report of the auditors before him and knew the relevent documents. He therefore passed orders on the firm to give inspection of all relevent documents to the complainant.

COMPLAINANT'S ALLEGATIONS

The case arose but of the Currimbhoy Mill crisis. The complainant in his information alleged that the accused who formed the firm of Messrs. Currimbhoy Ebahim and Sons Agents for the Indore Malva United Mills had utilised the funds of the mill company for their own private purposes while the balance sheets showed certain amnouts as being due to the agency firm, as a matter of fact he alleged the firm had remained indebted to the mill company to the time of over 44 lakhs between the years 1929 and 1933.

The summonses issued on the complainant is made returnable on December 20.

LEAGUE REVISION

Mussolini To Discuss Matter To-day, Stressing Italy's Views

ROME, Nov. 22.

A radical revision of the League of Nations may be discussed by Sgr. Mussolini and M. Avenol to-morrow. The main objections in the Italian eyes are domination of France and Britain, rigid complicated procedure which results in endless talks in committees and the disproportionate weight of influence given to smaller countries. —Reuter's Special.

TORY RETAINS SEAT

Rusholme Bye-election Result

The Rusholme bye-election caused by the appointment of Sir Boyd Merriman, K.C., to the presidency of the Probate, Divorce and Admiralty Division, has resulted as follows:—

Radford (Conservative), 13,904 votes.

Woods (Labour) 11,005.

McDougall (Independent Liberal) 2,503.—Reuter.

In the last general election, Sir Boyd Merriman, K.C., had won the seat in the Rusholme bye-elections, as a Conservative candidate over this rivals, a Labourite and a Liberal, with a majority of 18,498 votes.)

MAHATMA REACHES NAGPUR

Will Open Raipur Exhibition To-day

(From Our Correspondent).

NAGPUR, Nov. 22.

After completing his Berar tour Gandhiji started for Mahakoshal (Hindi C.P.).

This morning he arrived here by the Calcutta Mail 'en route' to Drug. In the evening he proceeds to Raipur, where he will stay for a couple of days. To-morrow in the evening Gandhiji will open the All-India Swadeshi Exhibition at Raipur.

At the Nagpur Railway Station he was greeted by a large crowd.

NUCLEUS FOR PATEL MEMORIAL FUND

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Nov. 21.

An interesting suggestion was discussed by some members in the Assembly lobbies to-day with regard to the Patel Memorial.

One member said that yesterday's meeting which was adjourned put into the pocket of each member Rs. 20 a day over and above what they would have got, if there had been no adjournment. The total amount thus pocketted by members is Rs. 2,000.

It is said this sum should be contributed by members to form the nucleus of the fund for the purpose of the Patel Memorial.

The Rangoon Airmail arrived at Rangoon 7/55 a.m. to-day. The outward Airmail left at 9/10 a.m. with three passengers.—A.P.

FIVE YEARS' PLAN FOR U. P.

Council's Suggestion To Government

LUCKNOW, Nov. 22.

"This Council recommends to the Government to set up a Committee in the United Provinces to draw a five years' plan of economic development for the Provinces with instruction to report also on financial measures necessary to give effect to their recommendation," is one of the resolutions to be tabled at the ensuring session of the U. P. Legislative Council, which were ballotted yesterday and admitted by Sir Sitaram, President of the Council.

This resolution stands in the name of Mr. C. Y. Chintamani,—A. P.

MAHARANI OF SIRMUR

LONDON, Nov. 22.

The Queen received the Maharani of Sirmur.—Reuter's Special.

JAPAN NOT CONCERNED

Fukien Province Declared Independent By "Malcontents"

SHANGHAI, Nov 21

The Malcontents headed by an Army (commanded by General Tsaitingkai) which defended Shanghai against Japanese in 1932 have declared independence for Fukien Province, disarmed two battalions of marines at Amoy and seized telegraph and radio offices at Foochow.

The Japanese Foreign Office has cabled the Japanese Consul-General at Foochow stating that Japan has no intention of interfering unless Japanese lives and property are threatened.—Reuter.

TRANS-ATLANTIC FLIGHT

LISBON, Nov. 21

Carrying 350 gallons petrol Col. Lindbergh and his wife took off this morning for Azores on the first lap of the Trans-Atlantic flight.—Reuter.

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